MONTHLY ADVANCE ECONOMIC INDICATORS REPORT, APRIL 2024

Release Number: CB24-86

May 30, 2024 — The U.S. Census Bureau announced the following international trade, wholesale inventories, and retail inventories advance statistics for April 2024:

	ADVANCE	ADVANCE	ADVANCE				
	INTERNATIONAL	WHOLESALE	RETAIL				
	TRADE: GOODS DEFICIT	INVENTORIES	INVENTORIES				
APRIL 2024	\$99.4 Billion +7.7%°	\$896.3 Billion +0.2% [*]	\$790.9 Billion +0.7%				
MARCH 2024	\$92.3 Billion	\$894.8 Billion (R)	\$785.7 Billion (R)				
Next release: June 27, 2024. * The 90 percent confidence interval includes zero. There is insufficient evidence to conclude that the actual change is different from zero. ° Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable. Data adjusted for seasonality but not price changes. Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Advance Economic Indicators Report, May 30, 2024.							

Advance International Trade in Goods

The international trade deficit was \$99.4 billion in April, up \$7.1 billion from \$92.3 billion in March. Exports of goods for April were \$169.9 billion, \$0.9 billion more than March exports. Imports of goods for April were \$269.3 billion, \$8.0 billion more than March imports.

Advance Wholesale Inventories

Wholesale inventories for April, adjusted for seasonal variations and trading day differences, but not for price changes, were estimated at an end-of-month level of \$896.3 billion, up 0.2 percent (±0.4 percent)* from March 2024, and were down 1.6 percent (±0.7 percent) from April 2023. The February 2024 to March 2024 percentage change was unrevised from the preliminary estimate of down 0.4 percent (±0.2 percent).

Advance Retail Inventories

Retail inventories for April, adjusted for seasonal variations and trading day differences, but not for price changes, were estimated at an end-of-month level of \$790.9 billion, up 0.7 percent (\pm 0.2 percent) from March 2024, and were up 4.8 percent (\pm 0.7 percent) from April 2023. The February 2024 to March 2024 percentage change was revised from up 0.2 percent (\pm 0.2 percent)* to up 0.1 percent (\pm 0.2 percent)*.

The May 2024 Advance report is scheduled for release on June 27, 2024. View the full schedule in the Economic Briefing Room: <<u>www.census.gov/economic-indicators/</u>>. The full text and tables of this release can be found at <<u>www.census.gov/econ/indicators/</u>>.

Data Inquiries

International Trade Indicator Branch: 301-763-2311 eid.international.trade.data@census.gov Retail Indicator Branch: 301-763-2713 eid.retail.indicator.branch@census.gov Wholesale Indicator Branch: 301-763-6856 eid.wholesale.indicator.branch@census.gov Media Inquiries Public Information Office 301-763-3030 pio@census.gov



GENERAL INFORMATION

The Advance Economic Indicator Reports (AEIR) for June 2024 and September 2024 will be released a day earlier than previously announced in order to provide key data earlier to data users. The updated release dates are as follows:

June 2024: July 24, 2024

September 2024: October 29, 2024

For all of our 2024 release dates please see our < <u>Economic Indicator Release Schedule</u>>.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

International Trade in Goods

Goods (Census Basis)

Data for goods on a Census basis are compiled from the documents collected by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection and reflect the movement of goods between foreign countries and the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and U.S. Foreign Trade Zones. They include government and non-government shipments of goods and exclude shipments between the United States and its territories and possessions; transactions with U.S. military, diplomatic, and consular installations abroad; U.S. goods returned to the United States by its Armed Forces; personal and household effects of travelers; and in-transit shipments. Data for U.S. exports to Canada are derived from import data compiled by Canada. For more information on the data exchange and substitution please refer to the FT-900. The General Imports value reflects the total arrival of merchandise from foreign countries that immediately enters consumption channels, warehouses, or Foreign Trade Zones.

For imports, the value reported is the U.S. Customs and Border Protection appraised value of merchandise generally, the price paid for merchandise for export to the United States. Import duties, freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in bringing merchandise to the United States are excluded.

Exports are valued at the free alongside ship value of merchandise at the U.S. port of export, based on the transaction price including inland freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in placing the merchandise alongside the carrier at the U.S. port of exportation.

Additional information on coverage and valuation are available in the Guide to Foreign Trade Statistics, <<u>www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#coverage</u>> and <<u>www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#coverage> and <<u>wwww.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#coverage> and <<u>wwww.census.gov/fo</u></u></u>

Nonsampling Errors

Goods data are a complete enumeration of documents collected by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection and are not subject to sampling errors. This report presents current month statistics which reflect nearly complete coverage. Current month statistics reflecting complete coverage will be published in the upcoming U.S. International Trade in

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Goods and Services report (FT-900). Statistics for other months shown reflect complete coverage and appear in the most recently published FT-900. Quality assurance procedures are performed at every stage of collection, processing, and tabulation. However, the data are still subject to several types of nonsampling errors. Information on nonsampling errors and other quality issues are available in the Guide to Foreign Trade Statistics, <<u>www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html</u>>.

The U.S. Census Bureau recommends that data users incorporate this information into their analyses, as nonsampling errors could impact the conclusion drawn from the results. For a detailed discussion of errors affecting the goods data, see U.S. Merchandise Trade Statistics: A Quality Profile (October 2014), available at <<u>www.census.gov/foreign-trade/aip/quality_profile10032014.pdf</u>> or from the Economic Indicators Division, U.S. Census Bureau.

Adjustments for Seasonal and Trading-Day Variations

Goods data are presented on a seasonally adjusted and not seasonally adjusted basis. Seasonally adjusted (and/or trading day adjusted data) are produced using X-13ARIMA-SEATS software to develop monthly adjustment factors. Goods data are initially classified under the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (Harmonized System), which is an internationally accepted standard for the commodity classification of traded goods. Combining trade into approximately 140 export and 140 import end-use categories makes it possible to examine goods according to their principal uses. These categories are used as the basis for computing the seasonal and trading-day adjusted data. These adjusted data are then summed to the six end-use aggregates for publication. For more information, visit the seasonal adjustment section of the Guide to Foreign Trade here: <<u>www.census.gov/foreign-trade/guide/sec2.html#seasonal</u>>.

Retail and Wholesale Inventories

National estimates of end-of-month inventories are based on data from the Monthly Retail Trade Survey and the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey. Additional information for each survey can be found at <<u>www.census.gov/retail</u>> and <<u>www.census.gov/wholesale</u>>. The advance estimates contained in this report are not incorporated into the full MRTS and MWTS time series.

The MRTS and MWTS samples selected to measure inventories consist of a stratified simple random sampling method of approximately 11,000 retail firms and 4,200 wholesale firms located in the United States. The retail and wholesale samples include firms of all sizes and are updated on a quarterly basis to account for new retail and wholesale firms, deaths, and other changes to the universe.

Data for nonresponding firms are imputed based on data for similar-sized firms classified in the same kind of business. For surveyed Retail companies, approximately 42.6 percent provided data for this reporting period resulting in a total quantity response rate of 57.6 percent. For surveyed Wholesale companies, approximately 54.2 percent provided data for this reporting period resulting in a total quantity response rate of 57.6 percent.

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MRTS estimates cover companies with one or more establishments that sell merchandise and related services to final consumers. Nonemployers are represented in the retail estimates through benchmarking to prior annual survey estimates that include nonemployer sales based on administrative records. The Census Bureau has reviewed this data product to ensure appropriate access, use, and disclosure avoidance protection of the confidential source data (Project No. P-7504206, Disclosure Review Board (DRB) approval number: CBDRB-FY24-0003).

MWTS estimates cover wholesale merchants who sell goods on their own account and include such businesses as wholesale merchants or jobbers, industrial distributors, exporters, and importers. Sales offices and branches maintained by manufacturing, refining, or mining firms for the purpose of marketing their products are not covered in this report. Also excluded is NAICS Industry Group 4251: Wholesale Electronic Markets and Agents and Brokers. The Census Bureau has reviewed this data product to ensure appropriate access, use, and disclosure avoidance protection of the confidential source data (Project No. 7503922, Disclosure Review Board (DRB) approval number: CBDRB-FY24-0002).

Reliability of Estimates

Because the retail and wholesale estimates are based on a sample survey, they contain sampling error and nonsampling error.

Sampling error is the difference between the estimate and the result that would be obtained from a complete enumeration of the sampling frame conducted under the same survey conditions. This error occurs because only a subset of the entire sampling frame is measured in a sample survey. Standard errors and coefficients of variation are estimated measures of sampling variation.

The margin of sampling error gives a range about the estimate which is a 90 percent confidence interval. If, for example, the percentage change estimate is +1.2 percent and its estimated standard error is 0.9 percent, then the margin of sampling error is $\pm 1.753 \times 0.9$ percent or ± 1.6 percent, and the 90 percent confidence interval is -0.4 percent to +2.8 percent. If the interval contains 0, then one does not have sufficient evidence to conclude at the 90 percent confidence level that the change is different from zero and therefore the change is not statistically significant. Estimated changes are statistically significant unless otherwise noted. For a monthly total, the estimated coefficient of variation is given. The resulting confidence interval is the estimated value $\pm 1.753 \times CV \times$ (the estimated monthly total).

Nonsampling error encompasses all other factors that contribute to the total error of a sample survey estimate. This type of error can occur because of nonresponse, insufficient coverage of the universe of businesses, mistakes in the recording and coding of data, and other errors of collection, response, coverage, or processing. Although nonsampling error is not measured directly, the Census Bureau employs quality control procedures throughout the process to minimize this type of error.

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The U.S. Census Bureau recommends that individuals using retail and wholesale estimates incorporate this information into their analyses, as sampling error and nonsampling error could affect the conclusions drawn from the estimates.

Adjustments for Seasonal Variations

Concurrent seasonal adjustment is used to adjust the retail and wholesale inventories estimates for seasonal variations. Concurrent seasonal adjustment uses all available unadjusted estimates as input to the X-13ARIMA-SEATS program. The factors derived from the program are applied to the retail and wholesale estimates of current and previous month inventories and for inventories estimates a year ago as well.

Statement Regarding Natural Disasters: For information on the impact of natural disasters, including hurricanes, on the compilation of this report, please see <<u>Wholesale Natural Disaster FAQs</u>> and <<u>Retail Natural Disaster FAQs</u>>.

Data Availability

The Advance Economic Indicators Report is available at <<u>www.census.gov/econ/indicators/index.html</u>>. For archived versions of the Advance Economic Indicators Report please visit the Historical Data tab at the following: <<u>www.census.gov/econ/indicators/historical_data.html</u>>.

RESOURCES

API

The Census Bureau's application programming interface lets developers create custom apps to reach new users and makes key demographic, socio-economic and housing statistics more accessible than ever before. <<u>www.census.gov/developers</u>>

FRED Mobile App



Receive the latest updates on the nation's key economic indicators by downloading the FRED App <<u>fred.stlouisfed.org/fred-mobile</u>> for both Apple and Android devices. FRED, the signature database of the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, now incorporates the Census Bureau's 13 economic indicators.

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* The 90 percent confidence interval includes zero. There is insufficient statistical evidence to conclude that the actual change is different from zero.

° Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable for this survey.

(R) Revised from the last published Monthly Retail Trade Report and Monthly Wholesale Trade: Sales and Inventories Report

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Table 1. U.S. International Trade in Goods by Principal End-Use Category (1)

In millions of dollars. Details may not equal totals due to seasonal adjustment and rounding. (X) - Not applicable

	Goods - Census Basis (2)								
		Mon	ithly		Percent change				
	April 2024 (a)	March 2024	February 2024	April 2023	April 2024/ March 2024	March 2024/ February 2024	April 2024/ April 2023		
Seasonally Adjusted	(-)								
Balance	-99,407	-92,291	-91,776	-97,994	(X)	(X)	(1		
Exports	169,883	169,013	174,131	163,035	0.5	-2.9	4		
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	12,832	13,737	14,776	13,309	-6.6	-7.0	-3		
Industrial Supplies (3)	59,963	61,923	63,960	58,695	-3.2	-3.2	2		
Capital Goods	52,555	50,782	52,843	48,943	3.5	-3.9	7		
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	14,682	14,175	14,099	14,329	3.6	0.5	2		
Consumer Goods	22,135	21,008	21,212	21,061	5.4	-1.0	5		
Other Goods	7,717	7,389	7,241	6,698	4.4	2.0	15		
Imports	269,290	261,304	265,907	261,029	3.1	-1.7	3		
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	17,499	17,581	18,148	16,490	-0.5	-3.1	e		
Industrial Supplies (3)	55,126	54,012	54,948	60,103	2.1	-1.7	-8		
Capital Goods	78,395	75,709	75,335	71,179	3.5	0.5	10		
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	41,648	37,717	41,994	37,176	10.4	-10.2	12		
Consumer Goods	65,646	65,888	64,519	65,490	-0.4	2.1	(
Other Goods	10,975	10,398	10,963	10,591	5.6	-5.2	3		
Not Seasonally Adjusted									
Balance	-101,154	-79,819	-75,440	-88,688	(X)	(X)	(
Exports	170,208	179,326	167,171	162,064	-5.1	7.3	5		
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	13,028	14,296	14,457	13,025	-8.9	-1.1	(
Industrial Supplies (3)	60,708	63,996	61,675	58,873	-5.1	3.8	3		
Capital Goods	52,145	54,786	48,819	48,655	-4.8	12.2	7		
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	15,179	15,410	13,712	14,510	-1.5	12.4	2		
Consumer Goods	21,549	23,180	21,539	20,448	-7.0	7.6	5		
Other Goods	7,599	7,658	6,970	6,553	-0.8	9.9	16		
Imports	271,362	259,145	242,611	250,752	4.7	6.8	8		
Foods, Feeds, & Beverages	18,308	18,448	17,124	16,537	-0.8	7.7	10		
Industrial Supplies (3)	57,089	53,078	49,944	59 <i>,</i> 658	7.6	6.3	-4		
Capital Goods	77,774	76,140	68,235	68,157	2.1	11.6	14		
Automotive Vehicles, etc.	42,305	39,650	38,133	36,752	6.7	4.0	15		
Consumer Goods	64,523	60,970	58,933	59,246	5.8	3.5	8		
Other Goods	11,363	10,859	10,242	10,403	4.6	6.0	9		

(a) Advance statistics

(1) For a listing of the detail included in each end-use category, see <www.census.gov/foreign-trade/reference/codes/enduse/exeumstr.txt>.

(2) Data are presented on a Census basis. The information needed to convert to a balance of payment basis is not available.

(3) Includes petroleum and petroleum products.

NOTES:

* Current month statistics reflect nearly complete coverage with recalculated seasonal adjustments; current month statistics reflecting

complete coverage and recalculated seasonal adjustments will be published in the upcoming U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services report (FT-900).

Statistics for other months shown reflect complete coverage with recalculated seasonal adjustments. These do not appear in the most recently published FT-900.

* For information on data sources, nonsampling errors, and definitions, see the explanatory notes in this release or at

<www.census.gov/econ/indicators/advance_report.pdf>.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Advance Economic Indicators Report, May 30, 2024.

Table 2. Levels and Percent Changes for Inventories

Inventories estimates are shown in millions of dollars. Estimates are based on data from the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey and the Monthly Retail Trade Survey.

	Inventories							
	Monthly			Percent change				
	April	March	April	April 2024/	March 2024/	April 2024/		
	2024	2024	2023	March 2024	February 2024	April 2023		
	(a)	(r)	(r)					
Adjusted ¹								
Merchant wholesale ² trade, total	896,256	894,842	911,048	0.2	-0.4	-1.6		
Durable goods	573,809	570,525	558,797	0.6	0.1	2.7		
Nondurable goods	322,447	324,317	352,251	-0.6	-1.3	-8.5		
Retail trade, total	790,908	785,650	754,572	0.7	0.1	4.8		
Total (excl. motor veh. & parts)	539,805	538,180	549,788	0.3	-0.4	-1.8		
Motor vehicle & parts dealers	251,103	247,470	204,784	1.5	1.3	22.6		
Not Adjusted								
Merchant wholesale ² trade, total	899,317	904,851	916,453	-0.6	-0.1	-1.9		
Durable goods	575,373	568,887	559,878	1.1	0.2	2.8		
Nondurable goods	323,944	335,964	356,575	-3.6	-0.6	-9.2		
Retail trade, total	793,396	784,878	754,851	1.1	0.5	5.1		
Total (excl. motor veh. & parts)	537,321	535,430	546,617	0.4	0.5	-1.7		
Motor vehicle & parts dealers	256,075	249,448	208,234	2.7	0.6	23.0		

(a) Advance estimate

(r) Revised estimate

See footnotes and notes at the end of Table 3.

Table 3. Estimated Measures of Sampling Variability

Estimates are shown as percents and are based on data from the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey and the Monthly Retail Trade Survey.

	Inventories						
		Monthly		Standard Error of			
	Coef	ficient of Varia	ation	Percent Change			
	April	April March April			March 2024/	April 2024/	
	2024	2024	2023	March 2024	February 2024	April 2023	
	(a)	(r)	(r)				
Merchant wholesale ² trade, total Durable goods	2.1 3.0	2.1 3.1	1.9 2.8	0.2 0.2	0.1 0.2	0.4 0.6	
Nondurable goods	1.7	1.8	1.6	0.2	0.2	0.6	
Retail trade, total	1.0	1.0	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	
Total (excl. motor veh. & parts)	1.3	1.3	1.3	0.1	0.1	0.3	
Motor vehicle & parts dealers	1.5	1.5	1.7	0.3	0.3	1.1	

(a) Advance estimate (r) Revised estimate

(1) Estimates are concurrently adjusted for seasonal variation and trading day differences, but not for price changes. Concurrent seasonal adjustment uses all available not adjusted estimates as input to the X-13ARIMA-SEATS program. The factors derived from the program are used in calculating all seasonally adjusted estimates shown in this table.

(2) The 2012 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) defines merchant wholesalers as including manufacturers' sales branches and offices. However, the estimates included in this release exclude manufacturers' sales branches and offices. Note that this is not a change in coverage from prior releases and is consistent with the description used in the Monthly Wholesale Trade Survey data products.

NOTES:

Estimated measures of sampling variability are based on estimates not adjusted for seasonal variation. Additional information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, sample design, and definitions may be found at

<www.census.gov/wholesale/www/how_surveys_are_collected/monthly_methodology.html> for wholesale and at <www.census.gov/retail/mrts/how_surveys_are_collected.html> for retail.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau; Advance Economic Indicators Report, May 30, 2024.