### Comparing Administrative Records and 2010 Census Persons

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### **Overview of Presentation Topics**

- Motivation for Research
- Data and Methodology
- Major Findings
- Conclusions and Next Steps



### Motivation

- To reduce costs, many countries use administrative records (AR) to assist and replace traditional censuses
- AR are currently used in many Census programs
- Understand AR coverage of the 2010 Census person population



# Background: 2010 Census Match Study

- Compare 2010 Census and AR counts and matches:
  - Persons
  - Addresses
  - Persons at addresses
- Assess quality and coverage of AR demographic response data relative to the 2010 Census



### Data

- Medicare Enrollment Database
- Three files from Housing and Urban Development (HUD)
- Indian Health Service Patient Registration File
- Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Individual Income Returns 1040 and IRS Information Returns 1099/W2
- Selective Service System Registration File
- Supplemental Security Income Record
- Temporary Assistance for Needy Families
- Commercial data (5 vendors, 9 datasets)
- 2010 Census Data



### Methodology

- Record Linkage Unique identifiers called Protected Identification Keys (PIKs) were used to link persons in AR and the 2010 Census
  - Assigned using information such as SSN, name, date of birth, address
  - Facilitate unduplication and linkage of records
- Person Match Ratio calculated as:

(AR and 2010 Census Match/2010 Census Count)\*100



### Person Differences in 2010 Census and AR Data

#### 2010 Census

Includes duplicates

Includes household imputations

Includes records reconciled through processing

Includes records with missing or bad name and date of birth (DOB) data

Includes proxy responses

**AR Data** 

Includes only records with validated identifiers

Lag for small children (tax code effect)



### **Person Results**

2010 Census Count	2010 Census PIKs	AR Count	AR and 2010 Census Match	Match Ratio
308,745,538	279,179,329	312,214,325	273,643,411	88.6



## Percentage of 2010 Census Persons with PIKs and 2010 Census-AR Match Ratios: Hispanic Origin



Sources: 2010 Census and 2010 Census Match Study Administrative Records

#### Percentage of 2010 Census Persons with PIKs and 2010 Census-AR Match Ratios: Race



Sources: 2010 Census and 2010 Census Match Study Administrative Records

#### Percentage of 2010 Census Persons with PIKs and 2010 Census-AR Match Ratios: Age



Sources: 2010 Census and 2010 Census Match Study Administrative Records

### **Research Question**

- What are the person, household, and contextual characteristics of people who:
  - match to AR
  - are in 2010 Census only with a PIK
  - are in 2010 Census only without a PIK



### Methodology

- Multinomial logistic regression
  - Dependent variable has 3 categories
    - Matched response (Reference)
    - 2010 Census only with a PIK
    - 2010 Census only without a PIK
  - Separate regressions for Nonresponse
    Followup and other modes of response
  - Include county-level measures from 2006-2010 American Community Survey data



#### Distribution of Dependent Variable, Census-AR Linked Data



Source: 2010 Census and Administrative Records



#### Select Multinomial Logistic Regression Results, Odds Ratios: Race and Ethnicity

	NRFU Model		Non-NRFU Model	
	Census-only, with PIK	Census only, without PIK	Census-only, with PIK	Census-only, without PIK
	(Census-AR Match Omitted)		(Census-AR Match Omitted)	
Ethnicity in Census (Not Hispanic omitted)				
Hispanic	1.391 ***	2.761***	1.359***	4.173***
Race in Census (Non-Hispanic White alone omitted)				
Non-Hispanic Black alone				
Non-Hispanic AIAN alone				
Non-Hispanic Asian alone				
Non-Hispanic NHPI alone				
Non-Hispanic SOR alone				
Non-Hispanic Two or More Races				
Gender – Male				

Regressions also include variables for proxy response, region, type of enumeration area, and other county-level measures NRFU Model n: 60,397,468 Non-NRFU Model n: 234,179,674 \*\*\*p<.001 Source: 2010 Census and Administrative Records

#### Select Multinomial Logistic Regression Results, Odds Ratios: Age

	NRFU Model		Non-NRFU Model	
	Census-only, with PIK	Census only, without PIK	Census-only, with PIK	Census-only, without PIK
	(Census-AR Match Omitted)		(Census-AR Match Omitted)	
Age (25 to 44 omitted)				
Age Category: 0 to 1 Years	17.875***		23.990***	
Age Category: 2 to 4 Years Age Category: 5 to 17 Years Age Category: 18 to 24 Years Age Category: 45 to 64 Years Age Category: 65 or More Years	5.720*** 6.225*** 2.044*** 0.561*** 0.600***		6.986*** 5.873*** 1.945*** 0.540*** 0.722***	

Regressions also include variables for proxy response, region, type of enumeration area, and other county-level measures NRFU Model n: 60,397,468 Non-NRFU Model n: 234,179,674 \*\*\*p<.001 Source: 2010 Census and Administrative Records

#### Select Multinomial Logistic Regression Results, Odds Ratios: Household and County Characteristics

	NRFU Model		Non-NRFU Model	
	Census-only, with PIK	Census only, without PIK	Census-only, with PIK	Census-only, without PIK
	(Census-AR Match Omitted)		(Census-AR Match Omitted)	
Household Characteristics				
Single Father Household (Married omitted)	1.110***	1.196***	1.259***	1.595***
Single Mother Household (Married omitted)	0.868***	0.698***	0.964***	0.875***
Household size more than four persons (One- person household omitted)				
Household Tenure: Rental Property (Owned omitted)				
Rural Address				
County Characteristics				
Logged Median Household Income in County				

Regressions also include variables for proxy response, region, type of enumeration area, and other county-level measures NRFU Model n: 60,397,468 Non-NRFU Model n: 234,179,674 \*\*\*p<.001 Source: 2010 Census and Administrative Records

### **Conclusions and Next Steps**

- Acquire additional federal, state, and commercial data to improve person coverage and fill gaps particularly for groups such as children and Hispanics and persons in rental properties
- Pursue use of AR in NRFU operations to reduce costs
- Record linkage research on data that do not have adequate name and date of birth data



### Thank you!

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