### Advancements in the Design of Online Establishment Surveys and Usability Considerations

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Temika Holland

U.S. Census Bureau

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### **An Overview**

#### Establishment surveys (i.e., Business surveys, Economic surveys, Organizational surveys):

- Attitudinal data (e.g., attitudes towards economic policy)
- Monitoring data (e.g., investments)
- Factual data (e.g., date that business began)



### Factual/Complex Data

#### Often requires the use of records

- Expenditures
- Products/Services
- Revenue
- Payroll

#### Mismatch

Subjective



# **Objectives**

- Leverage on how establishments maintain their records
- Improve efficiency
- Lessen cognitive burden
- Enhance user experience

Improved Data Quality!



# **Machine learning**

#### What is machine learning?

Machine learning is a branch of artificial intelligence focused on building applications that learn from data and improve their accuracy over time without being programmed to do so.

- Algorithms are 'trained' to find patterns and features in massive amounts of data in order to make decisions and predictions based on new data.
- The better the algorithm, the more accurate the decisions and predictions

Source: What is Machine Learning? | IBM

#### Examples:

- Email Spam blockers
- Facial Recognition in social applications
- Self-driving cars



### Usability

Usability is defined as "the extent to which a product can be used by specified users to achieve specified goals, with effectiveness, efficiency, and satisfaction in a specified context of use" (International Organization for Standardization, 1993c)





### **Machine Learning and Usability**

How may the incorporation of advanced features like machine learning impact usability/user experience?





### An Example: Usability Evaluation 2022 Economic Census





### **Economic Census**

The Economic Census is a mandatory survey conducted by the Census Bureau every five years. The survey collects data electronically from nearly 4 million businesses (including large, medium and small companies representing all U.S. locations and industries) on a range of operational and performance questions. Data from the survey are used as the official five-year measure of American business and the economy.

Source: https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/economic-census.html



### **Economic Census Survey**

#### North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)

Principal Business or Activity (PBA)

Historically, the Census Bureau has assigned an establishment's NAICS code before deploying the corresponding Economic Census form

• Misalignment of the NAICS could lead to survey questions that are not applicable to the respondent



# Machine Learning and the Economic Census

Utilize a "Search" functionality with <u>machine learning</u> that enables determination of the "correct" questionnaire path, in real time (i.e., "dynamically"), based on respondents' self-identification of their Principal Business or Activity (PBA)

Business Establishment Automated Classification of NAICS (BEACON)

• BEACON presents the NAICS codes/descriptions

#### Results are based on relevance scores, ranging from 0 to 100

Scores are not presented to respondents



#### PRINCIPAL BUSINESS OR ACTIVITY: SEARCH AND SELECT

Please select the principal business or activity that best describes your establishment from the results below. You can also try a new search.

New Search

Manufacturing	~	phones
mananataring		hi on any

### Pre-listed PBAs are presente

#### Results are presented based on relevancy scores

Select	Description		Code
0	Telephone Apparatus Manufacturing		334210
0	Electronics Stores		443142
0	Other Electronic Parts and Equipment Merchant Wholesalers		423690
0	Communication Equipment Repair and Maintenance		811213
0	All Other Personal Services		812990
0	Wired Telecommunications Carriers	If not applicable/pro	e-listed,
0	Telecommunications Resellers	respondents are a	ble to
0	Other Miscellaneous Nondurable Goods Merchant Wholesalers	enter a PBA descri	ption-
0	Telephone Answering Services	machine learni	nσ
0	Advertising Material Distribution Services		118
0	Directory and Mailing List Publishers	tunctionality	311140
O None of the Above	Real Francisco -		
	Back Save And Continue		

### **Usability Highlights**

• Initially unaware of the search functionality embedded in the Other response write-in field

"Oh, so we were searching, but the words didn't seem like it..."

- Respondents appear to understand how the feature worked
- There was little motivation to generate a new search when results were not applicable
- Alternative searches warranted e.g., by known NAICS code
- Similarly, some wanted to bypass the feature altogether and rely on past information





### An Example: Debriefing Evaluation 2018 Annual Capital Expenditures Survey (ACES)





### Annual Capital Expenditures Survey (ACES)

The ACES is a mandatory annual collection that gathers data on business investment for new and used structures and equipment. It is a sample survey of approximately 70,000 companies.

These data are critical to evaluate productivity growth, the ability of U.S. business to compete with foreign business, changes in industrial capacity, and measures of overall economic performance.

Source: https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/aces/about.html



## Machine Learning and ACES

#### "Other" specify item allows respondents to enter expenditures that are not pre-listed.

In the past, these expenditures were manually reviewed by subject matter analysts and reclassified as spending for structures or equipment or not applicable. For the 2016 survey cycle, the presence of a value in "Other" accounted for 30 percent of total edit failures.

#### In 2017, ACES incorporated a machine learning component which automatically codes the writeins for reclassification based on a series of keywords.

Survey respondents are prompted (via a warning message) to re-classify an item for a given expenditure if the prediction for the write-in is either "Structures" or "Equipment" and the probability associated with that prediction is 80 percent or higher.



Item 3 Other Capital Expenditures 💡

3a. Other NEW Capital Expenditures

List the item(s) included in 'Other' NEW capital expenditures in Column 3, Row 1 of Item 2. THE GRAND TOTAL IN ROW 4 SHOULD EQUAL \$50,000. If you are including more than one item, list the capital expenditures for each item separately in Rows 1-3 below, if possible.

#### Important

Report furniture, fixtures, computers, capitalized computer software, motor vehicles, and planes as EQUIPMENT.

#### Respondents are asked to report

Respondents itemize expenditures from the Other category



### Demo: ACES Machine Learning Functionality

#### Item 3 Other Capital Expenditures

#### **3a. Other NEW Capital Expenditures**

List the item(s) included in 'Other' NEW capital expenditures in Column 3, Row 1 of Item 2. THE GRAND TOTAL IN ROW 4 SHOULD EQUAL \$50,000.

If  $\gamma$ ou are including more than one item, list the capital expenditures for each item separately in Rows 1-3 below, if possible.

#### Important

- Report furniture, fixtures, computers, capitalized computer software, motor vehicles, and planes as EQUIPMENT.
- · Report leasehold improvements as NEW STRUCTURES or NEW EQUIPMENT based on what is being improved.

Item	Description of NEW Capital Expenditures	Value (NEW)	
1.	\$	,000	
2.	\$	,000	
з.	] \$	,000	
4.	TOTAL (Add Rows 1+2+3) \$	0,000	

#### 3b. Other USED Capital Expenditures

List the item(s) included in 'Other' USED capital expenditures in Column 3, Row 2 of Item 2. THE GRAND TOTAL IN ROW 4 SHOULD EQUAL \$0. If you are including more than one item, list the capital expenditures for each item separately in Rows 1-3 below, if possible.

#### Important

· Report furniture, fixtures, computers, capitalized computer software, motor vehicles, and planes as EQUIPMENT.

 Item
 Description of USED Capital Expenditures
 Value (USED)

 1.
 \$
 ,000

 2.
 \$
 ,000

 3.
 \$
 ,000

 4.
 TOTAL (Add Rows 1+2+3)
 \$



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: >

Previous Next

# **Debriefing Highlights**

- Unclear how to report line items
   Separate lines?
   Separated by comma?
- Respondents appear to understand how the feature worked
- Error messaging lacked detail that would have been helpful in understanding the recategorization of expenditures
- Resolving errors is a multi-step process and respondents may be less likely to make all the needed corrections
- Machine learning functionality is unlikely to aid in recall for future classification of expenditures
- Respondents assume that Other expenditures not prompted by the machine learning functionality were valid
- Respondents prefer a confirmation versus auto re-classification of Other expenditures

"the system can be wrong at times so I would still want to review the reclassification to make sure that it's correct"

"Depends what the ramifications are for reporting incorrectly. But OK with saying yes or no, but I know I sign my name to the report future your future



START HERE >

# **Benefits: Machine Learning**



### Machine Learning in Survey Research

#### Primary benefits:

Reduction in staff workload

• Data processing

Customization of survey

Informs the respondent about criteria



## **Considerations for Usability**





### **Usability Considerations**

- Visibility/prominence of functionality
- Guidance on acceptable write-in responses

Field size Examples, other descriptors

### Respondent needs/wants in search features

Keywords, descriptors Search by known information (e.g., NAICS code)

### Non-applicable search results

Generating a new search- motivation Carryover of write-in responses

### Delivering/presenting results

Error message Order

Conveying additional information (e.g., scoring)

### Reconciling information

Additional effort



### **Looking Forward**

Auto-classification/categorization

Criteria/threshold

Respondent confirmation/verification

Could this lead to increased burden on the response process?



# Thank you!

Temika.holland@census.gov



