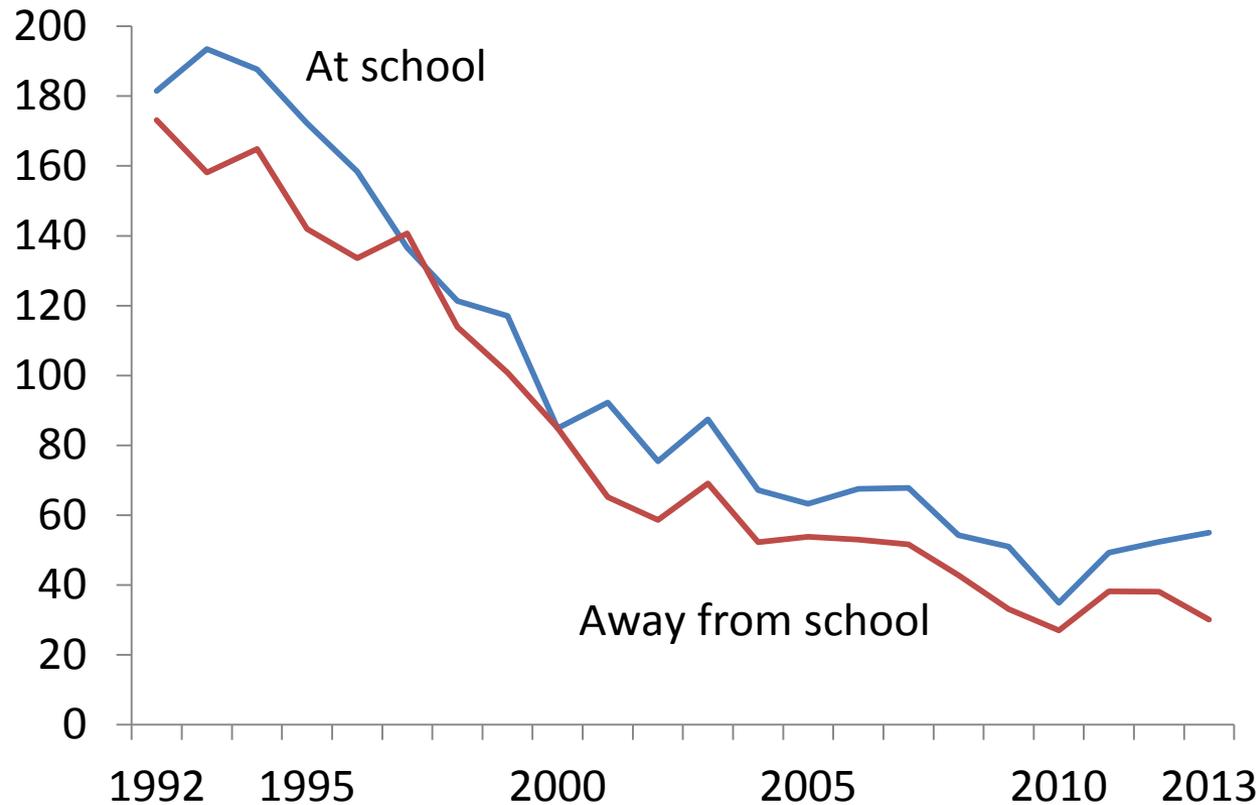


Trends in School and College Crime

- The teen victimization rate at school declined from 181 to 55 victimizations per 1,000 students between 1992 and 2013.
- Fewer students were bullied in 2013 (22%) than in 2005 (28%). However, many cases of bullying are not reported to adults.
- Total crimes reported by colleges decreased from 36 to 18 per 10,000 students between 2001 and 2013; however, reported cases of sexual assault have increased.
- Arrests for liquor law violations at colleges were lower in 2013 than in 2001 (18 vs. 23 per 10,000 students). But, arrests for drug law violations were higher (13 vs. 10 per 10,000 students).

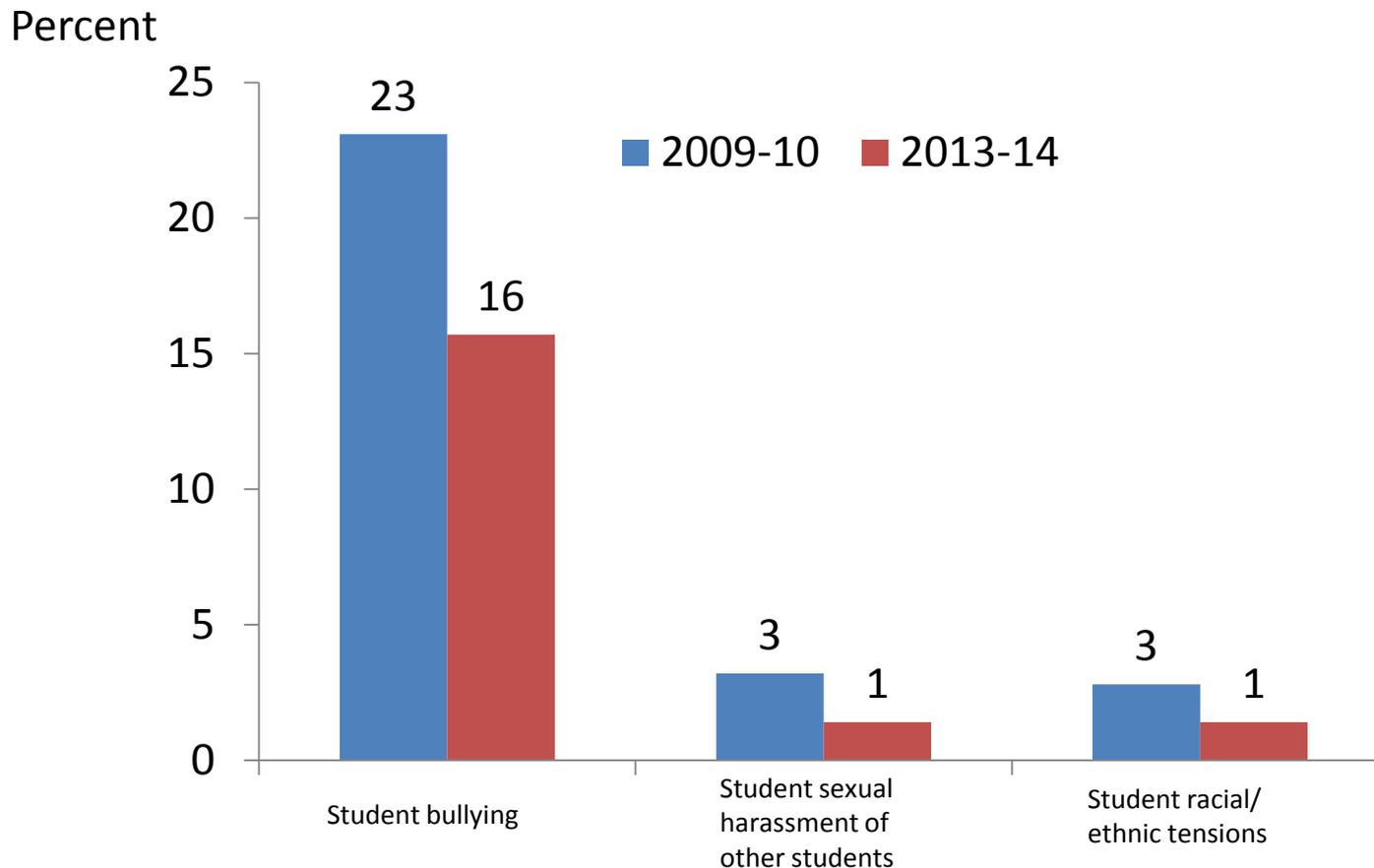
Teen crime victimization fell between 1992 and 2013.

Number per 1,000



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, National Crime Victimization Survey (NCVS).

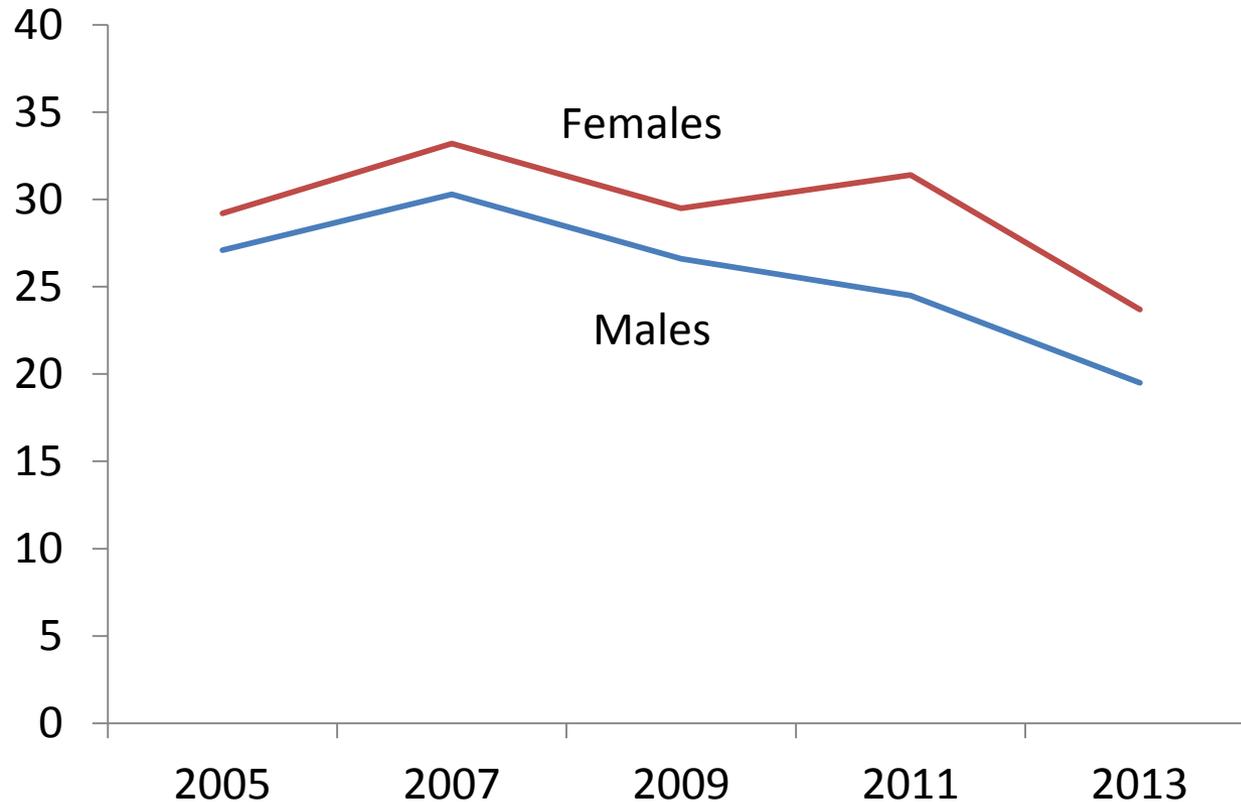
Fewer public schools reported that bullying occurred at least once a week.



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, School Survey on Crime and Safety (SSOCS) 2009–10 and School Safety and Discipline 2013-14.

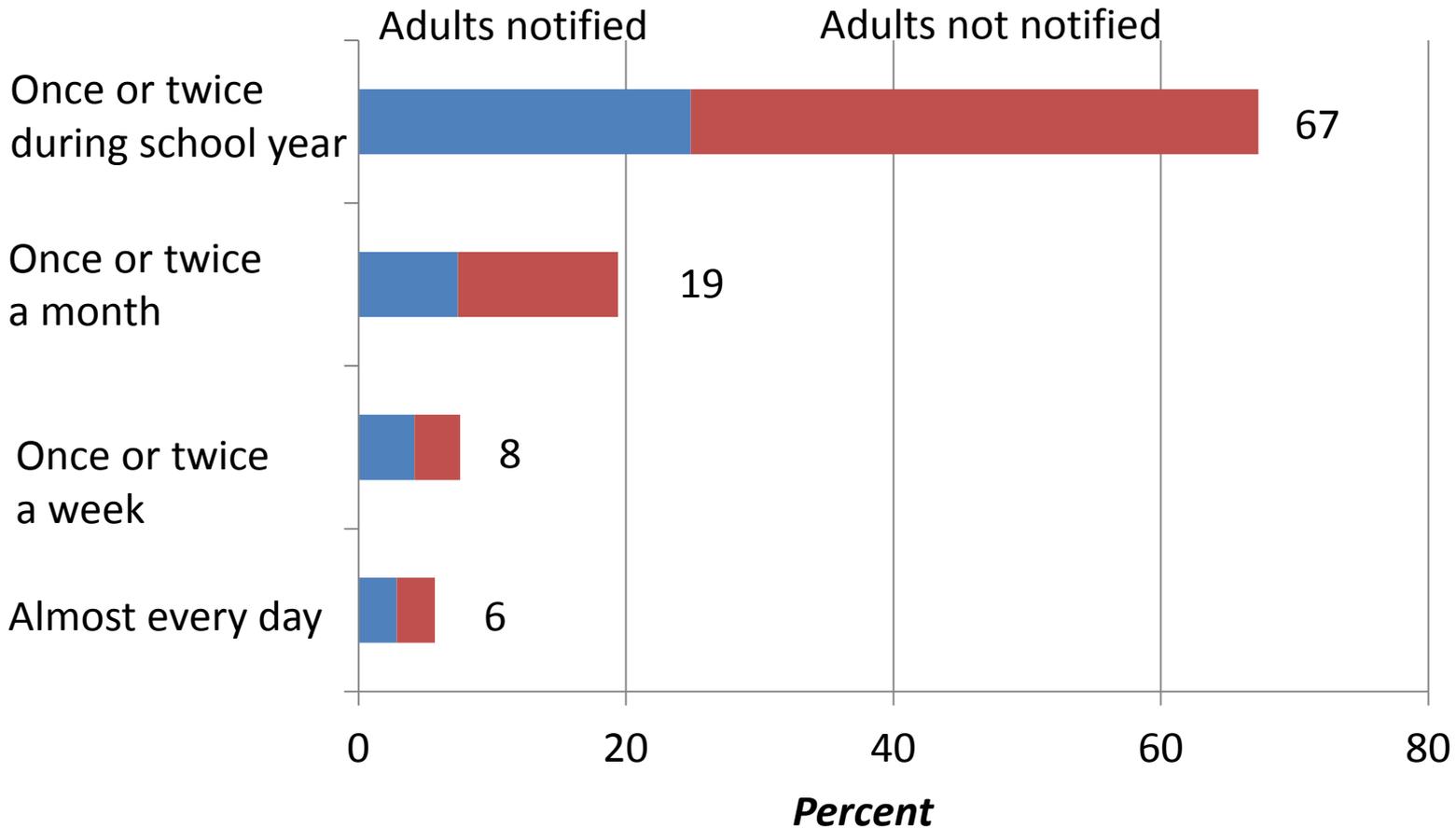
Fewer teens reported being bullied.

Percent



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, School Crime Supplement (SCS) to the National Crime Victimization Survey.

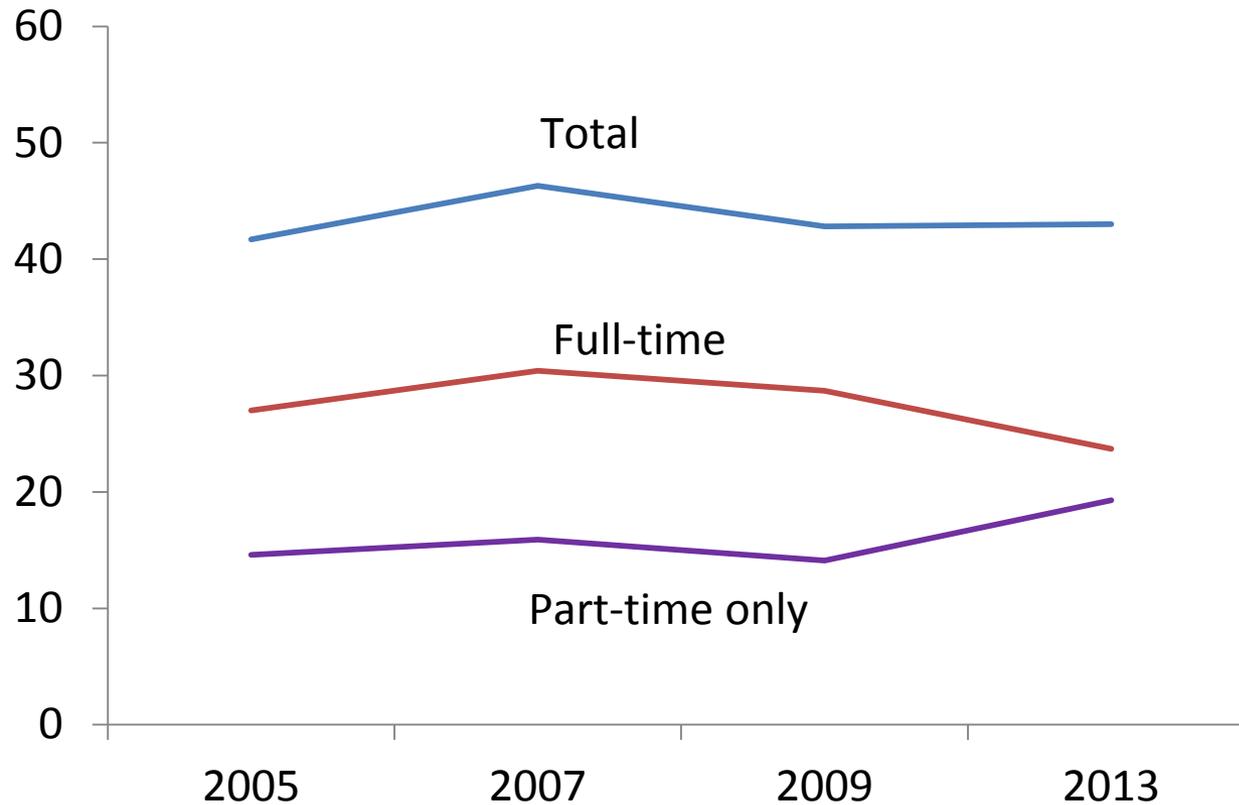
About half of frequently bullied students never told an adult.



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, School Crime Supplement (SCS) to the National Crime Victimization Survey, 2013.

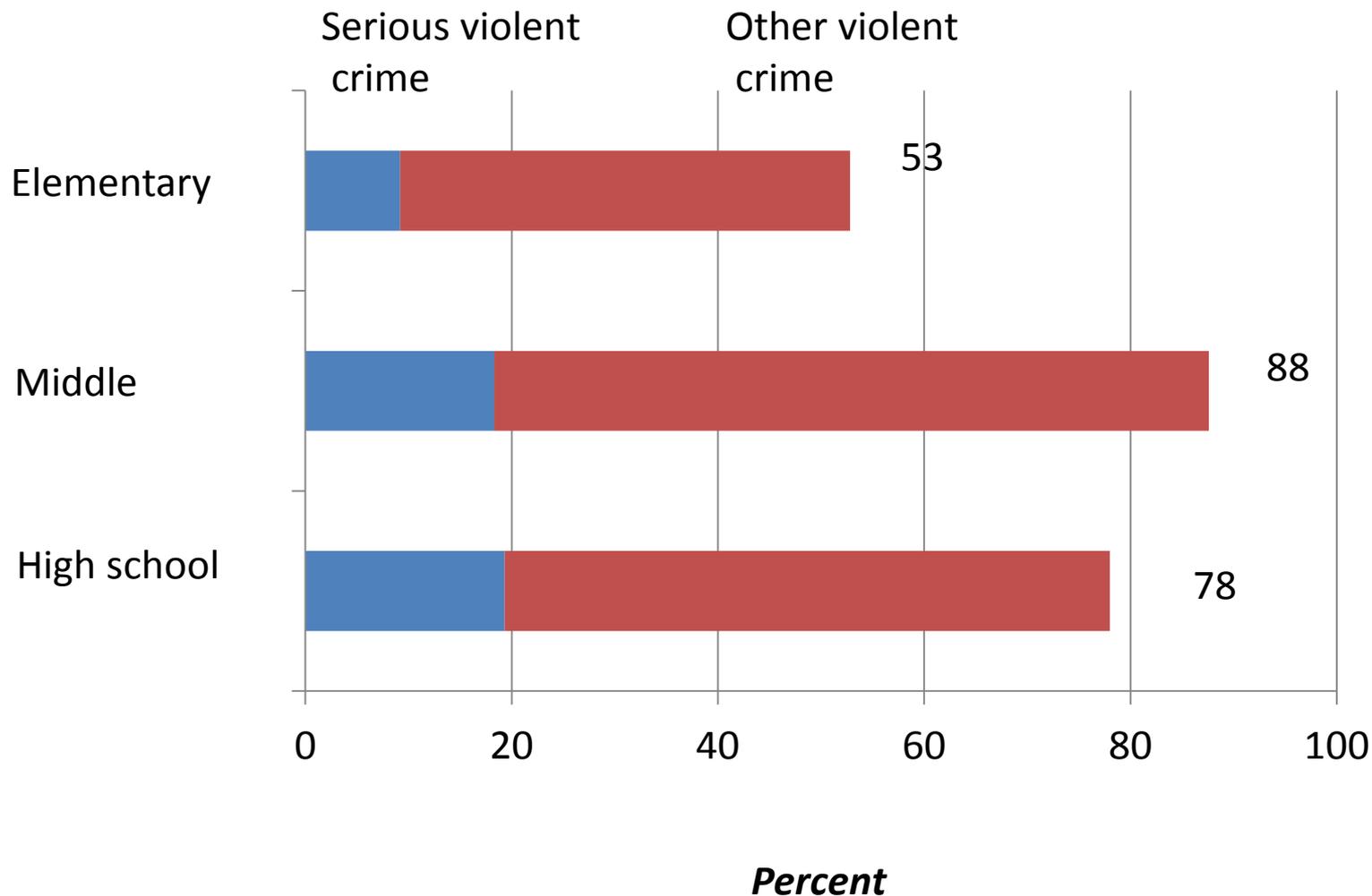
43% of public schools have security personnel on site.

Percent



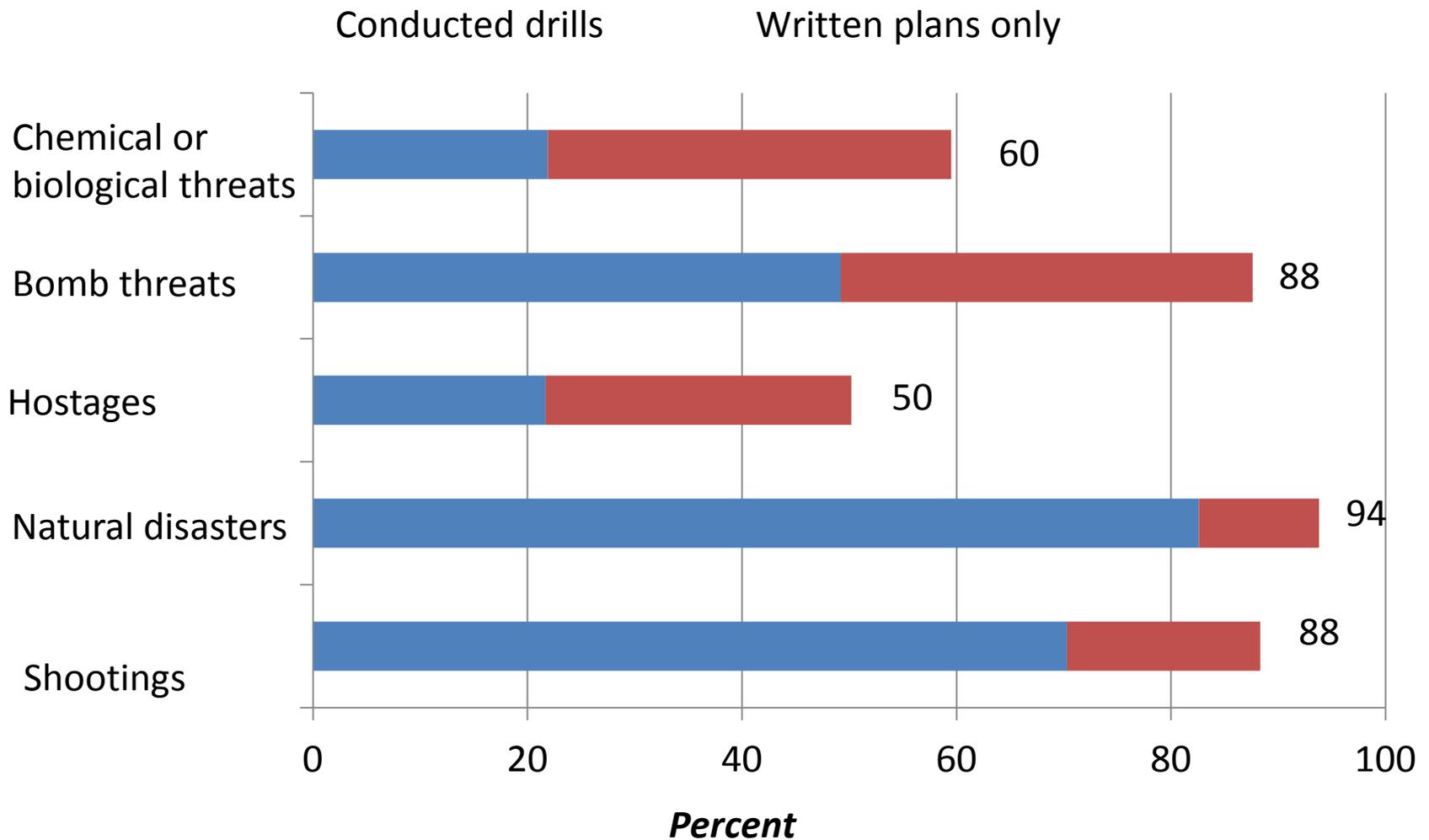
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, School Survey on Crime and Safety (SSOCS) 2005–06 to 2009–10 and School Safety and Discipline 2013–14.

Middle schools were more likely to report violent crimes in 2013–14.



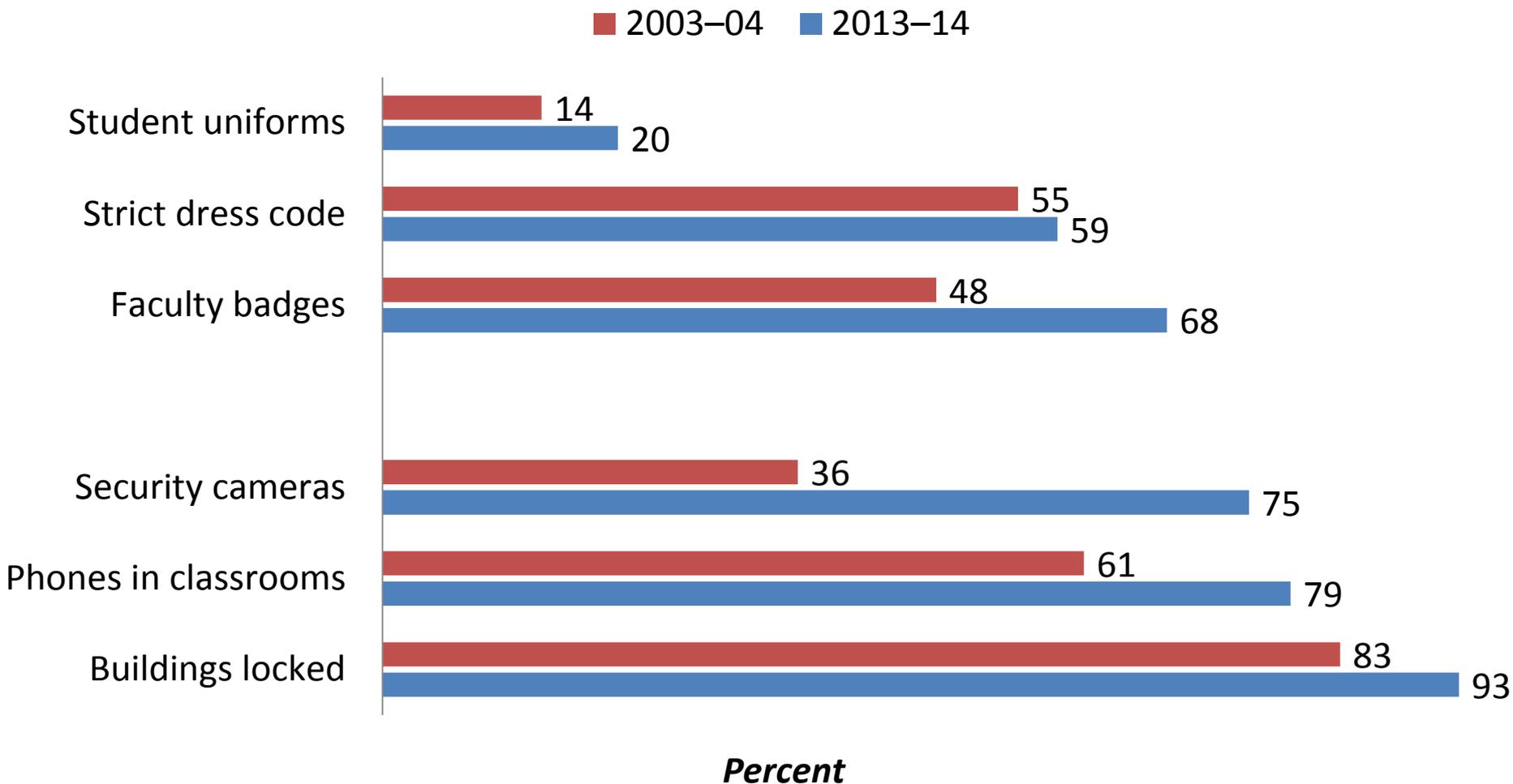
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, School Safety and Discipline 2013-14.

Most public schools have written emergency plans.



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, School Safety and Discipline 2013-14.

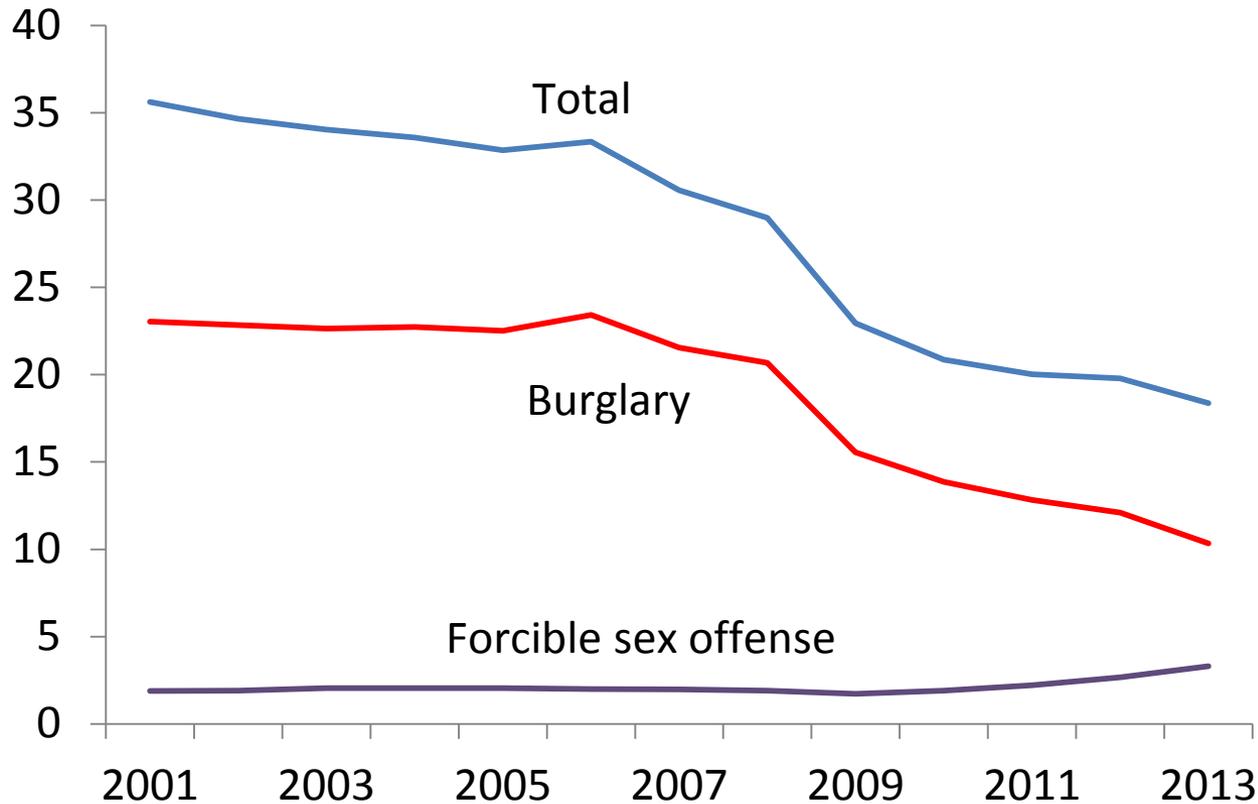
Over 10 years, public schools expanded their security practices.



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, School Survey on Crime and Safety (SSOCS) 2003–04 and School Safety and Discipline 2013-14.

Reported college campus crimes decreased between 2001 and 2013.

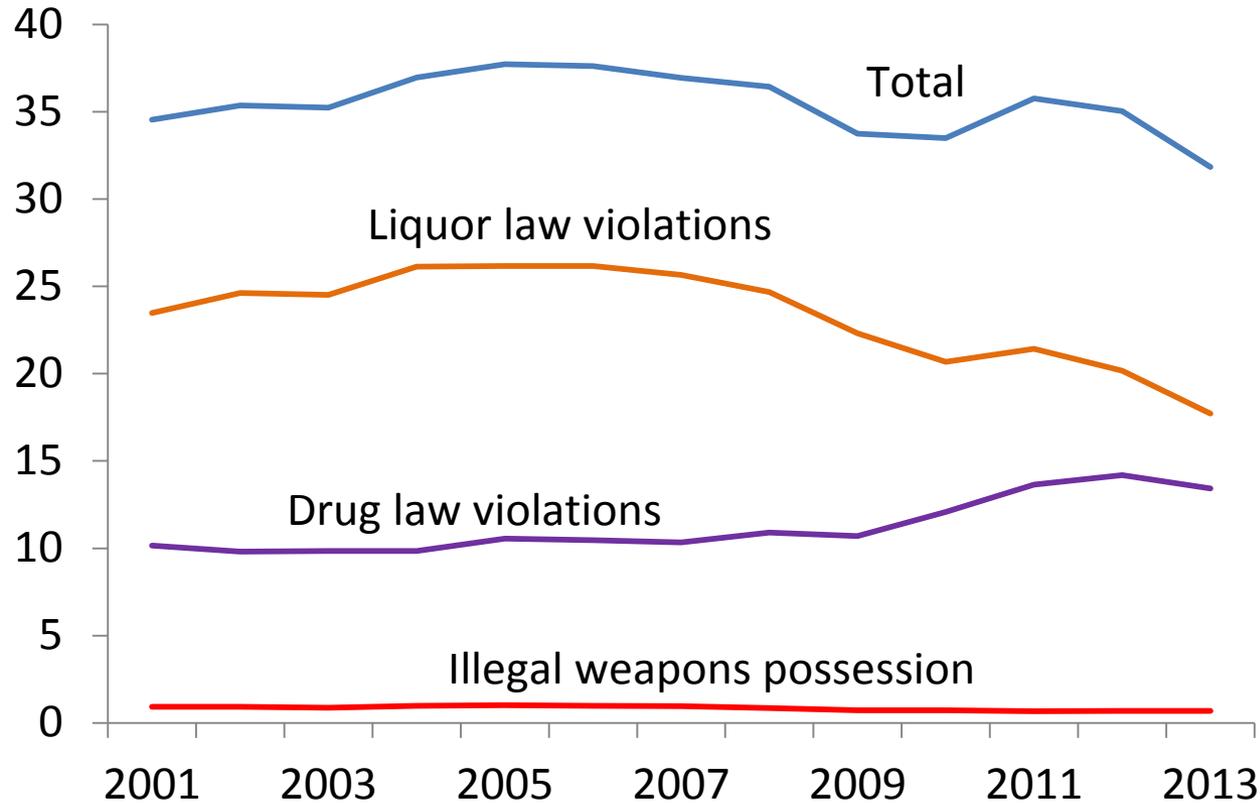
**Number per
10,000 students**



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Office of Postsecondary Education, Campus Safety and Security Reporting System and National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS).

Liquor law arrests on college campuses are down, but drug arrests are up.

**Number per
10,000 students**



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Office of Postsecondary Education, Campus Safety and Security Reporting System and National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS).