U.S. Department of Commerce Economics and Statistics Administration BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

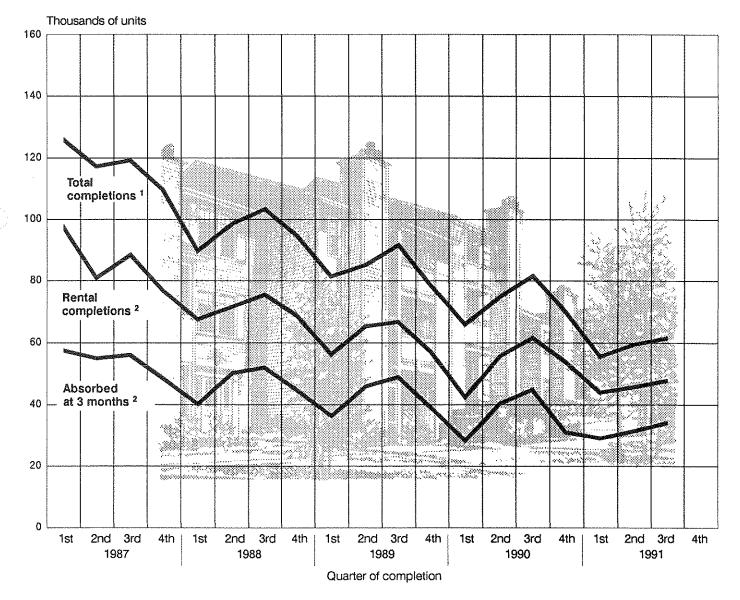
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Market Absorption of Apartments

H130-91Q4 Issued March 1992 Fourth Quarter 1991–Absorptions (Completions in Third Quarter 1991)

Figure 1.

Units in Apartment Buildings Completed and Absorbed: 1987 to 1991



¹ All apartments.

Note: Limited to buildings with five or more units in permit-issuing places.

² Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished apartments.

NOTE TO DATA USERS

Beginning with the fourth quarter 1990 completions, we adopted new estimation procedures for the Survey of Market Absorption (SOMA) that provide more accurate estimates at the regional level (see page 4, ESTIMATION). Absorption rates are not significantly affected by this change, but estimates of the various categories of units completed and the regional breakdown of completions may be. We revised all estimates for 1990.

Because of these changes, use caution when making comparisons using data in reports published after June 1991 (completions in the fourth quarter 1990) to data in reports published prior to March 1991 (completions in the third quarter 1990). Use the same caution when comparing annual data for completions in 1990 and later to years prior to 1990.

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

An estimated total of 62,000 apartments were completed in buildings with five units or more in the third quarter, July-September 1991 (table 11). Approximately 48,400 were privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments. Of these 48,400, an estimated 69 percent were absorbed (seasonally adjusted) 3 months after their completion (table 1). This is about the same ±7 percent) as the 3-month seasonally adjusted rate of 66 percent for apartments completed in the second quarter of 1991. It is also about the same (±8 percent) as the 3-month seasonally adjusted rate of 67 percent for apartments completed during the same (third) quarter of 1990 (table 1).

All statistics in this report are limited to apartments in newly constructed buildings with five units or more. Tables 1 through 4 and 9 are restricted to privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments. Table 5 is restricted to privately financed, nonsubsidized, cooperative and condominium apartments. Tables 6, 7, 8, and 10 are restricted to privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium apartments. Table 11 is a summary table which includes all newly constructed apartments in buildings with five units or more. Absorption rates are based on the first time an apartment offered for rent is rented after completion, or the first time a cooperative or condominium apartment is sold after completion. If apartments intended to be sold as cooperative or condominium units are offered by the builder or building owner for rent, they are counted as rental apartments.

The statistics in this report are based on a sample survey and consequently they are subject to sampling variability. Estimates derived from different samples would differ from one another. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from all possible samples. Estimates of standard errors have been computed from the sample data and are presented in the tables. They allow us to construct interval

estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average of the estimates from all possible samples. For all the change statements made in this report, 90-percent confidence intervals for statistical comparisons can be constructed by using the 90-percent deviate shown in the parentheses after the change; however, when a 90-percent confidence interval contains zero, we are uncertain whether or not the change has occurred. In addition, some of the statistical findings which are not part of the tables are also provided with a 90-percent deviate.

The not-seasonally-adjusted 3-month absorption rate for the 48.400 apartments completed in the third quarter was 72 percent, about the same (±7 percent) as the notseasonally-adjusted 3-month rate of 69 percent for the 46,300 units completed in the second quarter, April-June 1991. Apartments completed in the second quarter 1991, which have been on the market for 6 months were 86 percent absorbed, comparable to the 6-month rate of 87 percent for units completed in the first quarter. Apartments which have been on the market for 9 months, those completed during January-March of 1991, were 95 percent absorbed, an increase of 5 (±3) percentage points over the 9-month rate for apartments completed in the fourth quarter, October-December of 1990. Apartments completed in the fourth quarter of 1990, which have been on the market for 12 months, were 95 percent absorbed (table 1).

The median asking rent for all privately financed, unfurnished units in buildings with five units or more constructed in the third quarter of 1991 was \$586, not significantly lower than the \$596 median rent asked for similar apartments completed in the second quarter. The number of apartments with fewer than two bedrooms is not significantly different from last quarter; the median asking rent of these units was unchanged (±\$37) at \$513. The total number of apartments built with two bedrooms or more is significantly higher (±4,900) than last quarter, and accounted for 64 percent of the total versus 56 percent last quarter. The median asking rent for the 31,100 units built with two or more bedrooms was \$624, also about the same (±\$52) as the \$643 median in the second quarter (tables 2 and 3).

Ninety-one percent of all privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished apartments were built inside Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs), not significantly different from the past two quarters . Forty-one percent of the unfurnished apartments completed in the third quarter were built in suburban areas, unchanged (± 10 percent) from quarter two, but the 49 percent built inside central cities is significantly higher (± 10 percent) than the 35 percent share last quarter (table 4).

Approximately 10,000 cooperative and condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more were completed in the third quarter of 1991. The 3-month absorption rate for these apartments was 60 percent, not significantly different from the 3-month rate in any quarter in the past 2 years (table 5).

About 74 percent of all new condominium units had two bedrooms, while the rest of the units were about evenly divided between those units with fewer than two bedrooms (13 percent) and units with three or more bedrooms (13 percent). The median asking price for condominiums built in the third quarter was \$138,700, not significantly higher than the \$131,000 asked in the second quarter (tables 6 and 7). Only 4 percent of new condominiums were constructed in the Midwest. The rest (96 percent) were about evenly divided among the Northeast, South, and West (table 8).

An estimated total of 193,300 privately financed, unfurnished, rental units were completed in the last 12 months, and they had a median asking rent of \$601. About 87 (\pm 5) percent of these apartments had been rented by the end of the fourth quarter of 1991 (table 9). The total number of condominium apartments completed in the last 12 months was about 40,100 with a median asking price of \$128,700. About 74 (\pm 6) percent of these units were sold by the end of the fourth quarter (table 10).

Figure 2.

Percent of New Unfurnished Rental Apartments Completed, by Region

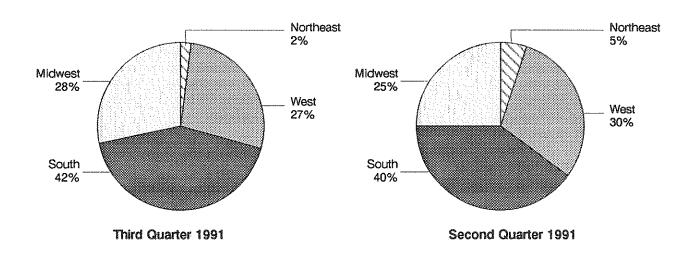
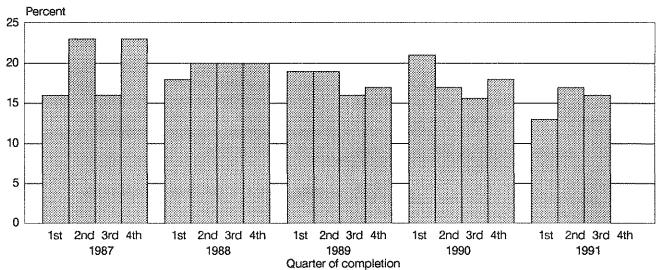


Figure 3.

Cooperative and Condominium Apartment Completions as Percent of Total Apartment Completions: 1987 to 1991



Note: Limited to buildings with five or more units in permit-issuing places.

The total number of apartment completed in all buildings with five units or more in the first three quarters of 1991 (178,200) was 20 (\pm 7) percent less than the 224,000 total completions in the same period in 1990 (table 11). A total of 62,000 apartments were completed in such buildings in the third quarter of 1991. Most (78 (\pm 6) percent) of the units completed in the third quarter were the 48,400 privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments. Cooperative and condominium apartments accounted for 16 (\pm 2) percent of total third quarter 1991 completions. One (\pm 1) percent of all third quarter completions were furnished units.

Units in federally subsidized properties built under programs of the Department of Housing and Urban Development (Low Income Housing Assistance (Section 8), Senior Citizens Housing Direct Loans (Section 202), and all units in buildings containing apartments in the FHA rent supplement program) accounted for about 3 (± 1) percent of total completions. About 700 apartments (1 ± 1) percent) completed in the third quarter are not in the scope of the survey for the purpose of measuring absorption rates or characteristics and include time-sharing units, continuing care retirement units, and turnkey units (privately built for and sold to local public housing authorities subsequent to completion). The data on privately financed units include privately owned housing subsidized by State and local government.

SAMPLE DESIGN

The Survey of Market Absorption (SOMA) is designed to provide data concerning the rate at which nonsubsidized and unfurnished privately financed units in buildings with five units or more are rented (or absorbed). In addition, data on characteristics of the units, such as rent and number of bedrooms, are collected.

The buildings selected for SOMA are those included in the Census Bureau's Survey of Construction (SOC).¹ For SOC, the United States is first divided into primary sampling units (PSU's) which are sampled on the basis of population and building permits. Next a sample of permitissuing places is selected within each sample PSU. Finally, all buildings with five units or more within sampled places, as well as a subsample of buildings with one to four units, are selected.

Each quarter, a sample of buildings with five or more housing units in the SOC sample reported as completed during that quarter come into sample for SOMA. Buildings completed in nonpermit-issuing areas are excluded from consideration. Information on the proportion of units absorbed 3, 6, 9, and 12 months after completion is obtained for units in buildings selected in a given quarter in each of the next four quarters.

Each quarter the absorption data for some buildings are received too late for inclusion in the report. These late data will be included in a revised table in the next quarterly report.

ESTIMATION

Beginning with the fourth quarter of 1990 completion data (the first quarter of 1991 absorptions), the estimation procedure was modified. The modified estimation procedure was also applied to the first, second, and third quarters of 1990 completions data so that 1990 annual estimates could be derived using the same methodology for four quarters. No additional re-estimation of past data is planned.

Prior to this change in the estimation procedure, unbiased estimates were formed by multiplying the counts for each building by its base weight (the inverse of its probability of selection) and then summing over all buildings. The final estimate was then obtained by multiplying the unbiased estimate by the following ratio estimate factor for the Nation as a whole:

total units in 5+ buildings in permit-issuing areas as estimated by the SOC for that quarter

total units in 5+ buildings as estimated by SOMA for that quarter.

For the modified estimation procedure, a separate ratio estimate factor shown as above is computed for each of the four Census regions. The final estimates for regions are obtained by multiplying the unbiased regional estimates by the corresponding ratio estimate factors. The final national estimate is obtained by summing the final regional estimates.

This procedure produces estimates of the units completed in a given quarter which are consistent with the published figures from the Housing Completions Series,² and also reduces, to some extent, the sampling variability of the estimates of totals.

It is assumed that the absorption rates and other characteristics of units not included in the interviewed group or not accounted for are identical to rates for units where data were obtained. The noninterviewed and not-accounted-for cases constitute less than 2 percent of the sample housing units in this survey.

RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES

There are two types of possible errors associated with data from sample surveys: sampling and nonsampling errors. The following is a description of the sampling and nonsampling errors associated with SOMA.

¹See the January issue of "Housing Starts," Construction Reports, Series C20, for details of this survey.

²See "Housing Completions," Construction Reports, Series C22.

Nonsampling Errors

In general, nonsampling errors can be attributed to many sources: inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample; definitional difficulties; differences in the interpretation of questions; inability or unwillingness of the respondents to provide correct information; and errors made in processing the data. These nonsampling errors also occur in complete censuses. Although no direct measurements of the biases have been obtained, it is believed that most of the important response and operational errors were detected in the course of reviewing the data for reasonableness and consistency.

Sampling Errors

The particular sample used for this survey is one of a large number of possible samples of the same size that could have been selected using the same sample design. Even if the same questionnaires, instructions, and interviewers were used, estimates from each of the different samples would differ from each other. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is defined as the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate attempts to provide a measure of this variation among the estimates from the possible samples and, thus, is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a sample approximates the average result of all possible samples.

As calculated for this survey, the standard error also partially measures the variation in the estimates due to response and interviewer errors (nonsampling errors), but it does not measure, as such, any systematic biases in the data. Therefore, the accuracy of the estimates depends on both the sampling and nonsampling error measured by the standard error, biases, and some additional nonsampling errors not measured by the standard error.

The sample estimate and its estimated standard error enable the user to construct confidence intervals, ranges that would include the average result of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, each of these were surveyed under essentially the same general conditions, and an estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated from each sample, then—

- Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate (i.e., 68-percent confidence interval) would include the average result of all possible samples.
- Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate (i.e., 90-percent confidence interval) would include the average result of all possible samples.
- Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two standard errors low the estimate to two standard errors above the estimate (i.e., 95-percent confidence interval) would include the average result of all possible samples.

For very small estimates, the lower limit of the confidence interval may be negative. In this case, a better approximation to the true interval estimate can be achieved by restricting the interval estimate to positive values, that is, by changing the lower limit of the interval estimate to zero.

The average result of all possible samples either is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. However, for a particular sample, one can say with specified confidence that the average result of all possible samples is included in the constructed interval.

The conclusions stated in this report are considered significant at the 90-percent confidence level.

For example, table 2 of this report shows that there were 26,300 apartments with two bedrooms completed in the third quarter of 1991. The standard error of this estimate is 2,310. The 68-percent confidence interval as shown by these data is from 23,990 to 28,610. Therefore, a conclusion that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 68 percent of all possible samples. Similarly, we could conclude that the average estimate derived from all possible samples lies within the interval from 22,604 to 29,996 (using 1.6 times the standard error) with 90 percent confidence.

The data in this report are preliminary and subject to slight changes in the annual report.

Table 1. Absorption Rates of Privately Financed, Nonsubsidized, Unfurnished Rental Apartments: 1987 to 1991 (Buildings with five units or more.)

	To unfurr		Seaso adjus ren	ted			Not seaso	onally adjus	sted—rente	ed within		
Quarter of completion	aparti comp		with mor	in 3	3 mc	onths	6 mc	onths	9 ma	onths	12 m	onths
Quarter of completion	Number	Standard error* (number of apart- ments)	Percent	Standard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Standard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Standard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Standard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Standard error* (per- centage points)
1991												
July-September ⁹ April-June January-March	48,400 '46,300 44,500	3,220 3,080 2,540	69 66 '71	2.7 3.1 2.3	72 69 67	2.8 3.2 2.2	(NA) 86 87	(NA) 1.7 1.0	(NA) (NA) 95	(NA) (NA) 0.5	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)
1990												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	'54,100 61,400 55,400 43,300	3,560 3,420 2,900 2,620	60 67 69 71	2.7 3.8 1.7 2.2	58 69 73 67	2.6 3.8 1.7 2.1	'78 85 88 88	1.8 2.1 1.1 1.0	90 93 94 95	1.4 1.1 0.8 0.5	95 96 97 96	0.8 1.1 0.6 0.4
1989												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	57,300 67,200 65,700 56,200	3,860 3,830 3,830 3,610	71 72 67 69	2.4 2.3 1.6 2.0	69 74 71 65	2.3 2.4 1.7 1.9	86 86 87 87	1.6 2.2 1.2 1.0	94 92 92 94	0.8 2.1 1.0 0.8	97 96 96 96	0.7 1.2 0.9 0.6
1988												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	68,800 75,600 72,000 68,100	4,850 5,470 4,450 3,870	67 67 65 63	3.2 2.6 1.4 2.0	65 68 70 60	3.1 2.6 1.5 1.8	83 83 86 82	2.9 1.9 1.2 1.0	91 93 92 90	2.5 0.7 1.0 0.9	93 97 95 95	2.3 0.3 0.7 0.7
1987								1			:	
October-December July-September April-June January-March	77,000 89,300 81,600 97,700	4,670 4,240 4,760 4,620	65 62 64 60	2.1 2.4 2.2 1.8	63 63 68 58	2.0 2.4 1.4 2.1	83 80 87 80	1.3 2.4 0.7 2.6	92 87 93 88	0.8 2.0 0.7 2.7	96 93 96 92	0.5 1.4 0.4 2.4

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3.

NA Not available.

PPreliminary.

'Revised.

Table 2. Characteristics of Unfurnished Apartments Completed During the Third Quarter of 1991 and Rented Within 3 Months (Preliminary)

Not Seasonally Adjusted

(Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview, i.e., 3 months following completion. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data.)

	Total unf apartments		Percent of	total units	Percent rented within 3 months		
Item	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	
Total	48,400	3,220	100	(X)	72	2.8	
RENT CLASS		:					
Less than \$350 \$350 to \$449 \$450 to \$549 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 or more Median asking rent	4,300 5,700 10,900 9,200 5,900 12,500 \$586	1,500 1,880 2,520 1,210 720 1,070 \$25	9 12 23 19 12 26 (X)	3.2 3.4 4.1 2.7 1.4 3.0 (X)	89 76 72 73 73 62 \$570	4.4 9.6 6.1 4.8 2.0 4.9 \$27	
Fewer than two bedrooms. Less than \$350 \$350 to \$449 \$450 to \$549 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 or more Median asking rent	17,300 3,300 2,600 4,200 2,600 1,600 2,900 \$513	1,370 1,190 1,060 860 340 170 170 \$23	36 7 6 9 5 3 6 (X)	2.0 2.4 2.0 1.7 0.8 0.4 0.6 (X)	77 88 87 73 72 71 67 \$495	2.9 4.9 3.5 7.8 2.2 1.4 0.1 \$30	
Two bedrooms or more Less than \$350 \$350 to \$449 \$450 to \$549 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 to \$849 \$850 or more Median asking rent	31,100 900 3,000 6,700 6,600 4,200 4,400 5,200 \$624	2,440 580 1,330 2,560 1,090 640 1,020 330 \$26	64 2 6 14 14 9 9 11 (X)	2.0 1.3 2.6 4.7 2.4 1.2 2.2 1.1 (X)	69 96 66 72 74 74 49 69 \$612	3.4 4.4 16.9 7.4 6.6 2.7 11.3 1.2 \$24	
BEDROOMS							
No bedroom	1,300 16,000 26,300 4,900	520 1,200 2,310 1,030	3 33 54 10	1.0 2.0 2.3 2.1	85 76 71 59	6.6 2.9 3.0 12.3	

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3. X Not applicable.

Table 3. Characteristics of Unfurnished Apartments Completed During the Second Quarter of 1991 and Rented Within 3 Months (Revised)

Not Seasonally Adjusted

(Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview, i.e., 3 months following completion. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data.)

	Total unf apartments		Percent of	total units	Percent rent mon	
item	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)
Total	46,300	3,080	100	(X)	69	3.2
RENT CLASS						
Less than \$350 \$350 to \$449 \$450 to \$549 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 or more Median asking rent	7,200 3,800 7,500 10,000 5,100 12,700 \$596	2,280 670 1,250 1,190 430 1,050 \$22	16 8 16 22 11 27 (X)	4.3 1.4 2.3 2.4 1.1 2.6 (X)	60 70 73 73 70 69 \$598	15.3 4.7 3.6 3.0 1.8 1.3 \$23
Fewer than two bedrooms. Less than \$350 \$350 to \$449 \$450 to \$549 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 or more Median asking rent	20,500 5,200 2,300 4,300 3,300 1,600 3,700 \$513	2,100 1,890 570 850 340 200 440 \$34	44 11 5 9 7 3 8 (X)	2.7 3.7 1.2 1.6 0.8 0.5 1.1 (X)	71 63 71 74 69 76 76 \$522	4.9 16.5 5.8 5.4 2.2 1.3 1.2 \$34
Two bedrooms or more Less than \$350 \$350 to \$449 \$450 to \$549 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 to \$849 \$850 or more Median asking rent	25,800 2,000 1,500 3,100 6,700 3,500 3,300 5,700 \$643	1,820 1,030 440 630 1,210 330 400 570 \$19	56 4 3 7 15 8 7 12 (X)	2.7 2.1 0.9 1.3 2.5 0.8 0.9 1.3 (X)	68 51 70 73 75 67 68 64 \$638	2.8 24.3 7.7 4.3 3.8 2.5 2.6 2.1 \$19
BEDROOMS						
No bedroom	1,800 18,700 21,900 3,900	550 2,030 1,680 710	4 40 47 8	1.2 2.8 2.8 1.4	88 69 68 66	4.7 5.1 3.3 4.2

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3.

X Not applicable.

Table 4. Unfurnished Apartments Completed During the Third Quarter of 1991, by Geographic Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

(Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding asking rent are collected at the initial interview. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data.)

		Total unf apartments			Percent of	total units	Percent rented within 3 months		
Geographic area	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Median asking rent	Standard error* (dollars)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	
United States, total	48,400	3,220	\$586	\$25	100	(X)	72	2.8	
	44,000	3,330	\$590	\$26	91	4.1	72	2.3	
	23,900	3,050	\$617	\$49	49	4.8	73	2.9	
	20,000	2,070	\$563	\$33	41	4.3	70	4.9	
	4,500	2,070	\$530	\$155	9	4.1	70	19.6	
Northeast	1,200	510	(S)	(S)	2	1.1	81	6.7	
	13,500	2,950	\$555	\$62	28	5.4	82	5.9	
	20,500	3,030	\$535	\$38	42	5.4	65	3.7	
	13,200	1,890	\$724	\$63	27	4.0	70	3.0	

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3. due to the associated standard error.

X Not applicable.

 $^{{\}bf S}$ Withheld because the estimate did not meet publication standards

Table 5. Absorption Rates of Cooperative and Condominium Apartments: 1987 to 1991 Not Seasonally Adjusted

(Buildings with five units or more.)

	Total cod		Percent o				Pe	ercent abso	rbed withli	n—		
	apartı comp	ments oleted	in buildin units o		3 mc	onths	6 mc	onths	9 m	onths	12 m	onths
Quarter of completion	Number	Standard error* (number of apart- ments)	Percent	Standard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Standard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Standard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Standard error* (percent- age points)	Percent	Standard error* (per- centage points)
1991												The state of the s
July-September ^p April-June January-March	10,000 ′10,300 7,600	1,070 1,690 1,180	16 ¹ 17 13	2.0 2.8 2.1	60 54 '62	4.1 5.6 3.7	(NA) 75 73	(NA) 5.3 4.2	(NA) (NA) 80	(NA) (NA) 4.9	(NA) (NA) (NA)	(NA) (NA) (NA)
1990												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	'12,400 12,900 12,800 14,500	1,490 1,630 1,900 3,110	′18 16 17 21	2.2 2.2 2.3 4.4	′58 60 53 69	4.2 3.9 2.9 4.8	72 75 67 81	3.4 2.7 3.9 3.8	78 83 74 86	3.4 1.9 3.7 3.3	82 89 79 89	2.9 1.2 3.5 3.5
1989												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	13,100 15,100 15,900 15,600	1,370 1,930 1,790 1,700	17 16 19 19	2.0 2.2 2.4 2.4	65 66 70 64	5.6 4.7 2.9 5.2	75 75 79 77	5.1 4.4 3.0 6.3	81 81 83 82	3.5 4.2 3.2 5.6	83 85 87 87	3.5 3.9 3.0 3.4
1988			İ			###						
October-December July-September April-June January-March	18,700 20,400 21,000 16,200	3,940 3,010 2,810 2,150	20 20 21 18	4.0 4.0 2.7 2.4	70 56 63 69	1.3 5.9 7.1 6.5	79 68 75 85	2.8 6.0 7.0 1.7	85 72 86 89	3.7 6.3 1.9 1.8	87 77 89 91	3.9 6.5 2.0 1.6
1987			Ì	***************************************							1	
October-December July-September April-June January-March	25,700 19,000 27,000 20,600	3,310 2,810 4,190 3,210	23 16 23 16	3.2	72 66 78 78	3.1	80 77 87 88	3.6 2.9 1.8 2.1	85 83 90 92	3.4 3.0 1.4 1.5	91 89 93 94	2.2 2.7 1.0 1.2

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3.

NA Not available.

^pPreliminary.

Revised.

Table 6. Characteristics of Condominium Apartments Completed During the Third Quarter of 1991 and Sold Within 3 Months (Preliminary)

Not Seasonally Adjusted

(Privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking price are collected at the initial interview, i.e., 3 months following completion. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data.)

	Total con- apartments	dominium completed	Percent of	total units	Percent sold within 3 months		
ltem	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	
Total	10,000	1,070	100	(X)	60	4.1	
PRICE CLASS							
Less than \$50,000. \$50,000 to \$74,999. \$75,000 to \$99,999. \$100,000 to \$149,999. \$150,000 to \$199,999. \$200,000 or more Median asking price	200 900 2,300 2,000 1,600 2,900 \$138,700	150 210 860 350 110 410 \$18,440	2 9 23 21 16 29 (X)	1.4 2.1 6.8 3.2 1.7 4.2 (X)	93 68 63 68 65 43 \$125,600	6.9 2.9 14.2 5.3 2.2 6.1 \$15,670	
BEDROOMS	!						
Fewer than 2 bedrooms. 2 bedrooms. 3 bedrooms or more.	1,300 7,400 1,300	200 960 250	13 74 13	2.1 3.3 2.3	50 63 49	6.0 5.2 8.9	

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3.

Table 7. Characteristics of Condominium Apartments Completed During the Second Quarter of 1991 and Sold Within 3 Months (Revised)

Not Seasonally Adjusted

(Privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking price are collected at the initial interview, i.e., 3 months following completion. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data.)

	Total con- apartments	dominium completed	Percent of	total units		old within onths
ltem	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)
Total	10,300	1,690	100	(X)	54	5.2
PRICE CLASS						
Less than \$50,000. \$50,000 to \$74,999. \$75,000 to \$99,999. \$100,000 to \$149,999. \$150,000 to \$199,999. \$200,000 or more. Median asking price	2,100 3,000 2,100	50 390 550 1,000 190 550 \$20,080	1 11 20 29 20 19 (X)	0.5 3.5 5.2 6.2 3.3 3.9 (X)	97 59 47 71 49 33 \$124,400	1.8 10.9 12.0 10.9 3.2 9.8 \$18,620
BEDROOMS						
Fewer than 2 bedrooms	1,200 7,800 1,300	160 1,500 330	11 76 13	2.1 3.5 2.8	48 53 61	3.6 5.5 8.8

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3.

X Not applicable.

Table 8. Condominium Apartments Completed During the Third Quarter of 1991 by Geographic Area

Not Seasonally Adjusted

(Privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding asking price are collected at the initial interview. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data.)

		Total cond apartments			Percent of	total units	Percent rented within 3 months		
Geographic area	Number	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Median asking price	Standard error* (dollars)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	Percent	Standard error* (percentage points)	
United States, total	10,000	1,070	\$138,700	\$18,440	100	. (X)	60	4.1	
Inside MSA	7,900 4,700 3,300 2,100	610 310 450 920	\$156,400 \$179,700 \$124,400 \$93,300	\$13,590 \$8,760 \$15,350 \$12,920	79 47 33 21	7.5 4.9 4.2 7.5	60 55 68 57	3.3 4.2 5.9 14.6	
Northeast	2,700 400 3,400 3,600	810 30 490 460	\$128,800 \$158,700 \$119,500 \$165,700	\$58,970 \$9,750 \$18,030 \$16,420	27 4 34 36	6.3 0.4 4.5 4.4	28 74 75 67	4.5 1.3 6.1 5.4	

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3. X Not applicable.

Table 9. Characteristics of Unfurnished Apartments Completed in the Last 4 Quarters and Reported as Rented and Remaining For Rent in the Fourth Quarter of 1991

(Privately financed, nonsubsidized, unfurnished, rental apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking rent are collected at the initial interview, i.e., 3 months following completion. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data.)

łtem	Total unfur- nished apartments completed in last 4 quarters	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Apartments rented prior to 4th quarter 1991	Standard error* (number of apart- ments)	Apartments rented in 4th quarter 1991	Standard error* (number of apartments)	Apartments remaining for rent at end of 4th quarter 1991	Standard error* (number of apartments)
Total	193,300	6,360	119,400	5,090	48,700	3,160	25,200	2,040
RENT CLASS								
Less than \$350 \$350 to \$449 \$450 to \$549 \$550 to \$649 \$650 to \$749 \$750 or more Median asking rent	17,500 40,700 40,800 25,400 51,100	3,070 2,240 3,750 2,420 1,060 2,210 \$11	10,500 10,300 26,500 26,600 16,000 29,600 \$597	2,600 1,910 2,540 2,250 800 1,830 \$14	5,600 5,200 9,700 9,500 6,200 12,500 \$591	1,630 1,590 1,630 1,100 550 810 \$24	1,700 2,000 4,600 4,800 3,200 8,900 \$640	770 550 1,290 630 380 1,030 \$30
BEDROOMS								
Fewer than 2 bedrooms		3,850 4,850 1,430	45,700 64,800 8,900	3,170 3,870 950	19,000 25,600 4,000	1,900 2,490 450	3 '	1,000 1,480 980

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3.

Note: These data are for completions in the first, second, and third guarters of 1991 and the fourth quarter of 1990.

Table 10. Characteristics of Condominium Apartments Completed in the Last 4 Quarters and Reported as Sold and Remaining For Sale in the Fourth Quarter of 1991

(Privately financed, nonsubsidized, condominium apartments in buildings with five units or more. Data regarding number of bedrooms and asking price are collected at the initial interview, i.e., 3 months following completion. Data may not add to total due to rounding. Medians are computed using unrounded data.)

ltem	Total con- dominiums completed in last 4 quarters	Standard error* (number of apart- ments)	Condomin- iums sold prior to 4th quarter 1991	Standard error* (number of apart- ments)	Condomini- ums sold in 4th quarter 1991	Standard error* (number of apart- ments)	Condomin- iums remaining for sale at end of 4th quarter 1991	Standard error* (number of apart- ments)
Total	40,100	3,290	20,700	1,880	9,100	870	10,400	1,280
PRICE CLASS								
Less than \$50,000 \$50,000 to \$74,999 \$75,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 to \$199,999 \$200,000 or more Median asking price	4,800 8,400 10,500 5,800 9,800	350 1,220 2,000 1,850 460 1,240 \$11,090	400 2,700 4,400 6,700 2,600 3,800 \$121,200	160 520 1,010 1,380 170 510 \$9,880	200 1,200 2,000 1,900 1,700 2,100 \$130,900	140 340 440 210 150 600 \$16,580	200 1,000 2,000 1,900 1,500 3,800 \$154,100	150 330 1,090 430 220 280 \$30,410
BEDROOMS								
Fewer than 2 bedrooms	1	640 3,140 740	2,600 15,100 3,000	390 1,780 460	1,200 7,000 1,000	210 850 70	1,800 7,000 1,600	160 1,230 320

^{*}Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3.

Note: These data are for completions in the first, second, and third quarters of 1991 and the fourth quarter of 1990.

Table 11. Apartments Completed in Buildings With Five Units or More: 1987 to 1991

(Data may not add to total due to rounding.)

Quarter of completion		artments oleted	Unfuri rer aparti	ntal	rer	ished Ital ments		tives and niniums		erally dized	Otl	ner¹
·	Number	Standard error*	Number	Standard error*	Number	Standard error*	Number	Standard error*	Number	Standard error*	Number	Stand- ard error*
1991												
July-September ^p April-June January-March	62,000 60,000 56,200	2,850 3,230 2,570	48,400 '46,300 44,500	3,220 3,080 2,540	800 '(Z) 900	580 (Z) 1,330	10,000 10,300 7,600	1,070 1,690 1,180	2,000 12,200 2,200	390 650 630	700 800 1,100	250 110 560
1990												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	70,300 82,200 75,200 66,600	3,650 4,040 3,250 3,210	'54,100 61,400 55,400 43,300	3,560 3,420 2,900 2,640	600 1,700 (Z) 600	30 560 (Z) 80	^r 12,400 12,900 12,800 14,500	1,490 1,630 1,900 3,110	2,500 2,500 2,700 6,200	590 780 1,220 3,030	700 3,800 4,400 1,900	90 1,350 1,610 330
1989			i		3							
October-December July-September April-June January-March	78,500 92,300 85,600 81,500	3,890 3,400 2,770 3,820	57,300 67,200 65,700 56,200	3,860 3,830 3,440 3,610	500 2,800 1,100 600	230 1,910 120 80	13,100 15,100 15,900 15,600	1,370 1,930 1,920 1,700	5,900 4,900 2,400 6,600	3,070 1,010 620 2,320	1,800 2,500 500 2,500	740 280 80 560
1988												
October-December July-September April-June January-March	95,000 104,000 99,100 90,500	4,770 4,840 3,620 3,620	68,800 75,600 72,000 68,100	4,850 5,470 4,450 3,870	1,100 2,500 200 400	90 1,360 80 40	18,700 20,400 21,000 16,200	3,010	3,300 3,100 4,100 4,700	1,030 1,030 1,310 1,900	3,100 2,500 1,700 1,100	1,580 780 440 90
1987										4		
October-December July-September	110,000 119,900 117,800 126,400	3,620 5,140 5,140 5,140	77,000 89,300 81,600 97,700	4,640 4,240 4,760 4,620	100 3,800 2,600 1,400	20 1,440 530 780	25,700 19,000 27,000 20,600	,	4,200 5,900 3,200 3,700	1,320 2,000 3,300 1,310	3,000 2,000 3,300 3,000	

^{*} Standard error within range of about 2 chances out of 3. Preliminary. Revised. Z Fewer than 500 units.

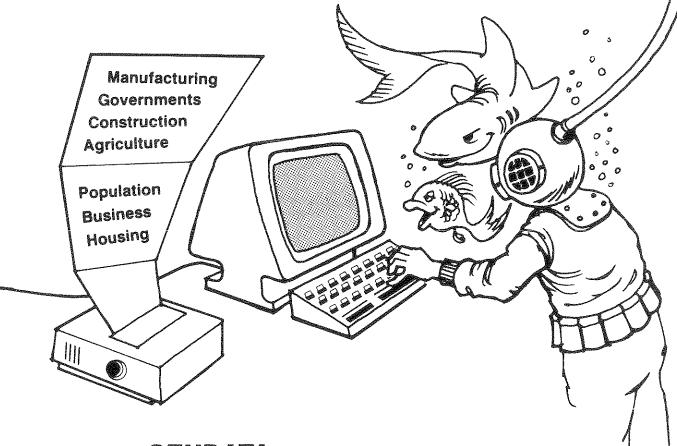
¹Other includes time-sharing units, continuing care retirement units, and turnkey housing (privately built for and sold to local public housing authorities subsequent to completion).

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