U.S. Department of Commerce

Economics and Statistics Administration BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

# Market Absorption of Apartments 

Third Quarter 1994-Absorptions (Completions in Second Quarter 1994)

Figure 1.
Units in Apartment Buildings Completed and Absorbed: 1990 to 1994

${ }^{1}$ All apartments.
2 Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished apartments.
Note: Limited to buldings with five or more units in permit-issuing places.

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

An estimated total of 37,200 apartments were completed in buildings with five units or more in the second quarter of 1994. This is $51( \pm 26)$ percent higher than the 24,600 apartments completed in the first quarter of 1994, and $18( \pm 15)$ percent higher than the 31,600 apartments completed in the same (second) quarter of last year (table 11). Approximately 66 percent $(24,500)$ of all completions were privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments. This is significantly higher $( \pm 4,870)$ than the revised 14,300 such units completed in the first quarter but not significantly different from the 20,500 similar completions in the second quarter of 1993. An estimated 83 percent of the newly completed apartments were absorbed (seasonally adjusted) 3 months after their completion (table 1). This is not significantly different from the revised 3 -month-seasonally-adjusted absorption rate of 83 percent for apartments completed in the first quarter of 1994 but is significantly higher $( \pm 8)$ than the 75 -percent 3 -month absorption rate for those completed in the same quarter last year.

The not-seasonally-adjusted 3-month absorption rate for the 24,500 apartments completed in the second quarter was 85 percent, not significantly different from the not-seasonally-adjusted 3-month revised rate of 80 percent for the 14,300 units completed in the first quarter. Apartments completed in the first quarter of 1994, which have been on the market for 6 months were 92 percent absorbed and apartments which have been on the market for 9 months, those completed during October-December, were 96 percent absorbed. Apartments completed in July-September, which have been on the market for 12 months, were 94 percent absorbed (table 1).

The median asking rent for all privately financed, unfurnished units in buildings with five units or more completed in the second quarter of 1994 was $\$ 570$, about the same ( $\pm \$ 77$ ) as the revised asking rent of $\$ 578$ asked for apartments completed in the first quarter (tables 2 and 3 ). More than one-third of all new unfurnished apartments were built with fewer than two bedrooms while 62 percent were built with two or more bedrooms. The 2 percent of new apartment units with no bedrooms is significantly lower ( $\pm 2$ percent) than the 4 percent share for last quarter, but the distribution of the apartments with one or more bedrooms is not significantly different from the first quarter. There are no significant differences involving median asking rents between this quarter and last with respect to number of bedrooms.

The regional distribution and the metropolitan/non-metropolitan distribution of newly completed unfurnished apartments are not statistically different from last quarter. The $\$ 400$ median asking rent for new apartments in the Northeast (which accounted for only 2 percent of all completions) is lower than in the West ( $\pm \$ 179$ ), the Midwest $( \pm \$ 138)$, and the South ( $\pm$ \$153) (table 4).

The 3-month absorption rate for apartments completed inside Metropolitan Areas (MAs) in the second quarter (86
percent) is higher ( $\pm 5$ ) than last quarter ( 79 percent). The rate for completions in central city also increased ( $\pm$ percent) from 78 percent to 88 percent. The 3 -month absorption rates in the Northeast, the South, and the West were all higher ( $\pm 13,7$, and 5 percent respectively) than last quarter while in the Midwest it remained statistically the same ( $\pm 10$ percent). None of the regional absorption rates is significantly different from the others.

Approximately 9,400 cooperative and condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more were completed in the second quarter of 1994, not statistically different than the revised 8,800 such units completed last quarter (table 5). Condominiums and cooperatives accounted for about 25 percent of all completions in buildings with five or more units, about the same $( \pm 11)$ than the 36 -percent share in the first quarter. Almost all of these units were condominium apartments.

The 3-month absorption rate for the 9,200 condominium apartments was 78 percent, about the same ( $\pm 8$ ) as in the first quarter (tables 6 and 7). About 12 percent of new condominiums were built with fewer than two bedrooms, higher ( $\pm 3$ ) than the 7 -percent share in the last quarter, while the 18 -percent share for three-bedroom-or-more apartments was similar ( $\pm 11$ ) to the 28 percent from last quarter. The median asking price for condominiums built in the second quarter was $\$ 103,500$, about the same $( \pm 41,060)$ as the revised $\$ 97,400$ asked for first quarter completions.

Total condominium completions in central cities is about three times lower than in suburban areas (table 8). However, their median asking prices were not significantly different. About one-third as many condominiums were built in the Midwest as in the South and about half as many as were built in the West.

An estimated total of 77,800 privately financed, unfurnished, rental units were completed in the last 12 months, and they had a median asking rent of $\$ 569$. About 91 ( $\pm 9$ ) percent of these apartments had been rented by the end of the third quarter of 1994 (table 9). The total number of condominium apartments completed in the last 12 months was about 33,100 with a median asking price of $\$ 108,700$. About $87( \pm 8)$ percent of these units were sold by the end of the third quarter. The median asking price of $\$ 140,000$ for the 4,400 condominiums unsold at the end of the third quarter was higher ( $\pm \$ 33,220$ ) than the asking price of those sold during the past 12 months (table 10).

A total of 37,200 apartments were completed in all buildings with five units or more in the second quarter of 1994 (table 11). Sixty-six ( $\pm 9$ ) percent of the units completed in the second quarter were privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments. Cooperative and condominium apartments accounted for $25(+/ 8)$ percent of total second quarter completions, similar to the revised $36( \pm 8)$ percent in the first quarter. Less than $1( \pm 1)$ percent of second quarter completions were furnished units.

Units in federally subsidized properties built under profams of the Department of Housing and Urban Development (Low Income Housing Assistance (Section 8), Senior Citizens Housing Direct Loans (Section 202), and all units in buildings containing apartments in the FHA rent supplement program) accounted for about $8( \pm 5)$ percent of total completions. About 200 apartments completed in the second quarter are not in the scope of the survey for the purpose of measuring absorption rates or characteristics and include time-sharing units, continuing care retirement units, and turnkey units (privately built for and sold to local public housing authorities subsequent to completion). The data on privately financed units include privately owned housing subsidized by State and local government.

All statistics in this report are limited to apartments in newly constructed buildings with five units or more. Estimates published for a given quarter are preliminary and are subject to revision in ensuing quarters and are finalized in the annual report. Tables 1 through 4 and 9 are restricted to privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments. Table 5 is restricted to privately financed, nonsubsidized, cooperative and condominium apartments. Tables $6,7,8$, and 10 are restricted to privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium apartments only. Table 11 is a summary table which includes all newly constructed apartments in buildings with five units or more. Absorption rates are based on the first time an apartment offered for rent is rented after completion, or the first time a cooperative or condominium apartment is sold after completion. If apartments intended to be sold as cooperative or condominium units are offered by the builder or building owner for rent they are counted as rental apartments.

The statistics in this report are based on a sample survey and consequently they are subject to sampling variability. Estimates derived from different samples would differ from one another. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all possible samples. Estimates of standard errors have been computed from the sample data and are presented in the tables. They allow us to construct interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average of the estimates from all possible samples. For all the change statements made in this report, 90 -percent confidence intervals for statistical comparisons can be constructed by using the 90 -percent deviate shown in the parentheses after the change; however, when a 90 -percent confidence interval contains zero, we are uncertain whether or not the change has occurred. In addition, some of the statistical findings which are not part of the tables are also provided with a 90 -percent deviate.

## NOTE TO DATA USERS

The Survey of Market Absorption (SOMA) adopted new ratio estimation procedures in 1990 to derive more accurate estimates of completions (see section on ESTIMATION). Caution must be used when making comparisons
using data in reports published after June 1991 (completions in the fourth quarter 1990) to data in reports published prior to March 1991 (completions in the third quarter 1990). Use the same caution when comparing annual data for completions in 1990 and later to years prior to 1990.

## SAMPLE DESIGN

The Survey of Market Absorption is designed to provide data concerning the rate at which nonsubsidized and unfurnished privately financed units in buildings with five units or more are rented (or absorbed). In addition, data on characteristics of the units, such as rent and number of bedrooms, are collected.

The buildings selected for SOMA are those included in the Census Bureau's Survey of Construction (SOC). ${ }^{1}$ For SOC, the United States is first divided into primary sampling units (PSU's) which are sampled on the basis of population and building permits. Next a sample of permitissuing places is selected within each sample PSU. Finally, all buildings with five units or more within sampled places, as well as a subsample of buildings with one to four units, are selected.

Each quarter, a sample of buildings with five or more housing units in the SOC sample reported as completed during that quarter come into sample for SOMA. Buildings completed in nonpermit-issuing areas are excluded from consideration. Information on the proportion of units absorbed $3,6,9$, and 12 months after completion is obtained for units in buildings selected in a given quarter in each of the next four quarters.

Each quarter the absorption data for some buildings are received too late for inclusion in the report. These late data will be included in a revised table in the next quarterly report.

## ESTIMATION

Beginning with the fourth quarter of 1990 completion data (the first quarter of 1991 absorptions), the estimation procedure was modified. The modified estimation procedure was also applied to the first, second, and third quarters of 1990 completions data so that 1990 annual estimates could be derived using the same methodology for four quarters. No additional re-estimation of past data is planned.

Prior to this change in the estimation procedure, unbiased estimates were formed by multiplying the counts for each building by its base weight (the inverse of its probability of selection) and then summing over all buildings. The final estimate was then obtained by multiplying the unbiased estimate by the following ratio estimate factor for the Nation as a whole:

[^0]total units in $5+$ buildings in permit-issuing areas as estimated by the SOC for that quarter
total units in $5+$ buildings as estimated by
SOMA for that quarter.
For the modified estimation procedure, a separate ratio estimate factor as shown above is computed for each of the four Census regions. The final estimates for regions are obtained by multiplying the unbiased regional estimates by the corresponding ratio estimate factors. The final national estimate is obtained by summing the final regional estimates.

This procedure produces estimates of the units completed in a given quarter which are consistent with the published figures from the Housing Completions Series, ${ }^{2}$ and also reduces, to some extent, the sampling variability of the estimates of totals.

It is assumed that the absorption rates and other characteristics of units not included in the interviewed group or not accounted for are identical to rates for units where data were obtained. The noninterviewed and not-accounted-for cases constitute less than 2 percent of the sample housing units in this survey.

## RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES

There are two types of possible errors associated with data from sample surveys: sampling and nonsampling errors. The following is a description of the sampling and nonsampling errors associated with SOMA.

## Nonsampling Errors

In general, nonsampling errors can be attributed to many sources: inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample; definitional difficulties; differences in the interpretation of questions; inability or unwillingness of the respondents to provide correct information; and errors made in processing the data. These nonsampling errors also occur in complete censuses. Although no direct measurements of the biases have been obtained, it is believed that most of the important response and operational errors were detected in the course of reviewing the data for reasonableness and consistency.

## Sampling Errors

The particular sample used for this survey is one of a large number of possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the same sample design. Even if the same questionnaires, instructions, and interviewers were used, estimates from each of the different samples would differ from each other. The deviation of a

[^1]sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is defined as the sampling error. The standard error of survey estimate attempts to provide a measure of this variation among the estimates from the possible samples and, thus, is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a sample approximates the average result of all possible samples.

As calculated for this survey, the standard error also partially measures the variation in the estimates due to response and interviewer errors (nonsampling errors), but it does not measure, as such, any systematic biases in the data. Therefore, the accuracy of the estimates depends on both the sampling and nonsampling error measured by the standard error, biases, and some additional nonsampling errors not measured by the standard error.

The sample estimate and its estimated standard error enable the user to construct confidence intervals, ranges that would include the average result of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these were surveyed under essentially the same general conditions, and an estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated from each sample, then-

- Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate (i.e., 68 -percent confidence interval) would include the average result of all possible samples.
- Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate (i.e., 90 -percent confidence interval) would include the average result of all possible samples.
- Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two standard errors low the estimate to two standard errors above the estimate (i.e., 95 -percent confidence interval) would include the average result of all possible samples.

For very small estimates, the lower limit of the confidence interval may be negative. In this case, a better approximation to the true interval estimate can be achieved by restricting the interval estimate to positive values, that is, by changing the lower limit of the interval estimate to zero.

The average result of all possible samples either is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. However, for a particular sample, one can say with specified confidence that the average result of all possible samples is included in the constructed interval.

The conclusions stated in this report are considered significant at the 90 -percent confidence level.

For example, table 2 of this report shows that there were 12,500 apartments with two bedrooms completed in the second quarter of 1994. The standard error of this estimate is 1870 . The 68 -percent confidence interval as shown by
hese data is from 10,630 to 14,370 . Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 68 percent of all possible samples.

Similarly, we could conclude that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within the interval from 9,508 to 15,492 (using 1.6 times the standard error) with 90 percent confidence.

Figure 2.
Percent of New Unfurnished Rental Apartments Completed, by Rent Class

## Second Quarter 1994



First Quarter 1994


Figure 3.
Cooperative and Condominium Aparment Completions as Percent of Total Apartment Completions: 1990 to 1994


Table 1. Absorption Rates of Privately Financed, Nonsubsidized, Unfurnished Rental Apartments: 1987 to 1994
[Buildings with five units or more]

| Quarter of completion | Total unfurnished apartments completed |  | Seasonally adjustedrented within 3 months |  | Not seasonally adjusted-rented within- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 3 months | 6 months |  | 9 months |  | 12 months |  |
|  | Number |  |  |  | Percent |  | Percent |  | Percent | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Stan- } \\ \text { dard } \\ \text { error } \\ \text { (percent- } \\ \text { age } \\ \text { points) } \end{array}$ | Percent | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Stan- } \\ \text { dard } \\ \text { error } \\ \text { (percent- } \\ \text { age } \\ \text { points) } \end{array}$ | Percent | Standard error* (percentage points) |
| 1994 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April-June ${ }^{\text {P }}$ <br> January-March | $\begin{array}{r} 24,500 \\ r 14,300 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,610 \\ & 1,560 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 83 \\ & { }^{83} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 855 \\ & \text { '80 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.7 \\ & 1.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { (NA) } \\ 92 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} (N A) \\ 1.1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (NA) } \\ & \text { (NA) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (NA) } \\ & \text { (NA) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (NA) } \\ & \text { (NA) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (NA) } \\ & \text { (NA) } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1993 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October-December July-September Aprildune January-March | r 16,900 22,100 20,50017,600 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,450 \\ & 2,660 \\ & 2,010 \\ & 2,630 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 74 \\ & 76 \\ & 75 \\ & 75 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \\ & 5.8 \\ & 3.9 \\ & 8.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 71 \\ & 80 \\ & 77 \\ & 69 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.8 \\ & 5.5 \\ & 4.0 \\ & 7.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 88 \\ & 90 \\ & 89 \\ & 83 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.6 \\ & 4.3 \\ & 4.1 \\ & 6.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 96 \\ & 93 \\ & 95 \\ & 92 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.9 \\ & 3.9 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 5.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (NA) } \\ 94 \\ 97 \\ 96 \end{gathered}$ | (NA)3.90.54.3 |
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| 1992 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October-December <br> July September <br> April-June <br> January-March | 28,80032,00027,40022,100 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,370 \\ & 2,740 \\ & 3,000 \\ & 2,140 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 76 \\ & 75 \\ & 71 \\ & 73 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.7 \\ & 1.9 \\ & 2.5 \\ & 2.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 74 \\ & 78 \\ & 74 \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.6 \\ & 2.0 \\ & 2.6 \\ & 2.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 93 \\ & 88 \\ & 92 \\ & 89 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.0 \\ & 1.5 \\ & 1.9 \\ & 1.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98 \\ & 94 \\ & 96 \\ & 96 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.3 \\ & 1.3 \\ & 0.9 \\ & 0.4 \end{aligned}$ | 99979998 | 0.10.50.4 |
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| 1991 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October-December <br> July-September Apri-June <br> January-March | $\begin{aligned} & 26,400 \\ & 48,200 \\ & 46,500 \\ & 44,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,390 \\ & 3,140 \\ & 2,880 \\ & 2,610 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 73 \\ & 70 \\ & 68 \\ & 70 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.6 \\ & 2.6 \\ & 3.2 \\ & 2.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 70 \\ & 72 \\ & 71 \\ & 67 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 2.7 \\ & 3.3 \\ & 2.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85 \\ & 86 \\ & 87 \\ & 87 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \\ & 1.5 \\ & 1.7 \\ & 1.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 92 \\ & 93 \\ & 93 \\ & 95 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.9 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | 95979798 | 1.30.80.50.3 |
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| 1990 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October-December <br> July-September April-June January-March | 54,100 61,400 54,40043,300 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,560 \\ & 3,420 \\ & 2,900 \\ & 2,620 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 60 \\ & 67 \\ & 69 \\ & 71 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.7 \\ & 3.8 \\ & 1.7 \\ & 2.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 58 \\ & 69 \\ & 73 \\ & 67 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.6 \\ & 3.8 \\ & 1.7 \\ & 2.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 78 \\ & 85 \\ & 88 \\ & 88 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.8 \\ & 2.1 \\ & 1.1 \\ & 1.0 \end{aligned}$ | 90939495 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.4 \\ & 1.1 \\ & 0.8 \\ & 0.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 95 \\ & 96 \\ & 97 \\ & 96 \end{aligned}$ | 0.81.10.60.4 |
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| 1989 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October-December July-September April-June January-March | $\begin{aligned} & 57,300 \\ & 67,200 \\ & 65,700 \\ & 56,200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,860 \\ & 3,830 \\ & 3,830 \\ & 3,610 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 71 \\ & 72 \\ & 67 \\ & 69 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.4 \\ & 2.3 \\ & 1.6 \\ & 2.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 69 \\ & 74 \\ & 71 \\ & 65 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.3 \\ & 2.4 \\ & 1.7 \\ & 1.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 86 \\ & 86 \\ & 87 \\ & 87 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.6 \\ & 2.2 \\ & 1.2 \\ & 1.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 94 \\ & 92 \\ & 92 \\ & 94 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0.8 \\ & 2.1 \\ & 1.0 \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 97 \\ & 96 \\ & 96 \\ & 96 \end{aligned}$ | 0.71.20.90.6 |
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| 1988 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October-December | $\begin{aligned} & 68,800 \\ & 75,600 \\ & 72,000 \\ & 68,10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,850 \\ & 5,470 \\ & 4,450 \\ & 3,870 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 67 \\ & 67 \\ & 65 \\ & 63 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.2 \\ & 2.6 \\ & 1.4 \\ & 2.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65 \\ & 68 \\ & 70 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.1 \\ & 2.6 \\ & 1.5 \\ & 1.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 83 \\ & 83 \\ & 86 \\ & 82 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.9 \\ & 1.9 \\ & 1.2 \\ & 1.0 \end{aligned}$ | 91939290 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.5 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 1.0 \\ & 0.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 93 \\ & 97 \\ & 95 \\ & 95 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.3 \\ & 0.3 \\ & 0.7 \\ & 0.7 \end{aligned}$ |
| July-September . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April-June . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January-March....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1987 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| October-December July-September April-June January-March. | 77,000 89,30081,600 <br> 97 97,700 | 4,6704,2404,7604,620 | 65626460 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.1 \\ & 2.4 \\ & 2.2 \\ & 1.8 \end{aligned}$ | 63636858 | $\begin{aligned} & 2.0 \\ & 2.4 \\ & 1.4 \\ & 2.1 \end{aligned}$ | 83808780 | 1.32.40.72.6 | 92879388 | 0.82.00.72.7 | 96939692 | 0.51.40.42.4 |
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*Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3. NA Not available. PPreliminary. 'Revised.

## able 2. Characteristics of Unfurmished Apartments Completed During the Second Quarter of 1994 and Rented Within 3 Months (Preliminary)

Not Seasonally Adjusted
[Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apariments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview, i.e., 3 months following completion. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded datal

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| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

*Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3 . $\times$ Not applicable.

Table 3. Characteristics of Unfurnished Apartments Completed During the First Quarter of 1994 and Rented
Within 3 Months (Revised)

## Not Seasonally Adjusted

[Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview, i.e., 3 months following completion. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded datal


*Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of $3 . \quad X$ Not applicable.

Table 4. Unfurnished Apartments Completed During the Second Ouarter of 1994, by Geographic Area
Not Seasonally Adjusted
IPrivately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding asking rent are collected at the initial interview. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data.]

| Geographic area | Total unfurnished apartments completed |  |  |  | Percent of total units |  | Percent rented within 3 months |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Standard error* (number of apartments) | Median asking rent | Standard error* (dollars) | Percent | Standard error* (percentage points) | Percent | Standard error* (percentage points) |
| United States, total . | 24,500 | 2,610 | \$570 | \$33 | 100 | (X) | 85 | 2.7 |
| Inside MA | 21,600 | 2,930 | \$567 | \$37 | 88 | 6.9 | 86 | 2.5 |
| In central city | 8,800 | 1,410 | \$574 | \$75 | 36 | 6.3 | 88 | 1.2 |
| Not in central city | 12,700 | 2,720 | \$565 | \$46 | 52 | 7.6 | 85 | 4.1 |
| Outside MA | 2,900 | 1,690 | \$658 | \$92 | 12 | 6.9 | 81 | 11.5 |
| Northeast | 400 | 330 | \$400 | \$62 | 2 | 1.4 | 90 | 7.8 |
| Midwest. | 9,900 | 2,550 | \$559 | \$60 | 41 | 8.3 | 84 | 5.4 |
| South. | 8,700 | 1,640 | \$563 | \$73 | 36 | 6.4 | 85 | 3.4 |
| West | 5,400 | 1,270 | \$639 | \$93 | 22 | 5.0 | 89 | 2.4 |

*Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3 . X Not applicable.

Table 5. Absorption Rates of Cooperative and Condominium Aparments: 1987 to 1994
Not Seasonally Adjusted
[Buildings with five units or more.]


[^2]Table 6. Characteristics of Condominium Apartments Completed During the Second Quarter of 1994 and Sold
Within 3 Months (Preliminary)
Not Seasonally Adjusted
[Privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking price are collected at the initial interview, i.e., 3 months following completion. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data]

| Item | Total condominium apartments completed |  | Percent of total units |  | Percent sold within 3 months |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Standard error* (number of apantments) | Percent | Standard error* (percentage points) | Percent | Standard error* (percentage points) |
| Total. | 9,200 | 1,960 | 100 | (X) | 78 | 2.7 |
| PRICE CLASS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$50,000. | 100 | 90 | 1 | 0.9 | 100 | 0.0 |
| \$50,000 to \$74,999. | 900 | 240 | 10 | 2.5 | 83 | 7.1 |
| \$75,000 to \$99,999. | 3,400 | 790 | 37 | 6.4 | 83 | 4.5 |
| \$100,000 to \$149,999. | 2,800 | 1,100 | 30 | 7.3 | 82 | 2.0 |
| \$150,000 to \$199,999. | 1,400 | 430 | 15 | 3.3 | 64 | 3.9 |
| \$200,000 or more | 600 | 100 | 7 | 1.8 | 55 | 1.0 |
| Median asking price | \$103,500 | \$25,060 | (X) | (X) | \$99,200 | \$10,480 |
| BEDROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fewer than 2 bedrooms. | 1,100 | 310 | 12 | 1.7 | 90 | 3.3 |
| 2 bedrooms. . | 6,500 | 1,300 | 70 | 4.1 | 77 | 3.4 |
| 3 bedrooms or more | 1,700 | 500 | 18 | 2.7 | 76 | 4.2 |

*Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3 . X Not applicable.

## Table 7. Characteristics of Condominium Apartments Completed During the First Quarter of 1994 and Sold Within 3 Months (Revised)

## Not Seasonally Adjusted

[Privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking price are collected at the initial interview, i.e., 3 months following completion. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data]

| Item | Total condominium apartments completed |  | Percent of total units |  | Percent sold within 3 months |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Standard error* (number of apartments) | Percent | Standard error* (percentage points) | Percent | Standard error* (percentage points) |
| Total. | 7,300 | 1,010 | 100 | (X) | 81 | 4.0 |
| PRICE CLASS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$50,000. | 100 | 70 | 2 | 1.0 | 73 | 23.2 |
| \$50,000 to \$74,999. | 700 | 110 | 9 | 1.7 | 53 | 26.0 |
| \$75,000 to \$99,999. | 3,200 | 830 | 44 | 6.1 | 93 | 2.2 |
| \$100,000 to \$149,999. | 1,700 | 210 | 23 | 2.6 | 84 | 1.8 |
| \$150,000 to \$199,999. | 800 | 70 | 10 | 1.3 | 77 | 1.0 |
| \$200,000 or more | 900 | 80 | 12 | 1.6 | 58 | 0.9 |
| Median asking price | \$97,400 | \$5,530 | (X) | (X) | \$96,200 | \$5,870 |
| BEDROORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fewer than 2 bedrooms. | 500 | 60 | 7 | 1.0 | 75 | 1.0 |
| 2 bedrooms..... | 4,800 | 760 | 66 | 6.2 | 79 | 4.6 |
| 3 bedrooms or more. | 2,000 | 600 | 28 | 6.4 | 88 | 5.1 |

[^3]Table 8. Condominium Aparments Completed During the Second Quarter of 1994 by Geographic Area
Not Seasonally Adjusted
[Privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding asking price are collected at the initial interview. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded datal

| Geographic area | Total condominium apartments completed |  |  |  | Percent of total units |  | Percent sold within 3 months |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Standard error* (number of apartments) | Median asking price | Standard error* (dollars) | Percent | Standard error* (percentage points) | Percent | Standard error* (percentage points) |
| United States, total. | 9,200 | 1,960 | \$103,500 | 25,060 | 100 | (X) | 78 | 2.7 |
| Inside MA | 7,700 | 1,670 | \$106,600 | 23,380 | 83 | 12.2 | 78 | 2.2 |
| In central city. | 1,800 | 280 | \$148,200 | 32,540 | 20 | 5.1 | 69 | 3.7 |
| Not in central city | 5,800 | 1,660 | \$100,900 | 26,370 | 63 | 11.5 | 81 | 2.5 |
| Outside MA | 1,500 | 1,260 | \$94,400 | 36,200 | 17 | 12.2 | 78 | 12.0 |
| Northeast | 2,000 | 1,690 | \$129,600 | 46,900 | 21 | 15.4 | 78 | 2.4 |
| Midwest. | 1,200 | 400 | \$88,700 | 7,370 | 13 | 4.6 | 78 | 12.3 |
| South. | 3,300 | 1,250 | \$93,700 | 16,840 | 36 | 11.5 | 82 | 4.9 |
| West | 2,700 | 350 | \$117,000 | 20,250 | 30 | 7.3 | 73 | 1.7 |

[^4]Table 9. Characteristics of Unfurnished Aparments Completed in the Last Four Quarters and Reported as Rented and Remaining for Rent in the Third Quarter of 1994
[Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview, i.e., 3 months following completion. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data]

| Item | Total unfurnished apartmenis completed in last 4 quarters | Standard error* (number of apartments) | Apartments rented prior to 3 rd quarter 1994 | Standard error" (number of apartments) | Apartments rented in 3rd quarter 1994 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Standard } \\ \text { error } \\ \text { (number of } \\ \text { aparments) } \end{gathered}$ | Apartments remaining for rent aq end of 3 rd quarter 1994 | Standard error* (number of apartments) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 77,800 | 4,350 | 46,800 | 3,320 | 24,300 | 2,550 | 6,700 | 1,110 |
| RENT Class |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than \$350 | 5,500 | 1,540 | 2,100 | 740 | 2,700 | 1,050 | 700 | 450 |
| \$350 ${ }^{\text {o }}$ \$449 | 10,200 | 1,500 | 6,200 | 1,310 | 3,300 | 830 | 700 | 180 |
| \$450 to \$549 | 20,400 | 2,570 | 13,800 | 2,410 | 5,300 | 970 | 1,300 | 520 |
| \$550 to \$649 | 15,000 | 2,110 | 8,800 | 1,390 | 5,600 | 1,750 | 600 | 210 |
| \$650 to \$749 | 10,600 | 1,430 | 5,700 | 570 | 3,500 | 770 | 1,500 | 640 |
| \$750 or more | 16,000 | 1,080 | 10,200 | 840 | 4,000 | 390 | 1,800 | 530 |
| Median asking rent. | \$569 | \$21 | \$565 | \$27 | \$565 | \$32 | \$645 | \$124 |
| BEDFOOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fewer than 2 bedrooms. | 24,000 | 2,370 | 13,300 | 1,310 | 8,400 | 1,590 | 2,300 | 700 |
| 2 bedrooms | 43,100 | 3,440 | 26,800 | 2,900 | 13,000 | 1,930 | 3,300 | 680 |
| 3 bedrooms or more. | 10,700 | 1,210 | 6,700 | 960 | 2,900 | 510 | 1,100 | 540 |

*Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3.
Note: These data are for completions in the first and second quarters of 1994 and the third and fourth quarters of 1993.

Table 10. Characteristics of Condominium Apartments Completed in the Last Four Quarters and Reported as Sold and Remaining for Sale in the Third Quarter of 1994
[Privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking price are collected at the initial interview, i.e., 3 months following completion. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded datal

| liem | Total condominiums completed in last 4 quarters | Standard error" number of apartments) | Condominiums sold prior to 3rd quarter 1994 | Standard error* (number of apartments) | Condominiums sold in 3 rd quarter 1994 | Standard error* number of apartments) | Condo miniums remaining for sale at end of 3rd quarter 1994 | Standard error* (number of apartments) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 33,100 | 3,120 | 20,300 | 1,510 | 8,400 | 1,070 | 4,400 | 620 |
| PRICE CLASS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| L.ess than \$50,000 | 400 | 260 | 300 | 170 | 100 | 70 | (Z) | (Z) |
| \$50,000 to \$74,999. | 3,600 | 620 | 2,200 | 560 | 1,000 | 160 | 400 | 120 |
| \$75,000 to \$99,999. | 10,800 | 1,910 | 6,800 | 960 | 3,100 | 700 | 900 | 210 |
| \$100,000 to \$149,999 | 10,200 | 2,000 | 6,600 | 760 | 2,500 | 740 | 1,100 | 460 |
| \$150,000 to \$199,999 | 5,100 | 1,260 | 3,100 | 660 | 1,000 | 260 | 1,000 | 330 |
| \$200,000 or more | 2,900 | 170 | 1,400 | 50 | 600 | 50 | 1,000 | 60 |
| Median asking price | \$108,700 | \$10,760 | \$107,000 | \$8,080 | \$99,900 | \$6,110 | \$140,000 | \$19,610 |
| BEDROOMS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fewer than 2 bedrooms. | 3,200 | 510 | 1,700 | 240 | 1,100 | 230 | 400 | 150 |
| 2 bedrooms.... | 23,000 | 2,650 | 14,000 | 1,160 | 5,800 | 990 | 3,200 | 530 |
| 3 bedrooms or more. | 6,900 | 1,570 | 4,700 | 940 | 1,500 | 320 | 800 | 270 |

*Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3.
Note: These data are for completions in the first and second quarters of 1994 and the third and fourth quarters of 1993.

Table 11. Aparments Completed in Buildings With Five Units or More: 1987 to 1994
[Data may not add to total due to rounding]

| Quarter of completion | Total apartments completed |  | Unfurnished rental apartments |  | Furnished rental aparments |  | Cooperatives and condominiums |  | Federally subsidized |  | Other ${ }^{4}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Standard error* | Number | Standard error* | Number | Standard error* | Number | Standard error* | Number | Standard error* | Number | Standard error* |
| 1994 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April-June ${ }^{\text {p }}$. | 37,200 | 2,250 | 24,500 | 2,610 | 100 | 40 | 9,400 | 1,960 | 3,000 | 1,100 | 200 | 140 |
| January-March 1993 | 24,600 | 2,060 | '14,300 | 1,560 | (Z) | (Z) | '8,800 | 1,450 | r700 | 270 | 700 | 130 |
| October-December | 31,500 | 2,180 | ${ }^{1} 16,900$ | 2,450 | 200 | 20 | 9,500 | 1,410 | 4,000 | 1,370 | '900 | 500 |
| July-September | 33,400 | 2,590 | 22,100 | 2,660 | 2,300 | 2,070 | 7,000 | 870 | 1,300 | 370 | 800 | 400 |
| April-June | 31,600 | 1,740 | 20,500 | 2,010 | (Z) | (Z) | 8,500 | 1,140 | 2,000 | 1,310 | 700 | 200 |
| January-March 1992 | 28,400 | 2,800 | 17,600 | 2,630 | 200 | 180 | 7,000 | 1,140 | 600 | 110 | 3,000 | 1,780 |
| October-December | 41,500 | 2,470 | 28,800 | 2,370 | (z) | (Z) | 7,900 | 1,170 | 1,300 | 270 | 3,500 | 1,970 |
| July-September | 43,900 | 2,930 | 32,000 | 2,740 | 500 | 300 | 8,200 | 1,280 | 1,900 | 140 | 1,300 | 500 |
| April-June | 37,400 | 2,290 | 27,400 | 3,000 | 100 | 10 | 7,200 | 2,120 | 1,800 | 520 | 900 | 420 |
| January-March 1991 | 32,300 | 2,340 | 22,100 | 2,140 | 100 | 50 | 7,800 | 950 | 2,000 | 770 | 300 | 90 |
| October-December | 38,300 | 2,070 | 26,400 | 2,390 | (Z) | (Z) | 7,900 | 940 | 3,100 | 1,300 | 800 | 320 |
| July-September | 62,000 | 2,850 | 48,200 | 3,140 | 1,100 | 800 | 9,900 | 1,050 | 2,100 | 410 | 700 | 250 |
| April-June | 60,000 | 3,230 | 46,500 | 2,880 | 600 | 60 | 9,800 | 1,180 | 2,200 | 650 | 1,000 | 120 |
| January-March 1990 | 56,200 | 2,570 | 44,200 | 2,610 | 1,100 | 1,630 | 7,700 | 1,200 | 2,200 | 630 | 1,100 | 560 |
| October-December | 70,300 | 3,650 | 54,100 | 3,560 | 600 | 30 | 12,400 | 1,490 | 2,500 | 590 | 700 | 90 |
| July-September | 82,200 | 4,040 | 61,400 | 3,420 | 1,700 | 560 | 12,900 | 1,630 | 2,500 | 780 | 3,800 | 1,350 |
| April-June | 75,200 | 3,250 | 55,400 | 2,900 | (Z) | (Z) | 12,800 | 1,900 | 2,700 | 1,220 | 4,400 | 1,610 |
| January-March . 1989 | 66,600 | 3,210 | 43,300 | 2,640 | 600 | 80 | 14,500 | 3,110 | 6,200 | 3,030 | 1,900 | , 330 |
| October-December | 78,500 | 3,890 | 57,300 | 3,860 | 500 | 230 | 13,100 | 1,370 | 5,900 | 3,070 | 1,800 | 740 |
| July-September | 92,300 | 3,400 | 67,200 | 3,830 | 2,800 | 1,910 | 15,100 | 1,930 | 4,900 | 1,010 | 2,500 | 280 |
| April-june | 85,600 | 2,770 | 65,700 | 3,440 | 1,100 | 120 | 15,900 | 1,920 | 2,400 | 620 | 500 | 80 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { January-March . ..... } \\ 1988 \end{gathered}$ | 81,500 | 3,820 | 56,200 | 3,610 | 600 | 80 | 15,600 | 1,700 | 6,600 | 2,320 | 2,500 | 560 |
| October-December | 95,000 | 4,770 | 68,800 | 4,850 | 1,100 | 90 | 18,700 | 3,940 | 3,300 | 1,030 | 3,100 | 1,580 |
| July-September | 104,000 | 4,840 | 75,600 | 5,470 | 2,500 | 1,360 | 20,400 | 3,010 | 3,100 | 1,030 | 2,500 | 780 |
| April-June .... January-March | 99,100 | 3,620 | 72,000 | 4,450 | 200 | 80 | 21,000 | 2,810 | 4,100 | 1,310 | 1,700 | 440 |
| January-March. $1987$ | 90,500 | 3,620 | 68,100 | 3,870 | 400 | 40 | 16,200 | 2,150 | 4,700 | 1,900 | 1,100 | +90 |
| October-December | 110,000 | 3,620 | 77,000 | 4,640 | 100 | 20 | 25,700 | 3,310 | 4,200 | 1,320 | 3,000 | 1,580 |
| July-September | 119,900 | 5,140 | 89,300 | 4,240 | 3,800 | 1,440 | 19,000 | 2,810 | 5,900 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 520 |
| April-June | 117,800 | 5,140 | 81,600 | 4,760 | 2,600 | 530 | 27,000 | 4,190 | 3,200 | 3,300 | 3,300 | 880 |
| January-March | 126,400 | 5,140 | 97,700 | 4,620 | 1,400 | 780 | 20,600 | 3,210 | 3,700 | 1,310 | 3,000 | 1,160 |

* Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3. P Preliminary. $\quad$ Revised. $Z$ Fewer than 50 units.
${ }^{1}$ Other includes time-sharing units, continuing care retirement units, and turnkey housing (privately built for and sold to local public housing authorities subsequent to completion).


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[^0]:    'See the January issue of "Housing Starts," Construction Reports, Series C20, for details of this survey.

[^1]:    ${ }^{2}$ See "Housing Completions," Construction Reports, Series C22.

[^2]:    *Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3 . NA Not available. PPreliminary. 'Revised.

[^3]:    *Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3 . $X$ Not applicable.

[^4]:    *Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of $3 . \quad X$ Not applicable.

