Market Absorption of Apartments Fourth Quarter 2000-Absorptions

Completions in Third Quarter 2000

4th Quarter 2000

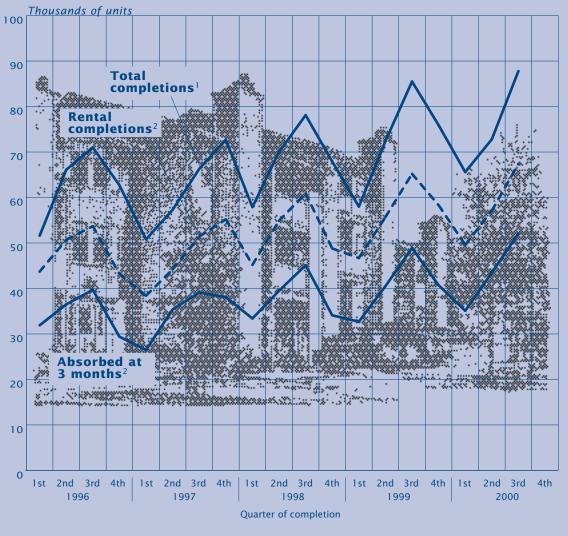
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Current Housing Reports

Figure 1.

Units in Apartment Buildings Completed and Absorbed: 1996 to 2000



¹All apartments.

²Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental apartments.

Note: Limited to buildings with five units or more in permit-issuing places.

Questions regarding these data may be directed to Housing and Household Economic Statistics Division, telephone: 301-457-3199.

INTRODUCTION

The Survey of Market Absorption (SOMA) measures how soon privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished units in buildings with five or more units are rented or sold (absorbed) after completion. In addition, the survey collects data on characteristics such as number of bedrooms, asking rent, and asking price.

HIGHLIGHTS1

- An estimated 87,800 apartments were completed in buildings with five units or more in the third quarter of 2000. This estimate is 15,000 units greater than the estimate of 72,800 apartment completions for the second quarter of 2000. However it did not differ significantly from the estimated 85,800 apartments completed in the same quarter last year (see Table 11).
- Of the 87,800 units completed in the third quarter of 2000, approximately 67,400 were privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments. The latter estimate is 10,300 higher than the revised 57,100 unfurnished units completed last quarter; however it does not differ significantly from the 65,200 unfurnished rental completions in the third quarter of 1999.
- An estimated 74 percent (seasonally adjusted) of the newly completed, unfurnished apartments built in the third quarter were rented (absorbed) within 3 months of completion. This estimate is not significantly different from the revised rate last quarter, nor does it differ significantly from the rate from the same quarter last year (see Table 1). The not-seasonally-adjusted 3-month absorption rate for the 67,400 apartments completed in the third quarter of 2000 was 77 percent, which does not differ significantly from the revised rate last quarter, or from the rate 1 year ago.
- The median asking rent for all privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished rental units completed in buildings with five units or more in the third quarter of 2000 was \$844, which was not significantly different from the revised median asking rent of \$869 for the second quarter of 2000. More two-bedroom units (49 percent) were built than one-bedroom units (33 percent). Fifteen percent of the newly built units had three or more bedrooms, while efficiencies (no bedroom) accounted for only 3 percent of the total (see Tables 2 and 3).
- The South, with 50 percent of unfurnished rental completions in the third quarter of 2000, had more than any other region. The West and the Midwest each had 21 percent of rental completions, and did not differ significantly from one another. The Northeast, with only 9 percent of new rental completions, had the fewest (see Table 4).

- Approximately 9,200 condominium and cooperative apartments in buildings with five units or more were completed in the third quarter of 2000. This number was not significantly different from the estimated 8,600 completions last quarter, nor did it differ significantly from the estimated 10,500 such units completed in the same quarter last year (see Table 5). In the third quarter of 2000, condominiums and cooperatives accounted for about 11 percent of all completions in buildings with five or more units.
- About 76 percent of the 9,200 condominium apartments completed in the third quarter of 2000 were sold within 3 months of completion. This rate does not differ significantly from the 84 percent absorption rate for condominiums completions in the second quarter of 2000. The median asking price for condominiums built in the third quarter was \$157,700, which was not significantly different from the revised \$135,600 median asking price last quarter (see Tables 6 and 7).
- Of the remaining apartments completed in all buildings with five units or more in the third quarter of 2000, 1,200 were furnished units, 6,100 units were federally subsidized, and about 3,900 units were not in the scope of the survey (see Table 11).

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE DATA

All statistics from the SOMA are limited to apartments in newly constructed buildings with five units or more. Absorption rates are based on the first time an apartment is rented after completion, or the first time a condominium or cooperative apartment is sold after completion. If apartments initially intended to be sold as condominium or cooperative units are, instead, offered by the builder or building owner for rent, they are counted as rental apartments. Units categorized as federally subsidized are those built under the two programs of the Department of Housing and Urban Development (Section 8, Low Income Housing Assistance and Section 202, Senior Citizens Housing Direct Loans) and all units in buildings containing apartments in the Federal Housing Administration (FHA) rent supplement program. The data on privately financed units include privately owned housing subsidized by state and local governments. Units categorized as not in the scope of the survey include time-sharing units, continuing care retirement units, and turnkey units (privately built for and sold to local public housing authorities after completion).

Tables 1 through 4 and Table 9 provide information about privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments. Table 5 provides information about

¹Details may not sum to totals because of rounding.

privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium and cooperative apartments, while Tables 6 through 8 and Table 10 provide information about condominium apartments only. Table 11 is a summary table, which includes all newly constructed apartments in buildings with five units or more.

The SOMA is a sample survey and consequently all statistics in this report are subject to sampling variability. Estimates derived from different samples would likely differ from these.

The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all possible samples. It allows the Census Bureau to construct an interval with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average of the estimates from all possible samples. Estimates of standard errors have been computed from the sample data and are presented in the tables.

For all the statements about changes made in this report, 90-percent confidence intervals for statistical comparisons can be constructed by using the standard errors found in the tables (see the instructions for calculating 90-percent confidence intervals in the section on "Sampling Errors").

NOTE TO DATA USERS

The SOMA adopted new ratio estimation procedures in 1990 to derive more accurate estimates of completions.² Please use caution when comparing the number of completions in 1990 and following years with those in earlier years.

SAMPLE DESIGN

The U.S. Census Bureau designed the survey to provide data concerning the rate at which privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished units in buildings with five or more units are rented or sold (absorbed). In addition, the survey collects data on characteristics such as number of bedrooms, rent, and price.

Buildings for the survey came from those included in the Census Bureau's Survey of Construction (SOC).³ For the SOC, the United States is first divided into primary sampling units (PSUs), which are stratified based on population and building permits. The PSUs to be used for the survey are then randomly selected from each stratum. Next, a sample of permit-issuing places is chosen within each of the selected PSUs. Finally, all newly constructed buildings with five units or more within sampled places, as well as a subsample of buildings with one to four units, are included in the SOC.

For the SOMA, the Census Bureau selects, each quarter, a sample of buildings with five or more units that have been reported in the SOC sample as having been completed during that quarter. The SOMA does not include buildings completed in nonpermit-issuing areas. We then obtain information on the proportion of units absorbed 3, 6, 9, and 12 months after completion for units in buildings selected in a given quarter in each of the next four quarters.

ESTIMATION

The Census Bureau publishes preliminary estimates for a given quarter and may revise these estimates in ensuing quarters. Each quarter, some of the absorption data for some buildings arrives after the deadline for the quarter's report; these late data appear in a revised table in the next quarterly report. Finalized data appear in the H-130, *Market Absorption of Apartments* annual report.

Beginning with data on completions in the fourth quarter of 1990 (which formed the basis for absorptions in the first quarter of 1991), the Census Bureau modified the estimation procedure and applied the modified procedure to the data for the other three quarters of 1990 so that one could derive annual estimates using the same methodology for four quarters. The Census Bureau has not performed any additional re-estimation of past data.

Before the estimation procedure changed, the Census Bureau had formed unbiased estimates by multiplying the counts for each building by its base weight (the inverse of its probability of selection) and then summing over all buildings. Multiplying the unbiased estimate by the following ratio estimate factor for the country as a whole provided the final estimate:

total units in buildings with five or more units in permitissuing areas as estimated by the SOC for that quarter

total units in buildings with five or more units as estimated by the SOMA for that quarter

For the modified estimation procedure, instead of applying a single ratio-estimate factor for the entire country, the Census Bureau computes separate ratio-estimate factors for each of the four census regions. Multiplying the unbiased regional estimates by the corresponding ratio-estimate factors provides the final estimates for regions. The Census Bureau obtains the final estimate for the country by summing the final regional estimates.

The procedure produces estimates of the units completed in a given quarter that are consistent with the published figures from the SOC and reduces, to some extent, the sampling variability of the estimates of totals.

Absorption rates and other characteristics of units not included in the interviewed group or not accounted for are assumed to be identical to rates for units where data were

²See ESTIMATION on this page.

³See the January 2000 issue of "Housing Starts," Current Construction Reports, Series C20, for details of this survey.

obtained. The noninterviewed and not-accounted-for cases constitute less than 2 percent of the sample housing units in this survey.

ACCURACY OF THE ESTIMATES

Two types of possible errors are associated with data from sample surveys: nonsampling and sampling errors. The following is a description of the nonsampling and sampling errors associated with the SOMA.

Nonsampling Errors

In general, nonsampling errors can be attributed to many sources: inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample, difficulties with definitions, differences in interpretating questions, inability or unwillingness of the respondents to provide correct information, and data processing errors. These nonsampling errors also occur in complete censuses. Although no direct measurements of the biases have been obtained, the Census Bureau thinks that most of the important response and operational errors were detected during review of the data for reasonableness and consistency.

Sampling Errors

The particular sample used for this survey is one of many possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the same design. Even if the same questionnaires, instructions, and interviewers were used, estimates from different samples would likely differ from each other. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is defined as the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate attempts to provide a measure of this variation among the estimates from the possible samples and, thus, is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a sample approximates the average result from all possible samples.

As calculated for this survey, the standard error also partially measures the variation in the estimates because of errors in response and by interviewers (nonsampling errors), but it does not measure any systematic biases in the data. Therefore, the accuracy of the estimates depends on the standard error, biases, and some additional nonsampling errors not measured by the standard error. As a result, confidence intervals around estimates based on this sample reflect only a portion of the uncertainty that actually exists. Nonetheless, such intervals are extremely useful because they do capture all of the effect of sampling error and, in this case, some nonsampling error as well.

If all possible samples were selected, if each was surveyed under essentially the same general conditions, if

there were no systematic biases, and if an estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated from each sample, then:

- Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate (i.e., the 68-percent confidence interval) would include the average result from all possible samples.
- Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate (i.e., the 90-percent confidence interval) would include the average result from all possible samples.
- Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two standard errors below the estimate to two standard errors above the estimate (i.e., the 95-percent confidence interval) would include the average result from all possible samples.

This report uses a 90-percent confidence level as its standard for statistical significance.

Beginning with data for completions in the second quarter of 1999, the Census Bureau enacted a new procedure for computing standard errors. The new procedure may result in differences in standard errors from prior methodology, so standard errors were revised back to the third quarter of 1998.

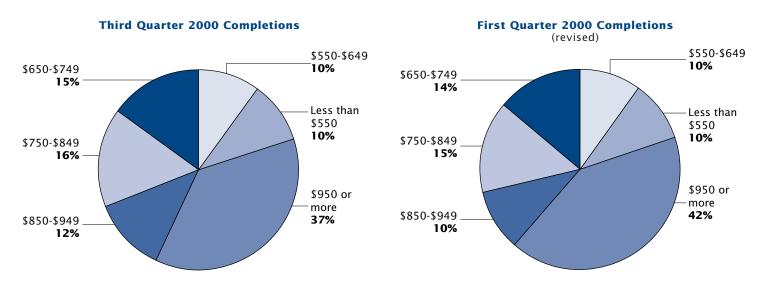
For very small estimates, the lower limit of the confidence interval may be negative. In this case, a better approximation to the true interval estimate can be achieved by restricting the interval estimate to positive values; that is, by changing the lower limit of the interval estimate to zero.

The average result from all possible samples either is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. However, for a particular sample, one can say with specified confidence that the average result from all possible samples is included in the constructed interval.

For example, Table 8 of this report shows that there were about 4,000 condominium apartments built in the South during the third quarter of 2000. The standard error of this estimate is 850. The 68-percent confidence interval as shown by these data is from 3,150 to 4,850. Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 68 percent of all possible samples. Similarly, one could conclude that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within the interval from 2,640 to 5,360 (using 1.6 times the standard error) with 90-percent confidence.

Figure 2.

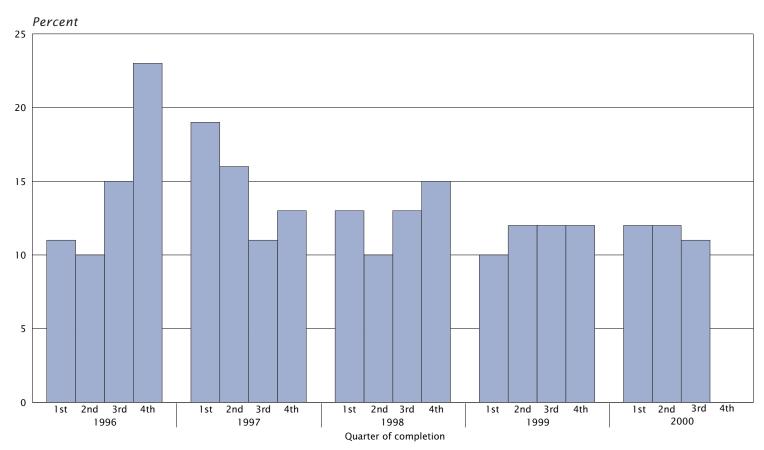
Percent of New Unfurnished Rental Apartments
Completed by Rent Category



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption.

Figure 3.

Condominium and Cooperative Apartment Completions as Percent of Total Apartment Completions: 1996 to 2000



Note: Limited to buildings with five units or more in permit-issuing places.

Table 1. Absorption Rates of Privately Financed, Nonsubsidized, Unfurnished Rental Apartments: 1994 to 2000

[Buildings with five units or more. Percents are computed using unrounded data]

		Total unfurnished adjusted— rented within— rented specification of the seasonally adjusted—rented within— rented specifications and the seasonally adjusted—rented within—rented specifications and the seasonally adjusted—rented specifications are specifications and the seasonal specification and th										
	apartr comp		with	in 3 oths	3 ma	onths	6 m	onths	9 ma	onths	12 m	onths
Quarter of completion	Number	Stand- ard error* (number of apart- ments)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)
2000												
July-September ^r April-June January-March	67,400 '57,100 '49,600	5,010 3,670 3,470	74 ¹ 74 73	1.9 2.1 1.9	77 ¹ 76 71	2.0 2.2 1.8	(NA) 90 ¹ 89	(NA) 1.1 1.1	(NA) (NA) 96	(NA) (NA) 0.8	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)
1999												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	r58,300 65,200 55,700 46,700	3,400 3,580 4,290 4,450	73 72 71 71	1.6 1.7 2.2 3.3	70 75 73 70	1.5 1.8 2.3 3.2	^r 88 89 88 88	1.0 0.8 1.5 2.0	96 96 94 95	0.5 (Z) 1.4 0.9	98 99 97 97	(Z) (Z) 0.6 0.7
1998												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	48,800 60,900 54,900 45,200	3,350 5,310 2,980 3,090	73 72 70 76	2.6 3.3 2.2 2.0	70 74 72 74	2.5 3.4 2.3 1.9	88 87 89 92	1.4 2.5 2.1 1.0	95 93 94 97	1.1 1.9 1.4 (Z)	97 96 98 99	0.8 1.5 (Z) (Z)
1997												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	55,200 51,400 44,200 38,400	3,810 3,880 4,090 2,530	72 73 77 72	2.7 2.6 1.4 2.7	69 76 80 69	2.6 2.7 1.4 3.2	88 90 94 86	1.8 2.3 0.6 3.4	96 94 98 93	0.7 2.3 (Z) 3.1	98 96 99 95	(Z) 2.3 (Z) 3.2
1996												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	43,200 53,700 50,700 43,700	4,320 2,850 4,070 2,990	70 71 72 75	2.8 2.5 2.7 4.4	68 74 72 73	3.7 3.0 2.6 4.2	87 90 87 88	2.5 2.2 2.6 2.9	96 95 93 97	1.4 1.7 2.0 0.6	99 98 96 99	1.0 0.5 1.5 (Z)
1995												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	45,600 48,000 35,900 25,500	3,200 2,290 2,360 2,270	76 72 75 66	3.3 2.3 4.1 5.8	74 76 77 63	3.1 2.4 4.2 5.5	88 89 89 89	2.3 2.2 3.5 3.3	96 93 92 94	1.3 2.1 3.3 3.2	98 98 94 99	1.2 0.8 3.1 0.2
1994												
October-December July-September	35,500 29,500 24,700 14,300	2,730 2,540 2,610 1,560	76 82 82 84	2.5 2.3 3.0 1.5	74 86 84 80	2.4 2.2 3.0 1.4	90 95 94 92	1.6 0.9 1.9 1.1	96 97 97 97	1.5 0.5 1.8 0.8	98 98 98 98	1.4 0.4 1.8 0.7

 $[\]mbox{^*}\mbox{One}$ standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval). than one-half of 1 percent.

NA Not available.

Preliminary.

rRevised.

Z Fewer than 50 units or less

Table 2. Characteristics of Unfurnished Apartments Completed During the Third Quarter of 2000 and of Those Rented Within 3 Months (Preliminary)

Not Seasonally Adjusted

[Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview; i.e., 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians and percents are computed using unrounded data]

	Total unf apartments		Percent of	total units		ented within onths
Item	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)
Total	67,400	5,010	100	(X)	77	2.0
ASKING RENT						
Less than \$550 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 to \$849 \$850 to \$949 \$950 or more Median asking rent	6,700 7,000 9,900 10,800 7,800 25,300 \$844	1,670 1,220 1,070 1,260 1,070 2,310 \$29	10 10 15 16 12 37 (X)	2.1 1.6 1.3 1.6 1.3 2.8 (X)	80 88 77 75 74 76 \$835	8.7 2.7 2.8 3.1 4.2 2.7 \$29
Fewer than two bedrooms. Less than \$550 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 to \$849 \$850 to \$949 \$950 or more Median asking rent	24,400 4,800 3,100 4,700 3,100 2,200 6,600 \$743	2,190 1,470 680 620 330 370 1,250 \$56	36 7 5 7 5 3 10 (X)	2.0 1.9 0.9 0.6 0.6 1.9 (X)	78 91 83 73 76 75 74 \$728	2.4 4.1 5.2 3.7 3.8 3.9 6.4 \$57
Two bedrooms or more Less than \$550 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 to \$849 \$850 to \$949 \$950 to \$1,049. \$1,050 or more Median asking rent	43,000 1,900 3,900 5,200 7,700 5,600 5,200 13,500 \$900	3,530 730 960 820 1,250 1,010 930 1,360 \$21	64 3 6 8 11 8 8 20 (X)	2.0 1.0 1.4 1.1 1.6 1.3 1.1 1.8 (X)	77 54 92 81 75 74 74 77 \$895	2.5 4.1 3.1 3.6 4.0 5.5 4.9 3.4 \$23
BEDROOMS						
No bedrooms 1 bedroom. 2 bedrooms. 3 bedrooms or more.	2,100 22,300 33,100 9,900	770 2,000 3,090 1,310	3 33 49 15	1.1 1.7 2.3 1.8	59 80 77 76	8.2 2.0 2.6 5.5

^{*}One standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval).

X Not applicable.

Table 3. Characteristics of Unfurnished Apartments Completed During the Second Quarter of 2000 and of Those Rented Within 3 Months (Revised)

Not Seasonally Adjusted

[Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview; i.e., 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians and percents are computed using unrounded data]

	Total unf apartments		Percent of	total units		ented within onths
Item	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)
Total	57,100	3,670	100	(X)	76	2.2
ASKING RENT						
Less than \$550 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 to \$849 \$850 to \$949 \$950 or more Median asking rent	5,500 5,500 8,100 8,300 5,900 23,800 \$869	1,110 720 1,310 1,110 610 2,270 \$30	10 10 14 15 10 42 (X)	1.6 1.0 2.0 1.7 1.1 3.7 (X)	89 83 79 75 67 73 \$844	3.4 3.7 2.1 3.4 3.1 3.9 \$40
Fewer than two bedrooms. Less than \$550 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 to \$849 \$850 to \$949 \$950 or more. Median asking rent	20,700 2,600 3,200 4,100 2,800 1,800 6,200 \$767	1,420 630 570 510 430 220 950 \$36	36 4 6 7 5 3 11 (X)	1.3 1.0 0.9 0.8 0.7 (Z) 1.7 (X)	76 92 81 74 69 73 71 \$745	2.8 3.3 4.0 3.2 5.4 4.2 6.5 \$40
Two bedrooms or more Less than \$550 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 to \$849 \$850 to \$949 \$950 to \$1049 \$1050 or more Median asking rent	36,300 2,900 2,300 4,000 5,500 4,100 4,400 13,100 \$934	2,540 650 440 990 920 550 820 1,530 \$34	64 5 4 7 10 7 8 23 (X)	1.3 1.0 0.7 1.6 1.4 0.9 1.4 2.6 (X)	76 86 86 83 78 65 68 76 \$916	2.1 4.7 7.3 2.5 3.3 4.4 6.3 4.1 \$38
BEDROOMS						
No bedrooms	1,200 19,500 29,600 6,700	270 1,390 2,130 730	2 34 52 12	(Z) 2.2 2.1 1.1	68 76 77 75	7.8 2.9 2.4 2.7

^{*}One standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval). X Not applicable. Z Fewer than 50 units or less than one-half of 1 percent. Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Survey of Market Absorption*.

Table 4. Unfurnished Apartments Completed During the Third Quarter of 2000 by Geographic Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

[Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding asking rent are collected at the initial interview. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians and percents are computed using unrounded data]

		Total unf apartments	urnished completed		Percent of	total units	Percent rented within 3 months		
Geographic area	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Median asking rent	Standard error* (dollars)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	
United States, total	67,400	5,010	\$844	29	100	(X)	77	2.0	
Inside metropolitan areas In central cities Not in central cities Outside metropolitan areas	63,700 30,500 33,200 3,700	5,020 3,770 3,980 1,930	\$846 \$841 \$850 \$742	26 44 22 189	95 45 49 5	2.8 4.6 4.6 2.8	77 79 75 84	1.9 2.9 2.4 16.2	
Northeast	5,800 13,800 33,500 14,300	2,140 4,230 2,900 2,180	\$950+ \$760 \$828 \$914	58 44 25 42	9 21 50 21	3.1 5.5 4.6 3.1	78 85 73 79	11.5 5.5 2.0 3.9	

^{*}One standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval).

X Not applicable.

Table 5. Absorption Rates of Condominium and Cooperative Apartments: 1994 to 2000

Not Seasonally Adjusted

[Buildings with five units or more. Percents are computed using unrounded data]

		dominium perative		of all units								
		ments oleted	in buildi five units	or more	3 m	onths	6 m	onths	9 mc	onths	12 m	onths
Quarter of completion	Number	Stand- ard error* (number of apart- ments)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Stand- ard error* (percent- age points)
2000												
July-September ^p April-June	9,200 8,600 '8,200	1,320 1,300 1,430	11 12 12	1.5 1.9 2.3	76 84 77	7.3 3.5 4.8	(NA) 92 87	(NA) 2.0 3.8	(NA) (NA) 91	(NA) (NA) (Z)	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)
1999												
October-December July-September	r9,200 10,500 8,500 6,000	1,990 2,840 1,210 1,150	12 12 12 10	2.6 3.1 1.7 2.1	'78 65 76 87	2.6 11.9 3.3 2.0	'89 76 88 94	1.6 10.6 2.6 1.3	95 83 92 97	1.1 11.8 1.9 1.0	98 84 96 98	0.5 12.0 1.0 0.8
1998												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	10,400 9,800 6,900 7,300	3,150 2,840 900 1,540	15 13 10 13	4.3 3.4 1.5 2.5	81 72 82 81	2.2 13.5 3.4 4.6	92 80 92 91	0.8 12.1 1.7 1.9	96 83 94 95	0.5 11.9 1.6 1.3	98 86 96 96	(Z) 10.4 1.3 1.2
1997												
October-December July-September	9,800 7,400 9,200 9,500	2,290 1,560 1,690 2,540	13 11 16 19	3.1 2.5 3.0 4.3	86 74 84 76	2.6 5.1 3.6 7.8	93 94 92 89	1.6 1.1 1.8 5.6	96 97 94 93	0.9 0.7 1.5 4.4	97 98 97 94	0.6 0.5 0.8 4.0
1996												
October-December July-September	14,200 10,600 6,400 5,600	4,020 1,540 850 840	23 15 10 11	6.4 2.1 1.7 1.8	90 71 80 76	2.8 3.4 4.6 2.3	95 83 91 88	1.7 2.4 1.3 1.4	96 92 95 92	1.3 1.6 1.0 1.2	99 95 96 94	(Z) 0.7 0.9 0.9
1995												
October-December July-September	9,400 10,100 9,600 7,200	1,790 1,290 1,750 1,190	16 16 19 20	3.1 2.0 3.3 3.3	83 77 69 66	3.0 4.4 4.9 9.1	90 87 79 76	2.2 2.7 6.4 9.0	93 92 87 82	1.7 2.3 4.9 9.7	94 96 90 86	1.6 0.9 4.7 10.0
1994												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	8,200 8,300 9,200 8,800	1,460 1,110 1,970 1,450	17 18 25 36	3.4 3.2 5.4 4.6	73 72 79 82	4.5 2.7 2.9 3.2	86 83 88 89	2.8 5.7 2.4 2.2	91 88 92 92	2.3 5.3 2.4 1.4	94 90 94 94	2.1 4.9 1.5 0.9

 $^{^{\}star}\textsc{One}$ standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval). than one-half of 1 percent.

NA Not available.

Preliminary.

rRevised.

Z Fewer than 50 units or less

Table 6. Characteristics of Condominium Apartments Completed During the Third Quarter of 2000 and of Those Sold Within 3 Months (Preliminary)

Not Seasonally Adjusted

[Privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking price are collected at the initial interview; i.e., 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians and percents are computed using unrounded data]

		dominium completed	Percent of total	condominiums		sold within onths
Item	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)
Total	9,200	1,320	100	(X)	76	7.3
ASKING PRICE						
Less than \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$124,999. \$125,000 to \$149,999. \$150,000 to \$199,999. \$200,000 to \$249,999. \$250,000 or more Median asking price	1,000 2,100 1,100 2,200 900 1,900 \$157,700	300 950 270 580 220 540 \$18,760	11 23 12 24 10 20 (X)	3.4 8.2 2.8 5.4 2.7 5.7 (X)	56 56 85 86 88 85 \$170,400	8.5 21.9 7.4 6.0 3.8 5.2 \$16,000
BEDROOMS						
Fewer than 2 bedrooms	700 5,700 2,900	250 890 540	7 62 31	2.1 3.6 4.7	58 72 87	20.3 8.4 2.6

^{*}One standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval).

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption.

Table 7. Characteristics of Condominium Apartments Completed During the Second Quarter of 2000 and of Those Sold Within 3 Months (Revised)

Not Seasonally Adjusted

[Privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking price are collected at the initial interview; i.e., 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians and percents are computed using unrounded data]

		dominium completed	Percent of total	condominiums	Percent sold within 3 months		
Item	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	
Total	8,500	1,290	100	(X)	84	3.6	
ASKING PRICE							
Less than \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$124,999. \$125,000 to \$149,999. \$150,000 to \$199,999. \$200,000 to \$249,999. \$250,000 or more Median asking price	2,300 1,400 1,300 1,400 700 1,500 \$135,600	760 200 330 360 290 410 \$17,000	27 17 15 16 8 18 (X)	6.7 2.7 3.7 4.2 2.8 3.8 (X)	85 85 88 65 89 91 \$133,900	3.7 5.7 5.2 16.1 6.0 3.2 \$17,900	
BEDROOMS							
Fewer than 2 bedrooms. 2 bedrooms. 3 bedrooms or more.	900 5,000 2,700	280 670 600	10 58 32	2.5 4.4 4.1	87 84 81	5.2 2.6 10.0	

^{*}One standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval).

X Not applicable.

X Not applicable.

Table 8. Condominium Apartments Completed During the Third Quarter of 2000 by Geographic Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

[Privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding asking price are collected at the initial interview. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians and percents are computed using unrounded data]

		Total condapartments			Percent of	total units	Percent sold within 3 months		
Geographic area	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Median asking price	Standard error* (dollars)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	
United States, total	9,200	1,320	\$157,700	18,760	100	(X)	76	7.3	
Inside metropolitan areas In central cities Not in central cities Outside metropolitan areas	8,300 3,100 5,100 1,000	1,260 490 1,210 590	\$154,400 \$173,400 \$150,400 \$188,000	20,530 39,470 24,760 76,410	90 34 56 10	6.2 6.5 7.8 6.2	75 74 75 85	8.0 5.9 12.4 6.3	
Northeast	400 2,500 4,000 2,300	170 1,050 850 630	\$250,000+ \$141,300 \$171,200 \$144,700	44,740 54,890 27,560 26,670	5 27 44 25	2.1 9.1 8.2 6.8	97 62 78 83	2.3 21.2 5.3 5.5	

^{*}One standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval).

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Survey of Market Absorption.

Table 9. Characteristics of Unfurnished Apartments Completed in the Last Four Quarters and of Those Reported as Rented and Remaining for Rent in the Fourth Quarter of 2000

[Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview; i.e., 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data]

ltem	Total unfurnished apartments completed in last 4 quarters	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Apartments completed in last 4 quarters and rented prior to 4th quarter 2000	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Apartments completed in last 4 quarters and rented in 4th quarter 2000	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Apartments completed in last 4 quarters and remaining for rent at end of 4th quarter 2000	Standard error* (number of apartments)
Total	232,300	8,620	143,400	6,990	64,800	4,600	24,100	2,030
ASKING RENT								
Less than \$550 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 to \$849 \$850 or more Median asking rent	23,700 27,100 38,400 36,300 106,800 \$824	3,700 2,700 3,350 2,720 5,190 \$19	16,000 18,500 25,000 22,100 61,800 \$805	3,130 2,270 2,600 1,810 3,760 \$17	6,000 7,100 9,900 10,100 31,600 \$842	1,490 1,240 1,090 1,120 2,600 \$30	1,700 1,500 3,500 4,100 13,300 \$850+	730 270 410 490 1,410 \$40
BEDROOMS								
Fewer than 2 bedrooms	85,100 116,200 31,000	3,440 5,560 2,190	53,400 71,500 18,500	2,790 3,920 1,800	23,400 32,300 9,100	1,980 2,970 1,160	8,400 12,300 3,400	840 1,230 680

^{*}One standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval).

Note: These data are for completions in the fourth quarter of 1999, and the first through third quarters of 2000.

X Not applicable.

Table 10. Characteristics of Condominium Apartments Completed in the Last Four Quarters and of Those Reported as Sold and Remaining for Sale in the Fourth Quarter of 2000

[Privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking price are collected at the initial interview; i.e., 3 months following completion. Details may not sum to totals because of rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data]

Item	Total condo- miniums completed in last 4 quarters	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Condo- miniums completed in last 4 quarters and sold prior to 4th quarter 2000	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Condo- miniums completed in last 4 quarters and sold in 4th quarter 2000	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Condo- miniums completed in last 4 quarters and remaining for sale at end of 4th quarter 2000	Standard error* (number of apartments)
Total	34,900	4,520	22,700	3,460	8,400	1,150	3,800	940
ASKING PRICE								
Less than \$100,000 \$100,000 to \$124,999 \$125,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 or more Median asking price	8,300 6,500 5,200 6,200 8,800 \$137,900	2,690 1,370 830 880 1,210 \$21,650	6,800 3,900 3,600 3,300 5,200 \$130,000	2,350 700 640 410 1,000 \$20,590	900 1,500 1,100 2,300 2,600 \$165,400	230 340 270 580 630 \$26,690	600 1,200 500 600 1,000 \$131,900	240 830 210 210 270 \$27,310
BEDROOMS								
F ewer than 2 bedrooms 2 bedrooms	3,200 21,500 10,300	680 2,750 1,620	2,200 13,800 6,600	620 2,120 1,010	500 5,000 2,900	110 740 600	400 2,600 700	230 690 230

^{*}One standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval).

Note: These data are for completions in the fourth quarter of 1999, and the first through third quarters of 2000.

Table 11. Apartments Completed in Buildings With Five Units or More: 1994 to 2000

[Details may not sum to totals because of rounding]

Quarter of completion	Total ap	artments	rer	nished ntal ments	rer	ished ntal ments	Coopera condon	tives and niniums		erally idized	Otl	ner ¹
·	Number	Standard error*	Number	Standard error*	Number	Standard error*	Number	Standard error*	Number	Standard error*	Number	Standard error*
2000												
July-November ^p April-June	87,800 72,800 65,600	5,030 3,760 4,240	67,400 '57,100 '49,600	5,010 3,670 3,470	1,200 '1,300 '400	600 640 310	9,200 8,600 ^r 8,200	1,320 1,300 1,430	6,100 r3,400 6,600	960 740 3,250	3,900 ^r 2,500 ^r 800	1,530 1,430 190
1999												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	75,900 85,500 72,400 58,000	4,600 4,070 4,400 4,550	58,300 65,200 55,700 46,700	3,400 3,580 4,290 4,450	600 5,300 1,500 300	370 2,030 1,140 210	^r 9,200 10,500 8,500 6,000	1,990 2,840 1,210 1,150	3,100 3,300 4,800 2,400	570 860 1,350 520	r4,800 1,100 1,900 2,600	2,880 370 690 820
1998												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	67,900 78,100 70,000 57,900	3,560 5,780 3,150 3,380	48,800 60,900 54,900 45,200	3,350 5,310 2,980 3,090	1,200 1,400 100 300	680 460 5 15	10,400 9,800 6,900 7,300	3,150 2,840 900 1,540	5,200 4,200 6,600 4,000	1,590 1,100 1,900 2,490	2,300 1,700 1,500 1,100	760 380 300 200
1997												
October-December July-September	72,700 66,300 57,300 50,800	3,950 3,280 3,970 2,570	55,200 51,400 44,200 38,400	3,810 3,880 4,090 2,530	400 1,600 400 500	20 620 130 320	9,800 7,400 9,200 9,500	2,290 1,560 1,690 2,540	4,400 4,900 3,100 1,800	1,350 2,240 780 270	2,900 1,100 400 700	1,280 210 90 160
1996												
October-December July-September	62,700 71,000 66,100 51,600	2,590 2,870 4,050 2,610	43,200 53,700 50,700 43,700	4,320 2,850 4,070 2,990	500 1,500 400 (Z)	290 750 300 (Z)	14,200 10,600 6,400 5,600	4,020 1,540 850 840	3,400 4,200 5,400 1,300	830 1,870 2,080 310	1,400 900 3,200 900	480 200 1,950 240
1995												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	58,900 65,300 51,200 37,000	2,980 2,510 2,760 2,270	45,600 48,000 35,900 25,500	3,200 2,290 2,360 2,270	300 1,400 (Z) (Z)	250 620 (Z) (Z)	9,400 10,100 9,600 7,200	1,790 1,290 1,750 1,190	2,800 5,100 3,000 2,700	550 1,050 1,290 1,110	800 700 2,700 1,500	180 120 1,690 680
1994												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	47,800 45,400 37,200 24,600	2,260 2,130 2,250 2,060	35,500 29,500 24,700 14,300	2,730 2,540 2,610 1,560	400 600 100 (Z)	40 480 40 (Z)	8,200 8,300 9,200 8,800	1,460 1,110 1,970 1,450	3,400 4,700 3,000 700	1,730 1,930 1,100 270	300 2,300 300 700	60 1,040 210 130

^{*}One standard error (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval). Preliminary. TRevised. Z Fewer than 50 units or less than one-half of 1 percent.

¹Other includes time-sharing units, continuing care retirement units, and turnkey housing (privately built for and sold to local public housing authorities subsequent to completion).