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## DEMOGRAPHIC PROJECTIONS FOR THE UNITED STATES

## INTRODUCTION

This report draws together several related types of demographic projections for common reference. It presents projections of the population of the United States, classified by age and sex, educational attainment, school enrollment by level of school, and household and family units by type. All series of projections extend to at least the year 1990; the projections of total population go as far as 2020. All of the projections are based on the 1970 census counts of the population classified by age and sex, but some estimation of "census counts" was necessary since sufficient detail by age was lacking when they were prepared.

All the projections in this report relating to the social characteristics of the population use, as benchmarks, data on the distribution of the population according to these characteristics from the Current Population Survey. The survey data on social characteristics were chosen as the basis of the various series of projections rather than census data because it seemed best to have projections that are consistent with the annual time series from the Current Population Survey,

In addition to the types of demographic projections included in this report, the Bureau of the Census has published projections of State population and the Bureau of Labor Statistics has published projections of labor force. The projections of these types now available have not been presented here because they do not take account of the 1970 census results.

The projections presented here are based on the general assumption that there will be no large-scale losses due to war and no widespread epidemic, major economic depression, or similar catastrophe. Even apart from these possibilities, the projections are subject to uncertainty. The future really cannot be predicted; it is possible only to state what the population would be under certain conditions which are considered reasonable and likely. Some series are more subject to uncertainty than others. The projections of births and of series dependent upon them are subject to wide margins of error whereas other
series may be relatively dependable. More than one series is presented for the various types of projections in order to give the user some latitude of choice. Each series is considered reasonably possible; the highest and lowest series are intended to demarcate the range within which the actual figures will fall with considerable likelihood, but not with certainty.

A major determinant of each category which is projected, such as school enrollment, number of households, and numbers completing various school levels, is the size of the population and its age and sex composition. Hence, the population projections are basic to the other types of projections. Four series of population projections have been developed employing different assumptions about the future level of births. All the other projections are based on one or another of these four series of population projections. There are some differences in coverage, however. The population projections include Armed Forces overseas. Other projections exclude members of the Armed Forces overseas and those living in group quarters such as barracks. Still others exclude all members of the Armed Forces and the inmates of institutions. Most of the projections relate to July 1 of the year in question, but some relate to other months of the year.

All the projections in this report relating to social characteristics were made by some variation of the participation-rate method. In this method, first, the rates by age at which the population participates in some activity or possesses some characteristic, such as attending school, completing various levels of school, or being a household or family head, are projected, and then the rates for a given year are applied to the projections of population for that year.

The text describes briefly the assumptions underlying the various series of projections in such terms that the user may be guided in making a choice among them. Some of these projections have been presented in other reports of the Bureau of the Census. These reports present the data in more detail and describe the methods and assumptions more completely than this report does. They often offer other series of projections in addition to those shown here,
even though alternative series of projections are given for each subject in this report.

## DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

Total population. The total population is the population resident in the United States plus U.S. Armed Forces overseas (but not their dependents). It excludes population resident in Puerto Rico and outlying areas. Figures relate to July 1 of the year in question.

Armed Forces. The Armed Forces include persons on active duty with the United States Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. They are classified in this report as to whether they are (1) stationed overseas (including Puerto Rico and outlying areas), (2) in the United States quartered in barracks, or (3) in the United States living off post or on post with their families.

Institutional population. Inmates of institutions are persons, other than resident employees, in such places as homes for delinquent or dependent children, homes and schools for the mentally or physically handicapped, places providing spe-cialized medical care, homes for the aged, and prisons and jails.

School enrollment. The enrollment figures presented here refer to the civilian, noninstitutional population 5 to 34 years old enrolled in "regular" schools or colleges. They exclude all Armed Forces. Attendance may be either full-time or part-time. Regular schools include graded public, parochial, and other private schools in the regular school system, covering kindergartens, elementary schools, high schools (both junior and senior high), colleges, universities, and professional schools. "Regular" schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary or high school diploma or a college, university, or professional degree. Education in other schools is counted as regular schooling only if the credits obtained are regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system.

The figures relate to October 1 of the designated year. The choice of coverage and of the referent date is meant to maintain comparability with estimates for earlier years obtained from the Current Population Survey. A question on enrollment is asked in October just after the school year has begun.

Educational attainment. The figures relate to the population 25 years old and over and to March 1 of the designated year. They exclude Armed

Forces overseas and in barracks in the United States, but unlike the projections of school enrollment, they include Armed Forces living off post and inmates of institutions. The level of school completed refers to the highest grade or year of school ever completed in "regular" schools as defined above. The choice of population coverage and of the referent date is meant to maintain comparability with estimates for earlier years obtained from the Current Population Survey. A question on the years of school completed is asked in the March supplement to the Survey.

Honsehold. A household includes all of the persons who occupy a house, an apartment, or other group of rooms, or a single room, which constitutes a housing unit under the 1960 census rules. A household includes the related family members and all unrelated persons, if any, such as lodgers, foster children, wards, or employees, who share the housing unit. A person living alone in a housing unit, or a group of unrelated persons sharing the same housing unit as partners, is also counted as a household. The number of households is, by definition, the same as the number of occupied housing units. Accommodations such as institutions, large rooming houses, convents, staff quarters in hospitals, etc., are defined as group quarters rather than households.

One person in each household is designated as the "head." The head is usually the person regarded as the head by the members of the household; however, a married woman is not classified as the head if her husband is living with her.

Family. A family is defined as a group of two or more persons residing together who are related by blood, marriage, or adoption. All such persons are considered as members of one family even though they may include a "subfamily" that is, a married couple or a parent-child group related to and sharing the living quarters of the family head. A "primary family" includes among its members the head of a houschold and all household members who are related to him. A "secondary family" includes only persons not related to the household head. Secondary families may include persons such as lodgers or resident employees and their relatives living in a household. A "husband-wife" family is one in which the head is a married man whose wife lives with him.

Unrelated individual. Persons who are not family members (that is, are not living with any relatives) include "unrelated individuals" and inmates of institutions. An unrelated individual
who is the head of the household is a "primary individual."; that is, a household head with no relatives in the household. Anunrelated individual who is not the head of a household is a "secondary individual," that is, a roomer, resident employee, etc., with no relatives in the household or group quarters (and not an institutional inmate).

## METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Total population by age and sex. The projections of the total population by age and sex were made by the cohort-component method; i.e., current estimates of the population of each sex by age were carried forward with separate allowance for births, deaths, and net immigration. The cohort-component method allows for the aging of the population over time. For example, the population 20 to 24 years of age in 1970 will be 25 to 29 years of age in 1975. The term (birth) cohort is used to refer to a population group born in the same period of years, such as the group which was 20 to 24 in 1970 and 25 to 29 in 1975 (birth years 1945-50).

The base date for these projections is July 1, 1970. These estimates were derived by extending census counts tabulated in 5 -year age groups under age 25 and 10 -year age groups above age 25 , with 75 years and over as the terminal age group.

The projections of the components of change from 1970 to 2000 involve the use of projections of life-table survival rates to allow for deaths; projections of age-specific fertility rates for cohorts of women to allow for births; and assumptions as to the total number and age-sex distribution of net immigration. The four series of projections differ from one another wholly with respect to the assumptions relating to fertility. The reasonably possible range in future mortality and net immigration is small, so that only one set of assumptions was employed for each of these components. The wide range possible in the future number of births is reflected in the projections of births and in the population prom jections given in table 1. The small differences in deaths shown there result from the differences in the size of the population at risk in the various series (i.e., the cohorts born after 1970) rather than from differences in mortality rates. The projections of the cohorts born before 1970 are the same for all four series.

The basic mortality assumption is that agespecific death rates would gradually decline from the levels observed in 1967 to levels for the year 2000 which correspond to the "high" mortality
series as projected by the Social Security Ad.ministration in 1957. ${ }^{1,}$ This series implies only slight increases in survival rates between 1967 and 2000. This assumption is consistent with recorded changes in death rates and life expectancy by age over the last two decades, which have also been slight. For purposes of extending the projections of total population from 2000 to 2020, the age-specific survival rates of 2000 were assumed to remain unchanged in this period.

The four fertility assumptions are that the future average number of children per 1,000 women at the end of the childbearing period ("average size of completed family") will gradually move towards one of the four following "terminal" levels: Series B, 3,100, approximately the average of the levels of the calendar-year total fertility rates in 1964 and 1965 (i.e., the synthetic rate representing the average size of completed family based entirely on the experience of 1964 and 1965); Series C, 2,775, about the level of the calendar-year rate in 1966; Series D, 2,450, corresponding to the calendar-year rate of 1968; and Series E, 2,110, which is below the lowest calendar-year rate experienced in the United States and which represents "replacement level" fertility. This is the level of fertility needed for the population eventually to replace itself exactly in the absence of immigration, i.e., to become stationary. (Even if this level of fertility was achieved immediately and immigration stopped, some time would have to elapse before the number of births and deaths would come into balance because of the peculiarities of the present age structure.) It was further assumed that the average age at which women will bear children would move towards 25.8 years for all series. (The average age of childbearing in 1968 was 26.2.) These levels of completed fertility and this mean age at childbearing would be experienced by women born after July 1, 1956, who had not yet reached childbearing age by July 1 , 1970. Women born before July 1, 1956, but still of childbearing age, would tend towards these levels and patterns of fertility but would not achieve them exactly.

The latest data available on women's birth expectations when these projections were made were from the 1967 Survey of Economic

[^0]Opportunity, a national sample survey representing the population of the United States. Data from this survey indicated that wives 18 to 24 years old expected an average of 2.85 children altogether. If, on the average, the birth expectations of these women prove to be correct, and if the numerical relation between the lifetime fertility of wives 18 to 24 years old in 1967 and all women 18 to 24 years old in 1967 proves to be similar to the relation observed for women who recently completed childbearing, then (all) women 18 to 24 years old in 1967 (roughly the 1942-1948 birth cohorts of women) would complete childbearing with an average of about 2.6 children, a figure which lies in the middle of the four fertility series used in preparing these projections.

The assumption regarding immigration is that total net civilian immigration will amount to 400,000 a year. This figure is a little below the amount estimated for recent years. By permitting greater immigration of close relatives of citizens and resident aliens than under the previous act, the Immigration Act of October 3, 1965, has resulted in an increase in immigration. Although the present backlog of relatives requesting visas will very possibly keep immigration above 400,000 for the next few years, the volume of "nonrelative" immigrants, that is, those who are not entering as relatives of previous immigrants, but as primary wage earners, is now more restricted than under the previous act. This fact may work to reduce immigration levels somewhat after a few years. In addition, the provisions of the new act regarding labor certification are potentially more restrictive to "nonrelative" immigrants.

Table 1 presents estimates and projections of the total population of the United States for each year 1960 to 1990, accompanied by the projections of births and deaths employed in the calculation of the population figures. Table 2 presents estimates and projections of the population in 5 -year age groups to 75 years and over, by sex, at 5-year time intervals from 1960 to 2000. Table 3 gives similar figures for a variety of special age groups. The estimates of the population for July 1, 1960 and 1965, given in tables 2 and 3 differ from the estimates for these years previously published in Current Population Reports, Series $P-25$, No. 321 and 385 . They were derived by adjusting the postcensal estimates in the latter reports to take account of the 1970 census data on the age and sex distribution of the population. These intercensal estimates are preliminary; comparable estimates for all the years in the 1960-70 decade are now planned for publication later this year.

Estimates and projections of the total population at 5-year time intervals from 1960 to

2020 are shown in table A. All series of projections show steady increases between 1970 and 2020. By the year 2000 the population will have grown by 32 percent under Series $E$ and 57 percent under Series B. Even with fertility at replacement level (Series E), the population will increase by 50 percent between 1970 and 2020 if net immigration continues at present levels. All series, including Series $E$, show substantially greater numbers of children under 5 in 2000 than today in spite of the sharp decline in the numbers between 1960 and 1970. Table B presents estimates and projections of children under 5 at 5 -year time intervals from 1960 to 2000.

Table A. Estimates and Projections of the Total Popuiation, 1960 to 2020, and Percent Increase Over 1970
(Numbers in thousands. As of July 1. Figures represent the sum of the resident population of the 50 States and the District of Columbia and Armed Forces overseas)

| Year | Series | Series C | Sexies D | $\begin{gathered} \text { Series } \\ \mathrm{E} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NUMBER | $\xrightarrow{+}$ |  |  |  |
| Estimates |  |  |  |  |
| 1960. | 180,667 |  |  |  |
| 1965. | 194,237 |  |  |  |
| 1970. | 204,800 |  |  |  |
| Projections | $\xrightarrow{\text { - }}$ |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 218,177 | 217,375 | 216,561 | 215,703 |
| 1980. | 236,725 | 233,798 | 230,855 | 227,765 |
| 1985 | 257,903 | 252,093 | 246,265 | 240,153 |
| 1990. | 278,570 | 269,673 | 260, 762 | 251, 431 |
| 1995. | 298,952 | 286,559 | 274,229 | 261,405 |
| 2000. | 322,277 | 305,111 | 288,293 | 271,082 |
| 2005 | 350,1.53 | 326,518 | 303,786 | 280,990 |
| 2010. | 381,169 | 349,746 | 320,006 | 290, 71.2 |
| 2015. | 413,425 | 373,350 | 335,926 | 299,617 |
| 2020. | 447,003 | 397,164 | 351,263 | 307,402 |
| PERCENT INCREASE |  |  |  |  |
| 1960 to 1970.. | 13.4 |  |  |  |
| 1970 to-- |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 6.5 | 6.1 | 5.71 | 5.3 |
| 1980. | 15.6 | 14.2 | 12.7 | 11.2 |
| 1985. | 25.9 | 23.1 | 20.2 | 17.3 |
| 1990. | 36.0 | 31.7 | 27.3 | 22.8 |
| - 1995 | 46.0 | 39.9 | 33.9 | 27.6 |
| 2000. | 57.4 | 49.0 | 40.8 | 32.4 |
| 2005. | 71.0 | 59.4 | 48.3 | 37.2 |
| 2010.......... | 86.1 | 70.8 | 56.3 | 41.9 |
| 2015. | 101.9 | 82.3 | 64.0 | 46.3 |
| 2020. | 118,3 | 93.9 | 71.5 | 50.1 |

Table B. Estimates and Projections of Children Under 5 Years of Age, 1960 to 2000, and Percent increase Over 1970
(Numbers in thousands. As of July 1)


[^1]School enrollment. As suggested earlier, the estimates and projections of school enrollment relate to the civilian noninstitutional population 5 to 34 years old as of October 1 of each year and agree with or are consistent with estimates based on the Current Population Survey. It is assumed that the number of Armed Forces will remain constant at the level on July 1, 1971, 2,774,000, ${ }^{2}$ and will be distributed by age and sex according to the distribution recorded in 1970.

The projections of total school enrollment at each age were prepared by projecting the proportion of each age and sex group enrolled in school on the basis of the past trend as observed in the Current Population Survey, or a modification of this trend. Specifically, the average

[^2]annual rate of change in the percent not enrolled between the years 1950-1952 and 1969-1970 was first computed for each age-sex category by use of the formula for continuous compounding. A basic set of projected nonenrollment rates, was then determined by applying the average annual rate of change successively to the nonenrollment rate for the previous year beginning with the 1970 observed rate. This set of nonenrollment rates formed the basis for two series of projected enrollment rates.

The two series of enrollment rates are defined as follows:

Series 1 represents a high series of enrollment rates and corresponds to the nonenrollment rates initially computed, i.e., they are based on the annual average rate of decrease in nonenrollment rates observed for each age-sex group between 1950-1952 and 1969-1970. Thus, this enrollment series represents that level of enrollment which would occur if nonenrollment rates continue to decrease for each age group at the same average rate as occurred during the past two decades.

Series 2 assumes somewhat less rapid rates of decrease in nonenrollment rates in the future. and hence shows lower enrollment rates. These enrollment rates are based on the average of the 1970 level of the rates and the rates projected in Series 1.

The number enrolled was then determined by applying the projected enrollment rate for a given age-sex group in a given series to one of the four population projection series already available ( $B, C, D$, and $E$ ). In this way, by the combination of the two series of enrollment rates and the four series of population projections, eight series of enrollment projections were obtained.

Persons enrolled in each age-sex group for each future year were assumed to be distributed by level of school--elementary (kindergarten through 8th grade), high school, and college--in the same proportions as in October 1969, as shown by the Current Population Survey. Only a single assumption regarding the distribution of enrollment by level of school was employed.

Table 4 presents estimates and projections of school enrollment by level of school, for males and females separately, at 5 -year time intervals. from 1960 to 1990 , according to all eight series. Estimates and projections of total school enrollment according to four of the series, $\mathrm{C}-1$, $\mathrm{C}-2, \mathrm{E}-1$, and E-2, are shown in table B. The possible variation in enrollment rates at the college level and in the population of school age accounts for a very wide variation in the increase in the numbers enrolled between 1970 and 2000.

Table C. Estimates and Projections of Total School Enrollment, 1960 to 2000, and Percent Increase Over 1970
(Numbers in thousands. As of fall of year. Civilian noninstitutional population 5 to 34 years old)

${ }^{1}$ A minus sign ( - ) denotes a decrease.

Series C-1 shows a 55 percent increase as compared with a 14 percent increase for Series E-2 in this period.

Educational attainment. The projections of educational attainment given in this report represent an updated version of the set of projections of this kind published by the Bureau of the Census in 1968. ${ }^{3}$ As with the other projections of social characteristics given in this report, these projections are consistent with the levels of educational attainment found in the Current Population Survey.

The projections were made by the par-ticipation-rate method; that is, they were made directly in terms of the proportions of the

[^3]population at each age which had completed each level of school (educational attainment rates). First, the percent distribution of the population at each age by level of school-completed was computed for $1970,1969,1965,1964,1959$, and 1957 and, then, two-year averages were computed for 1969-70, 1964-65, and 1957-59. Using these distributions for current and past years, projections of the percentage distribution of the population by level of school completed were prepared for each age-sex group for each of the years for which projections were to be made. These projected percentage distributions were then applied to the population projections shown in table 2 of this report, adjusted to exclude U.S. Armed Forces overseas and Armed Forces in barracks in the United States. All four series of population projections (i.e., B, C, D, and E) are the same at the ages covered by the attainment projections ( 25 years and over); hence, the two series of projections of educational attainment shown in this report differ only as a result of the use of different attainment rates.

The projections were developed as extensions of the average levels of the attainment rates for each age-sex category indicated by the 1969 and 1970 Current Population Surveys. These average rates were assumed to apply to January 1970. They were first projected six months forward to represent the distribution of the population by attainment at each age on March 1, 1970 and were then carried forward by 5 -year time intervals to 1990.

The projections of educational attainment rates for ages 25 to 29 were made by projecting indexes of "educational termination." These indexes represent the proportion that (a) those who have completed a given level of school (but not a higher level) constitute of (b) those who have completed that level and all higher levels. The values of the indexes tend to be lower for a distribution with higher educational attainment. First, indexes of educational termination were computed for 1957-59, 1964-65, and 1969-70. Then, the percent changes in the indexes between each pair of dates were calculated. Next, the observed percent changes from 1964-1965 to 1969-1970 were averaged with the observed percent changes from 1957-1959 to 1964-1965.4. with weights of 2 and 1, respectively. Finally, indexes of "educational termination" were projected on the basis of these average changes. The same percent changes in the indexes were applied in all the projection periods.

[^4]Two series of projected indexes were prepared. Series 1 assumes that the annual rate of decline in each index will be greater by 1.2 percentage points than that shown by the average change in the index. Series 2 assumes that the decline will be less by 1.2 percentage points than that shown by the average change. Indexes of termination were converted into attainment rates by sequential multiplication of the cumulative rates (beginning with zero and over) by each index of termination and subtracting the resulting attainment rate from each cumulative rate to secure the next cumulative rate. These procedures generate higher rates of attainment in Series 1 than in Series 2.

The rates of attainment for the age group 25 to 29 years, derived as explained above, was carried forward to the various projection years on a cohort basis in 5 -year time periods. It was assumed that there would be some increase in educational attainment for each cohort between ages 25 to 29 (initial ages) and ages 30 to 34 (terminal ages). The improvements were computed by cohort in terms of the average of (1) the absolute differences in the rates of attainment between 19641965 and 1969-1970 (weight of two) and (2) the absolute differences in the rates between 19571959 and 1962-1964 (weight of one).

No changes were made in the educational at... tainment rates for given age cohorts after the age group 30 to 34 as shown by the rates at ages $30-34$ and higher ages in 1970; for example, the percent of the male population 35 to 39 years of age who have completed 1-3 years of high school in 1975 is assumed to be the same as the percent 30 to 34 years of age who have completed 1-3 years of high school in 1970. This procedure implies that there is no significant schooling after ages 30-34 and that mortality for a given age group is the same regardless of level of school attained. Percent distributions of the population 35 years of age and over by educational attainment were not available by 5 -year age groups for the base period 1969-70. They were obtained by mathematically subdividing the data for 10 -year age groups provided by the CPS tabulations for the years 1969 and 1970.

Table 5 presents projections of the educational attainment of the population 25 years old and over, by age, in terms of eight attainment classes, for males and females separately, at 5 -year time intervals to 1990 . The number and proportion of high school and college graduates are shown for the same dates in table D. Currently, 55 percent of all persons 25 years or more

Table D. Estimates and Projections of High School and College Graduates 25 Years of Age and Over: 1964-65 to 1990
(As of March I. Figures exclude Armed Forces overseas and in barracks)

| Year and series | High school graduates ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | College graduates ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | Median <br> school. <br> years completed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total, 25 years and over (thou= sands) | Percent of persons 25 years and over | ```Percent of persons 25 to 29 years``` | Total, 25 years and over (thousands) | Percent of persons 25 years and over | Percent of persons 25 to 29 years |  |
| ESTTMATES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1964-65 | 49,872 | 48.5 | 69.8 | 9,544 | 9.3 | 12.6 | 11.7 |
| 1969-70. | 59,297 | 54.6 | 75.1 | 11,799 | 10.9 | 16.2 | 12.4 |
| PROJECTTONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Series 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975.................... | 71,256 | 60.3 | 79.8 | 15,135 | 12.8 | 20.1 | 12.3 |
| 1980. | 84,053 | 65.4 | 83.2 | 19,312 | 15.0 | 23.5 | 12.4 |
| 1985. | 98,193 | 70.2 | 85.9 | 24,549 | 17.5 | 27.0 | 12.5 |
| 1990. | 111,452 | 74.2 | 88.1 | 30,182 | 20.1 | 30.3 | 12.6 |
| Series 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975................... | 71,143 | 60.2 | 79.2 | 14,908 | 12.6 | 18.8 | 12.3 |
| 1980. | 83, 747 | 65.2 | 82.2 | 18,612 | 14.5 | 21.1 | 12.4 |
| 1985.................... | 97,621 | 69.8 | 84.6 | 23,074 | 16.5 | 23.3 | 12.5 |
| 1990..................... | 110,589 | 73.6 | 86.7 | 27,706 | 18.4 | 25.4 | 12.6 |

[^5]are high school graduates; by 1990 about 74 percent of the adult population are expected to be high school graduates. The proportion of college grad-uates--now 11 percent--is also expected to increase sharply by 1990 , possibly exceeding 20 percent.

Households and families. The projections of bouseholds and families were also made by the participation-rate method. Ingeneral, projections of the proportion of males and females who were heads of households or families were applied to the projected population classified by age, sex, and marital status. Inasmuch as each household and each family is regarded as having a head, the projected number of household and family heads is the same as the number of houscholds and families. The projections are designed as extensions of the estimates of bouseholds and families obtained from the Current Population Survey. They are based on the projections of the population by age and sex shown in table 2 , mod.. ified to conform to the definition of the population covered in the survey (see below).

Two series of household and family projections, which differ as to the rates of change in the agespecific proportions of each marital category who
are heads, were prepared. In general, Series 1 assumes that the annual rates of change in the proportions of the ever-married and single population who will beheads of households or families will be the same as from 1957 to 1969. Threeyear averages of the proportions centered on these years were used to represent these years. Series 2 assumes that the annual rates of change in the proportions of the ever-married and single population who are heads will be one-half those for Series 1. Series 1 is the higher series because the proportion of the population who are heads of households is increasing. Both series of household projections are based on the $B$ series of population projections. The use of another population series would have little effect on the number of households.

The specific population figures to which the marital proportions were applied were obtained by subtracting estimates of U.S. Armed Forces overseas and Armed Forces in barracks in the United States from the series of projections of population including Armed Forces overseas, by age and sex, shown in table 2. Next, projections were made of the proportion of the ever-married population who are married and living with their spouses. The application of these proportions to the projections of the ever-married population

Table E. Estimates and Projections of Households, Families, and Unrelated Individuals, 1960 to 1990 , and Percent Increase Over 1970
(Numbers in thousands. As of July 1. Excludes Armed Forces overseas and in barracks)

| Year and series | Households |  | Families |  | Unrelated individuals |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent increase over 1970 | Number | Percent increase over 1970 | Number | Percent increase over 1970 |
| estimates ${ }^{1}$ | 52,79962,874 | ${ }^{2}$ ) | $\begin{aligned} & 45,111 \\ & 51,237 \end{aligned}$ | (2) | $\begin{aligned} & 11,092 \\ & 14,827 \end{aligned}$ | (2) |
| 1960.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PROJECTIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Series 1 | 70,078 | 11.5 | 56,201 | 9.7 | 16,266 | 9.7 |
| 1975. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1980. | 77,296 | 22.9 | 61,290 | 19.6 | 18,185 | 22.6 |
| 1985. | $\begin{aligned} & 84,213 \\ & 90,057 \end{aligned}$ | 33.943.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 66,280 \\ & 70,508 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29.4 \\ & 37.6 \end{aligned}$ | 19,829 | 33.7 |
| 1990. |  |  |  |  | 21,168 | 42.8 |
| Series 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975................ | 69,408 | 10.4 | 56,092 | 9.5 | 15,987 | 7.8 |
| 1980. | 76,063 | 21.0 | 61,087 | 19.2 | 17,638 | 19.0 |
| 1985. | 82,421 | 31.1 | 65,920 | 28.7 | 19,054 | 28.5 |
| 1990. | 87,823 | 39.7 | 69,997 | 36.6 | 20,258 | 36.6 |

[^6]gives the "married, spouse present" population. Then, projections were made of the following proportions:

1. The proportion of the male "married, spouse present" population who are heads of primary families;
2. The proportion of the noninstitutional population, excluding "married, spouse present," who are heads of primary families with no spouse present, for males and females separately;
3. The proportion of the noninstitutional population, excluding "married, spouse present" who are primary individuals, for males and females separately.

These proportions were applied to the appropriate populations and the products were then summed to obtain an estimate of the total number of heads of households. As indicated previously, the number of households is identical to the number of household heads.

Projections of the number of families were derived as follows: Projections were made of (1) the proportion of "married, spouse present" males (excluding those who were heads of households as determined previously) who are heads of secondary families and (2) the ratio of all secondary families to those secondary families headed by a "married, spouse present" male. The application of these proportions and ratios in succession to the appropriate population gives estimates of the total number of heads of secondary families. The sum of these heads plus the heads of primary families as estimated previously represents the estimates of the total number of family heads.

The specific assumptions for the two series of projected proportions by household and family status were developed as follows:

1. Series 1 was produced by (a) projecting the trends in the proportions for various age-sexmarital status groups exhibited during the period 1957 to 1969 to establish the proportions for these categories in 1990 and (b) fitting a curve to the observations for 1957 and 1969 and the projected values for 1990 to obtain proportions for the intervening years.
2. Series 2 was produced by averaging the first series of projected proportions with current levels.

The resulting proportions in Series 1 constitute the higher household and family assumptions, and the proportions in Series 2 constitute the lower household and family assumptions.

Table 6 presents estimates and projections of the total number of households, families, and unrelated individuals at 5 -year time intervals, 1960 to 1990. Separate projections are also given for households "headed" by families (husbandwife families, other-male head, female head) and households "headed" by individuals. Table 7 presents projections of households headed by families and households headed by individuals, by age of the head, for the same dates. These projections supersede those previously published in Current Population Reports, "Projections of the Number of Households and Families: 1967 to 1985,"Series P-25, No. 394.

The projected total numbers of families, households, and unrelated individuals at 5 -year intervals to 1990, with the percent increase over 1970, are shown in table $E$. The various types of household units are expected to increase by roughly two-fifths between 1970 and 1990.

## ACCURACY OF THE PROJECTIONS

Projections vary greatly as to the degree of certainty or uncertainty which may be assigned to them. The degree of certainty is important in interpreting the results. The use of a range in the projections for each type is a principal way by which the reliability of the projections is roughly indicated. The assumptions underlying the various series have been chosen with the intention that even the highest and lowest series should represent levels that might be realized.

A wide range has been assigned to the projections of population because of the uncertainty as to the future numbers of births. The future for mortality and immigration is so much more certain than for fertility that it did not seem necessary to make more than one set of assumptions respecting them. Only one series of population projections has been made for that segment of the population that was already alive in 1970 inasmuch as the base population is knownand there is only one series of projections for future deaths and immigration.

A wide range between series is to be expected in all the projections where the segment of the population yet to be born is a major component. These include the projections of elementary and high school enrollment (table 4). Reasonable variations in rates of enrollment for most ages that attend elementary and high school add very little to the range, since enrollment rates at these ages are already near 100 percent. The range in enrollment for college, however, is, for the first 16 years or so, entirely the product of differing assumptions about rates of enrollment; after about 1987, variations in the size of the age cohorts begin to affect the numbers also. These facts may be
ascertained by noting in table 4 the similarity of series $\mathrm{C}-1$ and $\mathrm{C}-2$, and series $\mathrm{E}-1$ and $\mathrm{E}-2$, for elementary and high school, but of series C-1 and $\mathrm{E}-1$, and of $\mathrm{C}-2$ and $\mathrm{E}-2$, for college. Inasmuch as most people have completed their education by age 25 , projections of attainment for people above this age are not subject to great uncertainties regarding their attainment of additional education.

Projections of heads of households and families relate to the population 14 years old and over. By 1990, all the population except those under age 20 had been born before 1970. Hence, variations in the population projections will add very litcle to the range of these projections. Furthermore, marriage rates and headship rates are quite stable for most ages. Thus, the projections of households and families have a high degree of certainty as compared with projections of total population and school enrollment.

The range for households does not include the effect of possible changes in the size of the Armed Forces and the proportion of members who are overseas upon the number of households. Substantial changes in the Armed Forces and in the proportion overseas may have a significant effect on the number of households and families.

## RELATED REPORTS

Further information on the national population projections and additional data are given in Current Population Reports, Series $\mathrm{P}-25$, No, 470 , "Projections of the Population of the United States, by Age and Sex: 1970 to 2020," published in November 1971. Further information on the projections of school enrollment and additional data are given in Current Population Reports, Series

P-25, No. 473. "Projections of School and College Enrollment: 1971 to 2000," published in January 1972. Detailed reports on projections of educational attainment and households and families, corresponding to the summary data presented in this report, are not now planned for publication.

The latest projections of the population of States appear in Current Population Reports, Series P-25, No. 375, Revised Projections of the Popu-lation of States: 1970 to 1985, published in Oct. 1967. These projections are not recommended for use since they do not take account of the 1970 census data on the population of States. Preliminary State projections updating those in Series P-25, No. 375, are planned for publication shortly.

The latest projections of the labor force have been published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics in "The U.S. Labor Force: Projections to 1985," Special Labor Force Report, No. 119, by Sophia C. Travis (Reprint No. 2673 from the Monthly Labor Review, Feb. 1970). These prom jections extend from 1968 to 1985. They were prepared before the 1970 census data on the agesex distribution of the population became available. and they have not yet been revised to take these data into account.

Some recent work has been done at the Bureau of the Census on projections of consumer income and consumer expenditures. Projections of the distribution of families and unrelated individuals by consumer income and of aggregate consumption expenditures by major categories of consumption have been prepared for 1985. These projections are presented in: Roger A. Herriot and Herman P. Miller, "Projections of Consumer Income and Expenditures for 1985," Proceedings of the Social $\frac{\text { Statistics Section, } 1970, \text { American Statistical }}{\text { Association }}$

Table 1. Annual Estimates and Projections of the Total Population and of the Components of Population Change, for the United States: 1960 to 1990
(Numbers in thousands. Figures include Armed Forces overseas)


Table 1. Annual Estimates and Projections of the Total Population and of the Components of Population Change, for the United States: 1960 to 1990-Continued
(Wumbers in thousands. Figures include Armed forces overseas)


[^7]Table 2. Estimates and Projections of the Population of the United States, by Age and Sex: 1960 to 2000
(In thousands. Figures relate to fuly 1 and include Armed Forces overseas. Figures inside heavy lines represent, in whole or part, survivors of births projected for years after 1970)

| Sex, series, and age in years | 1960 | 1965 | 1970 | 1975 | 1980 | 1985 | 1990 | 1995 | 2000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BOTH SEXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Series B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All ages. | 180,667 | 194,237 | 204,800 | 218,177 | 236,725 | 257,903 | 278,570 | 298,952 | 322,277 |
| Under | 20,337 | 19,781 | 17,184 | 21,321 | 27,008 | 30,237 | 30,284 | 30,604 | 34,164 |
| 5 to 9. | 18,812 | 20,369 | 19,876 | 17,327 | 21,449 | 27,117 | 30,337 | 30,385 | 30,703 |
| 10 to 14. | 16,924 | 19,042 | 20,805 | 20,042 | 17,499 | 21,614 | 27,273 | 30,489 | 30,538 |
| 15 to 19. | 12,455 | 17,010 | 19,285 | 20,930 | 20,171 | 17,639 | 21,744 | 27,389 | 30,598 |
| 20 to 24. | 11,124 | 13,753 | 17,176 | 19,384 | 21,024 | 20,273 | 17,759 | 21,848 | 27,470 |
| 25 to 29. | 10,940 | 11,357 | 13,758 | 17,302 | 19,500 | 21,133 | 20,392 | 17,896 | 21,966 |
| Series C |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All ages. | 180,667 | 194,237 | 204,800 | 217,375 | 233,798 | 252,093 | 269,673 | 286,559 | 305, 111 |
| Under 5. | 20,337 | 19,781 | 17,184 | 20,519 | 24,881 | 27,345 | 27,181 | 27,083 | 29,351 |
| 5 to 9.. | 18,812 | 20,369 | 19,876 | 17,327 | 20,650 | 24,998 | 27,455 | 27, 293 | 27,195 |
| 10 to 14. | 16,924 | 19,042 | 20,805 | 20,042 | 17,499 | 20,817 | 25,157 | 27,611 | 27,450 |
| 15 to 19. | 13,455 | 17,010 | 19,285 | 20,930 | 20,171 | 17,639 | 20,949 | 25,279 | 27,728 |
| 20 to 24. | 11,124 | 13,753 | 17,176 | 19,384 | 21,024 | 20,273 | 17,759 | 21,056 | 25,370 |
| 25 to 29. | 10,940 | 11,357 | 13,758 | 17,302 | 19,500 | 21,133 | 20,392 | 17,896 | 21,178 |
| Sexies D |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All ages. | 180,667 | 194,237 | 204,800 | 216,561 | 230,855 | 246,265 | 260,762 | 274,229 | 288,293 |
| Under 5. | 20,337 | 19,781 | 17,184 | 19,706 | 22,748 | 24,450 | 24,082 | 23,639 | 24,823 |
| 5 to 9. | 18,812 | 20,369 | 19,876 | 17,327 | 19,840 | 22,873 | 24,570 | 24,205 | 23,762 |
| 10 to 14. | 16,924 | 19,042 | 20,805 | 20,042 | 17,499 | 20,008 | 23, 036 | 24,732 | 24,367 |
| 15 to 19. | 13,455 | 17,010 | 19,285 | 20,930 | 20,171 | 17,639 | 20,142 | 23,164 | 24,857 |
| 20 to 24. | 11,124 | 13,753 | 17,176 | 19,384 | 21,024 | 20,273 | 17,759 | 20,254 | 23,265 |
| 25 to 29. | 10,940 | 11,357 | 13,758 | 17,302 | 19,500 | 21,133 | 20,392 | 17,896 | 20,380 |
| Series E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All ages. | 180,667 | 194,237 | 204,800 | 215,703 | 227,765 | 240,153 | 251,431 | 261,405 | 271,082 |
| Under 5. | 20,337 | 19,781. | 17,184 | 18,847 | 20,512 | 21,420 | 20,846 | 20,120 | 20,395 |
| 5 to 9. | 18,812 | 20,369 | 19,876 | 17,327 | 18,985 | 20,645 | 21,550 | 20,979 | 20,255 |
| 10 to 14. | 16,924 | 19,042 | 20,805 | 20,042 | 17,499 | 19,155 | 20,812 | 21,717 | 21,147 |
| 15 to 19. | 13,455 | 17,010 | 19,285 | 20,930 | 20,171 | 17,639 | 19,291 | 20,946 | 21,850 |
| 20 to 24. | 11, 124 | 13,753 | 17,176 | 19,384 | 21,024 | 20,273 | 17,759 | 19,407 | 21,058 |
| 25 to 29. | 10,940 | 11,357 | 13,758 | 17,302 | 19,500 | 21,133 | 20,392 | 1.7,896 | 19,538 |
| All Series:-30 Years old and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 to 34. | 11,978 | 11,100 | 11,520 | 13,878 | 17,400 | 19,586 | 21,212 | 20,480 | 18,004 |
| 35 to 39. | 12,543 | 12,026 | 11,208 | 11,575 | 13,914 | 17,408 | 19,579 | 21,197 | 20,476 |
| 40 to 44. | 11,678 | 12,413 | 11,918 | 11,176 | 11,543 | 13,856 | 17,309 | 19,459 | 21,063 |
| 45 to 49. | 10,915 | 11,411 | 12,21.0 | 11,751 | 11,032 | 11,399 | 13,671 | 17,063 | 19,179 |
| 50 to 54. | 9,657 | 10,381. | 11, 059 | 11,852 | ].1.,418 | 10,732 | 11,098 | 13,307 | 16,605 |
| 55 to 59. | 8,477 | 9,645 | 9,992 | 10,529 | 11,294 | 10,896 | 10,258 | 10,622 | 12,743 |
| 60 to 64. | 7,144 | 7,380 | 8,656 | 9,250 | 9,769 | 10,495 | 10,143 | 9,570 | 9,929 |
| 65 to 69. | 6,293 | 6,579 | 6,831 | 7,690 | 8,239 | 8,727 | 9,396 | 9,104 | 8,613 |
| 70 to 74. | 4,769 | 5,379 | 5,634 | 5,704 | 6,447 | 6,935 | 7,379 | 7,971 | 7,751 |
| 75 and over ${ }^{2}$ | 5,623 | 6,609 | 7,691 | 8,465 | 9,017 | 9,855 | 10,735 | 11,568 | 12,476 |

See footnote at end of table.

Table 2. Estimates and Projections of the Population of the United States, by Age and Sex: 1960 to 2000-Continued
(In thousands. Eigures relate to Juiy l and include Armed Forces overseas. Figures inside heavy lines represent, in whole or part, survivors of births projected for years after 1970)


See footnote at end of table.

Table 2. Estimates and Projections of the Population of the United States, by Age and Sex: 1960 to 2000-Continued
(In thousands. Figures relate to July 1 and include Armed Forces overseas. Figures inside heavy lines represent, in whole or part, survivors of births projected for years after 1970)


Table 3. Estimates and Projections of the Population of the United States in Selected Age Groups, by Sex: 1960 to 2000
(In thousands. Figures relate to July I and include Armed Forces overseas. Figures inside heavy lines represent, in whole or part, survivors of births projected for years after 1970)

| sex, sexies, and age in years | 1960 | 1.965 | 1.970 | 1975 | 1980 | 1985 | 1990 | 2.995 | 2000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BOTM SEXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Series B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1. | 4,092 | 3,748 | 3,412 | 4,753 | 5, 781 | 6,139 | 6,013 | 6,311 | 7,263 26,901 |
| 1 to 4.. | 16,244 | 16,033 | 13,771 | 16,569 | 21, 227 | 24,098 | 24,271 | 24,293 | 26,901 |
| 5 to 13. | 32,980 | 35,775 | 36,615 | 33, 177 | 35,350 | 44,869 | 52,557 | 54,907 | 55,064 |
| 14 to 17 | 11,209 | 14,151 | 15,902 | 16,792 | 15,433 | 14,365 | 18,801 | 22,988 | $24,707$ |
| 1.8 to 21. | 9,550 | 12,100 | 14,540 | 16,346 | 16,755 | 14,053 | 15,127 | 19,811 | $23,621$ |
| 18 to 24. | 16,126 | 20,249 | 24,625 | 27, 714 | $\begin{array}{r}29,360 \\ \hline 03,52\end{array}$ | 27,408 109,895 | 25,756 117,995 | 32,216 128,269 | $\begin{array}{r} 39,539 \\ 139,577 \end{array}$ |
| 1.5 to 44. | 71,717 | 77,659 | 84, 865 | 94, 245 | 103, 552 |  | 117,995 | 128,269 |  |
| 14 and oves*. | 127,350 | 138,681 | 151, 001 | 163,679 | 174,366 | 182,797 | 196,730 | 213,441 | 233,050 |
| 16 and ovex | 121, 833 | 131,534 | 142,916 | 155,323 | 166,973 | 175,439 | 185,854 | 201,634 | 220,678 |
| 18 and over | 116,141. | 124,530 | 135,100 | 146,887 | 158,933 | 168,431 | 176,928 | 190,453 | 208,343 |
| 21 and ovex. | 108,853 | 115, 220 | 124,112 | 134,517 | 1.46,414 | 157,478 | 165, 413 | 175,244 | 190,419 |
| 65 and over. | 16,685 | 18,567 | 20,156 | 21,859 | 23,703 | 25,517 | 27,509 | 28,643 | 28,839 |
| Series C |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1 | 4,092 | 3,748 | 3,412 | 4,476 | 5,270 | 5,529 | 5,379 | 5,528 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,159 \\ 23 \quad 192 \end{array}$ |
| 1 to 4. | 16,244 | 16,033 | 13,771 | 16,043 | 19,611 | 21,815 | 21,802 | 21, 455 |  |
| 5 to 13. | 32,980 | 35,775 | 36,615 | 33, 177 | $\frac{34,551}{15,433}$ | 41,998 14,319 | 47,888 17,823 | 49,473 | 22,322 |
| 14 to 17 | 11,209 | 14,151 | 15,902 | 16,792 16,346 | 15,433 | $\frac{14,319}{14,953}$ | 17,823 14,980 | 21,050 18,615 | 21,556 |
| 18 to 21 | 9,550 | 12, 100 | 14,540 | 16,346 | 16,755 29,360 | 14,953 27,408 | 14,980 25,609 | $\begin{aligned} & 18,615 \\ & 30,716 \end{aligned}$ | $36,344$ |
| 18 to 24. | 16,126 | 20,249 | 24,625 84,865 | 27,714 94,245 | 29,360 103,552 | 27,408 109,895 | 25,609 117,200 | $125,367$ | 133,819 |
| 15 to 44. | 71,717 | 77,659 | 84,865 | 94, 245 | 103,552 | 109,895 | 117,200 |  |  |
| 14 and over. | 127,350 | 138,681 | 151,001 | 163,679 | 174,366 | 182, 750 | 194,605 | 210,003 | 226,684 |
| 16 and over | 121, 833 | 131, 534 | 14:2,916 | 155,323 | 166,973 | 175,439 | 185,333 | 199,238 | 215,525 |
| 18 and over. | 116,141 | 124,530 | 135, 100 | 146,887 | 158,933 | 168,431 | 176,781 | 188,954 | 204,362 |
| 21 and over | 108,853 | 115,220 | 124,112 | 134,517 | 146,414 | 1.57, 478 | 165,413 | $\frac{174,725}{28,643}$ | $\frac{188,036}{28,839}$ |
| 65 and over. | 16,685 | 18,567 | 20,156 | 21,859 | 23,703 | 25,517 | 27,509 | 28,643 | 28,839 |
| Series D |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under | 4,092 | 3,748 | 3,412 | 4, 197 | 4,758 | 4,920 | 4,748 | 4,774 | 5,134 19,689 |
| 1 to 4 | 16,244 | 16,033 | 13,771 | 15,508 | 17,990 | 19,531 | 19,334 | 18,865 | 19,689 |
| 5 to 13 | 32,980 | 35,775 | 36,615 | 33, 177 | 33,741 | 39,113 | 43,213 | 44,042 | 43,171 |
| 14 to 17 | 11,209 | 14, 151 | 15,902 | 16,792 | 15,433 | 14,270 | 16,838 | 19, 108 | 19,936 |
| 18 to 21 | 9,550 | 12,100 | 14,540 | 16,346 | 16,755 | 14,953 | 14,827 | 17,413 | 19,489 |
| 18 to 24. | 16,126 | 20,249 | 24,625 | 27,714 | 29,360 | 27,408 | 25,456 | 29,204 | 33,144 |
| 15 to 44. | 71, 717 | 77,659 | 84, 865 | 94,245 | 103,552 | 109,895 | 116,393 | 122,450 | 128,045 |
| 14 and over | 127,350 | 138,681 | 151,001 | 163,679 | 174,366 | 1.82,701 | 193,467 | 206,548 | 220,299 |
| 16 and over. | 121, 833 | 131,534 | 142,916 | 155,323 | 166,973 | 175,439 | 184,802 | 196,827 | 210,353 |
| 18 and over. | 116,141 | 124,530 | 135,100 | 146, 887 | 158,933 | 168,431 | 176,629 | 187, 440 | 200,363 |
| 21 and over. | 108,853 | 115,220 | 124, 112 | 134,517 | 146,414 | 157, 478 | 165,413 | 174,197 | 185, 636 |
| 65 and over. | 16,685 | 18,567 | .20,156 | 21, 859 | 23,703 | 25,517 | 27,509 | 28,643 | 28,839 |
| Series E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under | 4, 092 | 3,748 | 3,412 | 3,905 | $4,222$ | 4,281 |  |  |  |
| 1 to 4. | 16,244 | 16,033 | 13, 771 | 14,942 | 16,290 | 17,138 | 16,755 | 16,105 | 16,247 |
| 5 to 13. | 32,980 | 35,775 | 36, 615 | 33, 1.77 | 32,886 | 36,085 | 38,316 | 38,364 | 37,081 |
| 14 to 17 | 11,209 | 14, 151 | 15,902 | 16,792 | 15,433 | 14,217 | 15,803 | 17,073 | 17,438 |
| 18 to 21 | 9,550 | 12,100 | 14,540 | 16,346 | 16,755 | 74,953 | 14,664 | 16,151 | 17,324 |
| 18 to 24. | 16, 126 | 20,249 | 24,625 | 27,714 | 29,360 | 27,408 | 25,293 | 27,611 119,385 | 29,791 121,989 |
| 15 to 44. | 71, 717 | 77,659 | 84,865 | 94, 245 | 103,552 | 109,895 | 115,542 | 119,385 | 121,989 |
| 14 and over. | 127,350 | 138,681. | 151,001 | 163,679 | 174,366 | 182,648 | 192,269 | 202,921. | 213,606 |
| 16 and over. | 121,833 | 131,534 | 142,916 | 155,323 | 166,973 | 175,439 | 184,240 | 194,293 | 204,929 |
| 18 and over. | 116,141 | 124,530 | 135,100 | 146, 887 | 158,933 | 168,431 | 176,466 | 185,848 | 196,167 |
| 21 and over. | 108, 853 | 115,220 | 124,112 | 134,517 | 1.46,414 | 157,478 | 165,413 | $\frac{173,638}{28,643}$ | $\frac{183,116}{28,839}$ |
| 65 and over. | 16,685 | 18, 567 | 20, 156 | 21, 859 | 23,703 | 25,517 | 27,509 | 28,643 | 28,839 |

Table 3. Estimates and Projections of the Population of the United States in Selected Age Groups, by Sex: 1960 to 2000 -Continued
(In thousands. Figures relate to fuly 1 and include Armed Forces overseas. rigures inside heavy lines represent, in whole or part, survivors of births projected for years after 1970)

| Sex, series, and age in years | 1960 | 1965 | 1970 | 1975 | 1980 | 1985 | 1990 | 1995 | 2000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MALE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Series B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1. | 2,079 | 1,905 | 1,741 | 2,428 | 2,954 | 3,137 | 3,073 | 3,225 | 3,712 |
| 1 to 4. | 8,257 | 8,159 | 7,012 | 8,461 | 10,843. | 12,308 | 12,396 | 12,408 | 13,741. |
| 5 to 13 | 16,771 | 18,205 | 18,651 | 16,895 | 18,025 | 22,902 | 26,827 | 28,028 | 28,110 |
| 14 to 17 | 5,677 | 7,186 | 8,085 | 8,543 | 7,853 | $\underline{2} 314$ | 9,588 | 11,724 | 12,602 |
| 18 to 21. | 4,807 | 6,113 | 7,356 | 8,297 | 8,504 | 7,588 | 7,689 | 10,083 | 12,026 |
| 18 to 24. | 8,092 | 10,198 | 12,424 | 14,036 | 14,885 | 13,891. | 13,060 | 16,374 | 20,103 |
| 15 to 44. | 35,571 | 38,616 | 42,258 | 47,130 | 51,917 | 55,181 | 59,393 | 64,695 | 70,498 |
| 14 and over | 62,211 | 67,309 | 72,813 | 78,882 | 83,997 | 88,054 | 94,495 | 103,483 | 113,391 |
| 16 and over | 59,413 | 63,684 | 68,696 | 74,630 | 80, 238 | 84,303 | 89,458 | 97,415 | 107,079 |
| 18 and over | 56,534 | 60,123 | 64,927 | 70,338 | 76,144 | 80,740 | 84,907 | 91,714 | 100,789 |
| 21 and over | 52,857 | 55,415 | 59,160 | 64,053 | 69,786 | 75,183 | 79,048 | 83,970 | 91,660 |
| 65 and over | 7,546 | 8,065 | 8,441 | 9,027 | 9,682 | 10,327 | 11,082 | 11,488 | 11,554 |
| Series C |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1. | 2,079 | 1,905 | 1,741 | 2,287 | 2,693 | 2,825 | 2,749 | 2,825 11,010 |  |
| I to 4. | 8,257 | 8,159 | 7,012 | 8, 193 | 10,015 | 11, 142 | 11,135 | 11,010 25,254 | 11,847 25,054 |
| 5 to 13. | 16,771 | 18,205 | 18,651 | 16,895 | 17,617 | 21,436 | 24,444 | 25,254 10,735 | 25,054 |
| 14 to 17. | 5,677 | 7,186 | 8,085 | 8,543 | 7,853 | 7,290 | 9,089 | 10,735 | 11,385 10,974 |
| 18 to 21. | 4,807 | 6,113 | 7,356 | 8,297 14,036 | $\begin{array}{r}8,504 \\ \hline 14,885\end{array}$ | 7,588 13,891 | 7,614 12,986 | 9,474 15,610 | $\begin{aligned} & 10,974 \\ & 18,477 \end{aligned}$ |
| 18 to 24 | 8,092 | 10,198 | 12,424 | 14,036 47,130 | 14,885 51,917 | 13,891 55,181 | 12,986 58,987 | 15,610 63,216 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.8,477 \\ & 67,567 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| 15 to 44. | 35,571 | 38,616 | 42,258 | 47,130 | 51,917 | 55,181 |  |  |  |
| 14 and over | 62,211 | 67,309 | 72,813 | 78,882 | 83,997 | 88,030 | 93,921 | 101,686 | 110,149 |
| 16 and ov | 59,413 | 63,684 | 68,696 | 74,630 | 80,238 | 84,303 | 89,192 | 96, 194 | 104,455 |
| 18 and over | 56,534 | 60, 123 | 64,727 | 70,338 | 76,144 | 80, 740 | 84,832 | 90,950 | 98,763 |
| 21 and over. | 52,857 | 55, 415 | 59,160 | 64,053 | 69,786 | 75, 183 | 79,048 | 83,706 | 90,449 |
| 65 and over. | 7,546 | 8,065 | 8,441 | 9,027 | 9,682 | 10,327 | 11,082 | 11,488 | 11,554 |
| Series D |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1. | 2,079 | 1,905 | 1,741 | 2,145 | 2,431 | 2,514 | 2,426 | 2,440 | 2,624 |
| 1 to 4 . | 8,257 | 8,159 | 7,012 | 7,920 | 9,187 | 9,975 | 9,875 | 9,636 | 10,057 |
| 5 to 13. | 16,771 | 18,205 | 18,651 | 16,895 | 17,203 | 19,963 | 22,057 | 22,482 | 22,038 |
| 14 to 17 | 5,677 | 7,1.86 | 8,085 | 8,543 | 7,853 | 7,265 | 8,587 | 9,745 | 1.0,168 |
| 18 to 21. | 4,807 | 6,113 | 7,356 | 8,297 | 8,504 | 7,588 | 7,536 | 8,862 | 9,921 |
| 18 to 24. | 8,092 | 10,198 | 12,424 | 14,036 | 14,885 | 13,891 | 12,908 | 14,839 | 16,848 |
| 15 to 44. | 35,571 | 38,616 | 42,258 | 47, 130 | 51,917 | 55, 181 | 58,576 | 61,729 | 64,626 |
| 14 and over | 62,211 | 67,309 | 72,813 | 78,882 | 83,997 | 88,005 | 93,341 | 99,925 | 106,897 |
| 16 and over | 59,413 | 63,684 | 68,696 | 74,630 | 80,238 | 84:303 | 88,921 | 94,965 | 101,823 |
| 18 and over | 56,534 | 60,123 | 64,727 | 70,338 | 76,144 | 80,740 | 84, 755 | 90, 180 | 96,729 |
| 21 and over | 52,857 | 55,415 | 59,160 | 64,053 | 69,786 | 75, 183 | 79,048 | 83,437 | 89,229 |
| 65 and over | 7,546 | 8,065 | 8,441 | 9,027 | 9,682 | 10,327 | 11,082 | 11,488 | 11,554 |
| Series E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1. | 2,079 | 1,905 | 1,74.1 | 1,995 | 2,157 | 2,188 | 2,091 | 2,052 | 2,120 |
| to 4. | 8,257 | 8,1.59 | 7,012 | 7,631 | 8,319 | 8,753 | 8,558 | 8,226 | 8,299 |
| 5 to 13. | 16,771 | 18, 205 | 18,651 | 16,895 | 16,767 | 18,417 | 19,557 | 19,583 | 18,929 |
| 14 to 17. | 5,677 | 7,186 | 8,085 | 8,543 | 7,853 | 7,238 | 8,058 | 8,707 | 8,894 |
| 18 to 21. | 4,807 | 6,113 | 7,356 | 8,297 | 8,504 | 7,588 | 7,454 | 8,219 | 8,818 |
| 18 to 24. | 8,092 | 10,198 | 12,424 | 14,036 | 14,885 | 13,891 | 12,825 | 14,029 | 15,141 |
| 15 to 44. | 35,571 | 38,616 | 42,258 | 47,130 | 51,917 | 55,181 | 58,142 | 60,168 | 61,543 |
| 14 and over | 62,211 | 67,309 | 72,813 | 78,882 | 83,997 | 87,978 | 92,730 | 98,076 | 103,488 |
| 16 and ove | 59,413 | 63,684 | 68,696 | 74,630 | 80,238 | 84,363 | 88,635 | 93,674 | 99,062 |
| 18 and ove | 56,534 | 60,123 | 64,727 | 70,338 | 76,144 | 80,740 | 84,672 | 89,369 | 94,594 |
| 21 and over | 52,857 | 55,415 | 59,160 | 64,053 | 69,786 | 75,183 | 79,048 | 83,153 | 87,948 |
| 65 and over. | 7,546 | 8,065 | 8,441 | 9,027 | 9,682 | 10,327 | 11,082 | 11,488 | 11,554 |

Table 3. Estimates and Projections of the Population of the United States in Selected Age Groups, by Sex: 1960 to 2000-Continued
(In thousands. Figures relate to July 1 and include Armed Forces overseas. Figures inside heavy lines represent, in whole or part, survivors of births projected for years after 1970)


Table 4. Estimates and Projections of School Enrollment by Level of School and Sex, for the United States: 1960 to 1990
(In thousands. As of fall of year. Civilian noninstitutional population 5 to 34 years old. Rlementary school includes kindergarten and grades 1-8; high school, grades $9-12$ and postgraduates; and college, l-4 years of college, and graduate and professional schools)

| Year | Both sexes |  |  |  | Male |  |  |  | Female |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { en- } \\ \text { rolled } \end{gathered}$ | Diemen- <br> tary <br> school. | $\begin{gathered} \text { High } \\ \text { school } \end{gathered}$ | College | Total enrolled | $\begin{gathered} \text { Etemen- } \\ \text { tary } \\ \text { school } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High } \\ & \text { school } \end{aligned}$ | College | Total enrolled | $\begin{gathered} \text { Blemen- } \\ \text { tary } \\ \text { school } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { High } \\ & \text { school } \end{aligned}$ | College |
| ESTIMATES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5,184 | 2,339 | 22,025 | 15,730 | 5,065 | 1,231 |
| 1960. | 46,259 | 32,441 | 10,249 | 3,570 | 24,234 | 16,711 | 6,184 | 2,503 |  | 17,077 | 6,463 | 2,172 |
| 1965. | 53,769 | 35,120 | 12,975 | 5,675 | 28,059 | 18,043 | 6,512 | 3,503 | 25,710 | 17,909 | $7,294$ | 3,013 |
| 1970.............. | 58,804 | 36,676 | 14,715 | 7,413 | 30,590 | 18,767 | 7,422 | 4,401. | 28,216 |  |  |  |
| Prodections |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Series B-1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 | 58,739 | 32,925 | 16,114 | 9,700 | 30,861 | 16,869 | 8,159 | 5,833 | 27,878 | 16,056 | 7,956 | 3,867 |
| 1980. | 61,978 | 35,396 | 15,133 | 11,449 | 32,686 | 18,120 | 7,670 | 6,896 | 29,293 | 17,276 | 7,463 | 4,554 |
| 1985 | 71,363 | 44,916 | 14,593 | 11,854 | 37,474 | 22,987 | 7,348 | 7,199 | 33,889 | 21,930 | 7,244 | 4,716 |
| 1990. | 84,428 | 52,633 | 19,007 | 12,788 | 44,114 | 26,962 | 9,580 | 7,572 | 40,314 | 25,671 | 9,427 | 5,216 |
| Series B-2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 | 57,926 | 32,841 | 15,939 | 9,147 | 30,427 | 16,828 | 8,071 | 5,528 | 27,499 | 16,013 | 7,807 | 3,619 |
| 1980. | 60,292 | 35,194 | 14,814 | 10,284 | 31,781 | 18,020 | 7,514 | 6,247 | 28,511 | 17, 174 | 7,300 | 4,037 |
| 1985. | 68,975 | 44,581 | 14,186 | 10,207 | 36,193 | 22,820 | 7,155 | 6,219 | 32,781 | 21,762 | 7,031 | 3,988 |
| 1990. | 81,289 | 52,193 | 18,414 | 10,683 | 42,445 | 26,742 | 9,296 | 6,407 | 38,845 | 25,451 | 9,117 | 4,276 |
| Series C-1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975. | 58,730 | 32,915 | 16, 114 | 9,700 | 30,857 | 16,865 | 8,159 | 5,833 | 27,873 | 16,051 | 7,956 | 3,867 |
| 1975. | 61,147 | 34,565 | 15, 133 | 11,449 | 32,264 | 17,698 | 7,670 | 6,896 | 28,884 | 16,867 | 7,463 | 4,554 |
| 1985 | 68,403 | 42,026 | 14,523 | 11, 854 | 35,969 | 21,515 | 7,315 | 7,139 | 32,434 | 20,5.11 | 7,207 | 4,716 |
| 1990. | 78,681 | 47,960 | 18,037 | 12,684 | 41,184 | 24,572 | 9,094 | 7,517 | 37,497 | 23,387 | 8,943 | 5,167 |
| Series Cm - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 | 57,917 | 32,832 | 15,939 | 9,147 | 30,422. | 16,823 | 8,071 | 5,528 | 27,495 | 16,008 | 7,867 | 3,619 |
| 1980 | 59,471 | 34,374 | 14,814 | 10,284 | 31,364 | 17,603 | 7,514 | 6,247 | 28,107 | 16,771 | 7,300 | 4,037 |
| 1985. | 66,042 | 41,719 | 14,117 | 10,207 | 34,703 | 21,362 | 7,122 | 6,219 | 31,339 | 20,356 | 6,995 | 3,988 |
| 1990.................. | 75,614 | 47,560 | 17,462 | 10,592 | 39,551 | 24,373 | 8,820 | 6,358 | 36,063 | 23,187 | 8,643 | 4,233 |
| Series D-1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 16,114 | 9,700 | 30,852 | 16,860 | 8,159 | 5,833 | 27,868 | 16,046 | 7,956 | 3,867 |
| 1975................... | 58,720 60,305 | 32,906 33,723 | 15,133 | 11,449 | 31,836 | 17,270 | 7,670 | 6,896 | 28,469 | 16,452 | 7, 463 | 4,554 |
| 1980.................. | 60,305 65,426 | 39,122 | 14,450 | 11,854 | 34,456 | 20,037 | 7,281 | 7,139 | 30,970 | 19,085 | 7, 169 | 4,716 |
| 1990. | 72,919 | 43,280 | 17,061 | 12,578 | 38,246 | 22,180 | 8,605 | 7,461 | 34,673 | 21,100 | 8,456 | 5,117 |
| Series D-2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 15,939 | 9,147 | 30,418 | 16,818 | 8,071 | 5,528 | 27,490 | 16,003 | 7,867 | 3,619 |
| 1975..................... | 57,907 | 32,822 | 14,814 | 10,284 | 30,942 | 17,181 | 7,514 | 6,247 | 27,698 | 16,361 | 7,300 | 4,037 |
| 1985. | 63,093 | 38,842 | 14,044 | 10,207 | 33,204 | 19,898 | 7,087 | 6,219 | 29,889 | 18,945 | 6,957 | 3,988 |
| 1990. | 69,924 | 42,922 | 16,505 | 10,497 | 36,649 | 22,001 | 8,340 | 6,308 | 33,275 | 20,921 | 8,164 | 4,189 |
| Series E-1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 30, 846 | 16,854 | 8,159 | 5,833 | 27,863 | 16,040 | 7,956 | $3,867$ |
| 1975................ | 58,709 59,417 | 32,895 32,835 | 16,114 15,133 | 9,700 11,449 | 31,385 | 16,819 | 7,670 | 6,896 | 28,032 | 16,015 | 7,463 | 4,554 |
| 1980......................... | 62,300 | 36,075 | 14,372 | 11, 854 | 32,868 | 18,486 | 7,243 | 7,139 | 29,433 | 17,589 | 7,128 | 4,716 |
|  | 62,878 | 38,378 | 16,035 | 12,465 | 35,166 | 19,673 | 8,091 | 7,402 | 31,712 | 18,705 | 7,943 | 5,063 |
| Series E-2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 32,811 | 15,939 | 9,147 | 30,412 | 16,813 | 8,071 | 5,528 | 27,484 | 15,998 | 7,867 | 3,619 |
| 1975............... | 57,763 | 32,665 | 14,814 | 10,284 | 30,497 | 16,736 | 7,514 | 6,247 | 27,266 | 15,930 | 7,300 | 4,037 |
| 1980............... | 59,997 | 35,824 | 13,966 | 10,207 | 31,630 | 18,361 | 7,050 | 6,219 | 28,367 | 17,463 | 6,916 | 3,988 |
| 1985.................. | 63,959 | 38,064 | 15,498 | 10,397 | 33, 607 | 19,516 | 7,836 | 6,255 | 30,351 | 18,547 | 7,662 | 4,142 |

Table 5. Estimates and Projections of the Population 25 Years Old and Over by Years of Schooi Completed, for the United States, by Age and Sex: 1964.65 to 1990
(Numbers in thousands. Figures exclude Armed forces overseas and in barracks. They relate to harch $i$. projections axe consistent with data from the Current Population Survey rathex than decennial census data)

| Year, age, and sex | Total population | Years of school completed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Med土an <br> school <br> yeaxs <br> com. <br> pleted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Elementaxy |  |  | High school. |  | College |  |  |  |
|  |  | Under <br> 5 gears | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \text { to } 7 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ \text { yearm } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { to } 3 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | 1 to 3 years | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | 5 or more years |  |
| 1964-65 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 25 years and ovex.*... | 102,833 | 7,138 | 11,207 | 16,100 | 18,518 | 31,216 | 9,112 | 6,006 | 3,538 | 1. 1.7 |
| 25 to 29................................................ | 10,956 | 226 | 456 | 625 | 2,006 | 4,900 | 1,360 | 924 | 458 | 12.4 |
| 30 to 34 | 11,082 | 296 | 621 | 812 | 2,111 | 4,535 | 3, 184 | 958 | 516 | 12.4 |
| 35 to 44. | 24,368 | 820 | -1, 786 | 8,400 | 4, 954 | 9,232 | 2,464 | 1,674 | 1,083 | 12.2 |
| 45 to 54. | 21,824 | 1,046 | 2,322 | 3,528 | 4,323 | 6,328 | 1,927 | 1, 117 | 756 | 11.8 |
| 55 to 64. | 16,738 | 1,420 | 2,548 | 3,949 | 2,915 | 3,434 | 1,222 | 750 | 500 | 9.5 |
|  | 17,914 | 3,330 | 3,474 | 4,786 | 2,208 | 2,287 |  | 583 | 230 | 8.4 |
| Male, 25 years and overs....... | 49,108 | 3,866 | 5,532 | 7,855 | 8,533 | 1.3, 118 | 4,382 | 3,280 | 2, 539 | 11. 6 |
|  | 5,325 | 129 | 244 | 320 | 92. | 2,132 | 722 | 508 | 349 | 12.5 |
|  | 5,386 | 182 | 328 | 400 | 961 | 1,966 | $\begin{array}{r}589 \\ \hline 890\end{array}$ | 550 | 410 | 12.4 |
| 35 to 44. | 11,842 | 484 | 942 | 1.266 | 2,349 | 3,786 | 1,220 | 991 | 804 | 12.2 |
| 45 to 54. | 10,654 | 636 | 1,138 | 1,806 | 2, 0900 | 2,950 | 966 | 01 | 466 | 11.5 |
| 55 to 64 | 8,038 | 790 | 1,266 | 1,974 | I, 382 | -, 416 | 336 | 374 | 320 189 | 9.0 8.3 |
| 65 and ovex.......................... | 7, 864 | 1,646 | 1,615 | 2,090 | 830 | 368 | 368 | 255 | 189 | 8.3 |
| Female, 25 years and overm..... | 53,726 | 3,270 | 5,674 | 8,246 | 9,983 | 18,097 | 4,726 | 2,726 | 999 | 11.3 12.4 |
|  | 5,632 | 96 | 211 | 306 | 1,086 | 2,768 | 637 | 418 | 110 | 12.4 |
| 30 to 34................................ | 5,645 | 114 | 294 | 412 | - 2.50 | 2,568 | 596 | 406 | 106 | 12.3 |
| 35 to 44 | 12,528 | 337 | 845 | 1,135 | 2,604 | 5,447 | 1,242 | 682 | 234 | 12.2 |
| 45 to 54 | 11,171 | 410 | 1,184 | 1,720 | 2,232 | 3,877 | 960 | 51.6 | 68 | 12.0 |
| 55 to 64............................. | 8,700 | 630 | 1,282 | 1,976 | 1,532 | 2,018 | 706 | 375 | 180 | 9.9 |
| 65 and over...................... | 10,051 | 1,682 | 1,859 | 2,696 | 1,378 | 1,419 | 585 | 328 | 101. | 8.6 |
| 1969-70 ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, 25 years and over..... | 108,530 | 5, 880 | 10,046 | 1.4,701 | 18,604 | 36,634 | 10,864 | 7,208 | 4, 591 | 12.1 |
| 25 to 29......................... | 13,230 | 156 | 356 | 594 | 2,190 | 5,836 | 1,952 | -, 367 | 778 | 12.6 |
| 30 to 34 | 11,238 | 188 | 473 | 589 | 2,006 | 4,924 | 1,394 | 1,016 | 648 | 12.5 |
| 35 to 44 | 23, 134 | 652 | 1,460 | 2,008 | 4,265 | 9,247 | 2,496 | 1,782 | 1,224 | 12.3 |
| 45 to 54 | 23,152 | 901 | 1,861 | 2,795 | 4,306 | 8,740 | 2,316 | 1,354 | 880 | 12.2 |
| 55 to 64 | 18,246 | 7., 190 | 2,418 | 3,555 | 3,240 | 4,783 | 1,500 | 918 | 642 | 10.8 |
| 65 and over | 19,529 | 2,794 | 3,478 | 5,160 | 2,599 | 3,104 | 1,206 | 770 | 419 | 8,7 |
| Maie, 25 years and ovex........ | 51,408 | 3,063 | 4,968 | 7,086 | 8,376 | 15,374 | 5,422 | 3,900 | 3,218 | 12.1 |
| 25 to 29............................. | 6,500 | 92 | 189 | 318 | 952 | 2,611 | 3,056 | 707 | 574 | 12.7 |
| 30 to 34 | 5,512 | 105 | 282 | - 302 | 920 | 2,132 | 724 | 570 | 476 | 12.5 |
| 35 to 44...............................* | 11,280 | 378 | 800 | 1,104 | 1,904 | 3,850 | 1,300 | 1,058 | 888 | 12.4 |
| 45 to 54............................ | 11, 168 | 483 | 963 | 1, 417 | 2,040 | 3,670 | 1,206 | 776 | 613 | 12.2 |
| 55 to 64. | 8,640 | 648 | 1,201 | 1,728 | 1,518 | 2,015 | 686 | 435 | 410 | 10.5 |
|  | 8,308 | 1,359 | 1,534 | 2,215 | 1,042 | 1,098 | 448 | 355 | 256 | 8.6 |
| Female, 25 years and ovex...... | 57, 123 | 2,818 | 5,080 | 7,616 | 10,229 | 21,259 | 5,442 | 3,308 | 1,373 | 12.1 |
| 25 to 29............................. | 6,731 | 65 | 167 | 276 | 1,238 | 3,225 | 896 | 660 | 204 | 12.5 |
| 30 to 34............................... | 5,726 | 82 | 191 | 286 | 1,085 | 2,794 | $\begin{array}{r}669 \\ \hline 196\end{array}$ | 446 | 171 336 | 12.4 12.3 |
| 35 to 44.............................. | 11,854 | 274 | 660 | 904 | 2,362 | 5,398 | 1, 196 | 725 | 336 268 | 12.3 |
| 45 to 54............................. | 11,985 | 418 | 898 | 1,378 | 2,265 | 5,070 | 1, 110 | 579 | 268 | 12.2 |
| 55 to 64.............................. | 9,605 | 543 | 1,218 | 1,826 | 1,722 | 2,768 | 814 | 482 | 232 | 11.1 |
| 65 and over............................ | 11,222 | 1,436 | 1,946 | 2,944 | 1,556 | 2,006 | 757 | 414 | 162 | 8.8 |
| Smries 1. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total; 25 years and over. | 118, 193 | 4,920 | 8,900 | 13,178 | 19,939 | 42,812 | 13,309 | 9,130 | 6,005 | 12.3 |
| 25 to 29............................. | 16,885 | 119 | 284 | 559 | 2,453 | 7,286 | 2,798 | 2,038 | 1,348 | 12.7 |
| 30 to 34. | 13,659 | 112 | 315 | 552 | 2,174 | 5,921 | 2,035 | 1,520 | 1,030 | 12.6 |
| 35 to 44. | 22,607 | 453 | 1,083 | 1,419 | 4,066 | 9,626 | 2,7111 | 1,972 | 1,277 | 12.4 |
|  | 23,621 | 771 | I, 657 | 2,397 | 4,390 | 9,257 | 2,451 | 1,604 | 1,084 | 12.3 |
| 55 to 64.................................. | 19,693 | 964 | 1,981 | 2,957 | 3,607 | 6,583 | 1,829 | 1,067 | 705 | 12.19 |
| 65 and over......................... | 21,737 | 2,500 | 3,579 | 5,294 | 3,248 | 4,139 | 1,486 | 929 | 561 | 8.9 |

Table 5. Estimates and Projections of the Population 25 Years Old and Over by Years of School Completed,
for the United States, by Age and Sex: $1964-65$ to 1990 -Continued
(Numbers in thousands. Figures exclude Armed Forces overseas and in barracks. They relate to March i. Projections are consistent with data from the Current Population Survey rather than decennial census data)

| Year, age, and sex | Total population | Years of school completed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Median school years completed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Elementary |  |  | High school |  | college |  |  |  |
|  |  | Under <br> 5 years | 5 to 7 years | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { to } 3 \\ & \text { yeaxs } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { to } 3 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{4}{4}$ | 5 or more years |  |
| SERTES I--Continued <br> 1975---Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Male, 25 years and over........ | 55,658 | 2,505 | 4,334 | 6,264 | 8,746 | 18,082 | 6,717 | 4,800 | 4,211 | 12.3 |
| 25 to 29............................ | 8,376 | 71. | 148 | 307 | 1,024 | 3,349 | 1,529 | 994 | 955 | 12.8 |
| 30 to 34.. | 6,714 | 66 | 181 | 297 | 933 | 2,639 | 1,059 | 789 | 75.1 | 12.7 |
| 35 to 44. | 11,031 | 260 | 620 | 757 | 1,829 | 4,103 | 1,409 | 1,120 | 934. | 12.5 |
| 45 to 54. | 11,351 | 429 | 874 | 1,264 | 1,990 | 3,810 | 1,270 | 942 | 772 | 12.3 |
| 55 to 64. | 9,202 | 508 | 980 | 1,431 | 1,667 | 2,696 | 894 | 560 | 466 | 12.0 |
|  | 8,985 | 1,171. | 1,532 | 2,208 | 1,305 | 1,484 | 556 | 397 | 332 | 8.8 |
|  | 62,534 | 2,415 | 4,566 | 6,914 | 11, 193 | 24,730 | 6,593 | 4,329 | 1,795 | 12.2 |
| Female, 25 years and over | 62,534 8,509 | 2, 48 | $\bigcirc 137$ | 252 | 1,430 | 3,937 | 1,268 | 1,044 | 393 | 12.6 |
| 30 to 34. | 6,945 | 47 | 134 | 254 | 1,242 | 3,282 | 976 | 731 <br> 852 | 280 343 | 12.5 |
| 35 to 44.............................. | 11,576 | 194 | 463 | 662 | 2,237 | 5,523 5,446 | 1,302 1,181 | 862 | 343 312 | 12.3 |
| 45 to 54.......................e..... | 12,260 | 342 | 783 | 1,133 | 2,401 | 5,446 3,887 | 1,181 936 | 607 | 238 | 12.1 |
| 55 to 64. | 10,492 | 455 | 1,002 | 1,526 | 1,940 | 3,887 | 936 930 | 507 | 229 | 12.1 9.0 |
| 65 and over | 12,753 | 1,329 | 2,047 | 3,086 | 1,943 | 2,655 |  | 532 | 229 | 9.0 |
| 1980 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Total, 25 years and over..... | 128,465 | 4,084 | 7,753 | 11,673 | 20,903 | 48,675 | 16,066 | 11,403 | 7,909 | 12.4 |
| 25 to 29.......................... | 19,175 | 84 | 209 | 477 | 2,457 | 8,007 | 3,429 | 2,582 | 1,931 | 12.8 |
| 30 to 34. | 17,063 | 66 | 237 | 505 | 2,403 | 7,243 | 2,822 | 2,170 | 1,616 | 12.7 |
| 35 to 44 | 25,147 | 297 | 777 | 1,144 | 4,209 | 10,963 | 3,490 | 2,576 | 1,690 | 12.6 |
| 45 to 54. | 22,510 | 616 | 1.,389 | 1,903 | 4,146 | 9,066 | 2,449 | 1,750 | 1,191. | 12.4 |
| 55 to 64. | 20,990 | 796 | 1,654 | 2,482 | 3,906 | 8,003 | 2,104 | 1,240 | 803 |  |
| 65 and over | 23,582 | 2,224 | 3,487 | 5,162 | 3,781 | 5,392 | 1,772 | 1,086 | 67 | 9.7 |
| Male, 25 years and over........ | 60,543 | 2,047 | 3,750 | 5,519 | 8,938 | 20,751 | 8,204 | 5,822 | 5,512 | 12.5 |
| 25 to 20.......................... | 9,571 | 51 | $\bigcirc 106$ | 267 | 981 | 3,749 | 1,895 | 1,199 | 1,325 | 12.9 |
| 30 to 34. | 8,474 | 40 | 140 | 281 | 990 | 3,316 | 1.490 | 1,072 | 1,145 | 12.8 |
| 35 to 44. | 12,303 | 169 | 453 | 600 | 1,853 | 4,811 | 1,813 | 1,371 1,023 | $\begin{array}{r}1,234 \\ \hline 858\end{array}$ | 12.6 |
| 45 to 54. | 10, 824 | 354 | 753 | 1,931 | 1, 824 | 3,723 3,210 | 1,258 1,057 | 1,023 690 |  |  |
| 55 to 64. | 0,731 | 413 | 825 | 1,216 | 1,770 | 3,210 | 1,057 | 690 | 549 401 | 12.2 9.4 |
| 65 and over | 9,640 | 1,020 | 1,472 | 2,124 | 1,520 | 1,944 | 691 | 467 | 401. | 9.4 |
| Femaie, 25 years and over...... | 67,923 | 2,037 | 4,004 | 6,154 | 11,965 | 27,923 | 7,862 | 5,581 | 2,397 | 12.4 |
| 25 to 29.......................... | 9,603 | 33 | 103 | 210 | 1,476 | 4,259 | 1,534 | 1,383 | 606 | 12.7 |
| 30 to 34. | 8,589 | 26 | 97 | 225 | 1,413 | 3,928 | 1,332 | 1,098 | 470 | 12.6 |
| 35 to 44. | 12,843 | 128 | 325 | 543 | 2,356 | 6,152 | 1,677 | 1,205 | 457 | 12.5 12.3 |
| 45 to 54.. | 11,686 | 262 | 635 | 872 | 2,322 | 5,344 | 1,191 | 727 | $\begin{array}{r}333 \\ 254 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 12.3 1.2 .2 |
| 55 to 64. | 11,259 | 383 | 829 | 1,266 | 2,136 | 4,793 | 1,048 | 550 |  | 1.2 .2 9.9 |
| 65 and over | 13,942 | 1,204 | 2,015 | 3,038 | 2,261 | 3,448 | 1,081 | 618 | 277 | 9.9 |
| 1985 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Totaj, 25 years and over. | 139,905 | 3,324 | 6,616 | 10, 186 | 21,588 | 54,411 | 12,233 | 14,110 | 10,439 | 12.5 |
| 25 to 29....................... | 20,925 | 57 | 147 | 389 | 2,356 | 8,381 | 3,953 | 3,070 | 2,572 | 12.9 |
| 30 to 34. | 19,339 | 23 | 154 | 413 | 2,392 | 7,941 | 3,452 | 2,730 | 2,235 | 12.8 |
| 35 to 44. | 30,769 | 179 | 553 | 1,058 | 4,587 | 13,188 | 4,863 | 3,695 | 2,645 | 12.7 |
| 45 to 54. | 22,076 | 440 | 1.,053 | 1,381 | 3,973 | 9,417 | 2,648 | 1,923 | 1,240 | 12.4 |
| 55 to 64. | 21,409 | 695 | 1,496 | 2,163 | 3,988 | 8,436 | 2,216 | 1,446 | 969 | 12.3 |
| 65 and over.................. | 25,386 | 1,930 | 3,212 | 4,782 | 4,292 | 7,046 | 2,102 | 1,246 | 776 | 10.9 |
| Male, 25 years and over.......t | 66, 123 | 1,641 | 3,187 | 4,806 | 8,969 | 23,428 | 9,933 | 6,971 | 7,189 | 12.6 |
| 25 to 29.......................... | 10,478 | 35 | , 73 | 221 | 895 | 3,975 | 2,208 | 1,360 | 1,711 | 13.1 |
| 30 to 34. | 9,661 | 15 | 96 | 236 | 938 | 3,701 | 1,848 | 1,287 | 1,541 | 13.0 |
| 35 to 44. | 15,161 | 105 | 320 | 577 | 1,919 | 5,944 | 2, 545 | 1,858 | 1,883 | 12.8 |
| 45 to 54. | 10,649 | 250 | 597 | 728 | 1,765 | 3,965 | 1,361 | 1,081 | 902 | 12.5 |
| 55 to 64. | 9,895 | 374 | 761 | 1,100 | 1,733 | 3,321 | 1, 107 | 823 | ${ }_{4}^{676}$ | 12.3 10.7 |
|  | 10,279 | 86 | 1,339 | 1,944 | 1,719 | 2,522 |  |  |  | 10.7 |

Table 5. Estimates and Projections of the Population 25 Years Old and Over by Years of 5 chool Completed, for the United States, by Age and Sex: 1964-65 to 1990-Continued
(Numbers in thousands. Rigures exclude Armed Forces overseas and in barracks. They relate to March 1. Projections are


Table 5. Estimates and Projections of the Population 25 Years Old and Over by Years of School Completed, for the United States, by Age and Sex: 196465 to 1990-Continued
(Numbers in thousands. Figures exclude Armed Forces overseas and in barracks. They relate to March 1. projections are


Table 5. Estimates and Projections of the Population 25 Years Old and Over by Years of School Completed, for the United States, by Age and Sex: 1964-65 to 1990-Continued
(Numbers in thousands. Figures exclude Armed Forces overseas and in barracks. They relate to March 1 . projections are consistent with data from the Current Population Survey rather than decennial census data)

| Year, age, and sex | Total <br> popula <br> tion | Yeris of school completed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Median <br> school <br> years com.- <br> pleted |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Flementaxy |  |  | High school |  | College |  |  |  |
|  |  | Under <br> 5 years | 5 to 7 yeax's | 8 <br> years | 1 to 3 years | 4 years | 1 to 3 years | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5 \text { or more } \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| SEPRESS 2-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1990-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 Male, 25 years and over........ | 71,197 | 1,339 | 2,693 | 1,199 | 9,022 | 26,468 | 11,617 | 7,821 | 8,037 | 12.7 |
| 25 to 29. | 10,190 | 25 | 52 | 185 | 810 | 4,066 | 2,277 | 1,271 | 1,505 | 13.0 |
| 30 to 34. | 10,562 | 39 | 69 | 206 | 921 | 4,184 | 2,148 | 1,375 | 1, 618 | 13.0 |
| 35 to 44. | 18,055 | 61 | 250 | 542 | 2,006 | 7,219 | 3,298 | 2,268 | 2,411 | 12.9 |
| 45 to 54.............................. | 11,882 | 163 | 436 | 580 | 1,790 | 4,651 | 1,752 | 1,322 | 1,189 | 12.6 |
| 55 to 64. | 9,470 | 308 | 658 | 898 | 1,595 | 3,260 | 1,102 | 896 | 752 | 12.4 |
| 65 and over | 11,038 | 743 | 1,228 | 1,788 | 1,900 | 3,088 | 1,040 | 689 | 562 | 11.8 |
| Pemale, 25 years and over....... | 79,016 | 1,397 | 2,901 | 4, 681 | 1.3,390 | 34,266 | 10,532 | 8,351 | 3,495 | 12.5 |
| 25 to 29. | 10,162 | 15 | 56 | 136 | 1,432 | 4,416 | 1,712 | 1,687 | 708 | 12.8 |
| 30 to 34. | 10,520 | 25 | 31 | 147 | 1.,553 | 4,661 | 1.,769 | 1,629 | 704 | 12.8 |
| 35 to 44. | 18,313 | 40 | 169 | 426 | 2,993 | 8,444 | 2,870 | 2,397 | 973 | 12.7 |
| 45 to 54 | 12,672 | 126 | 320 | 536 | 2,328 | 6,074 | 1,653 | 1,186 | 448 | 12.5 |
| 55 to 64.. | 10,995 | 246 | 597 | 81.9 | 2,185 | 5,029 | 1,121 | 685 | 313 | 12.3 |
| 65 and over. | 16,354 | 945 | 1,728 | 2,617 | 2,899 | 5,642 | 1,407 | 767 | 349 | 12.0 |

Table 6. Estimates and Projections of Household and Family Units by Type, for the United States: 1960 to 1990
(In thousands. Excludes Amed Forces overseas and in barracks)


[^8]Table 7. Estimates and Projections of Households by Age of Head, for the United States: 1965 to 1990
(In thousands. Reference date is July 1, except as noted. Excludes Armed Forces ovexseas and in barracks)

| Series and age of head | $1965^{1}$ | $1.970^{1}$ | 1975 | 1.980 | 1985 | 1990 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SERIES 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Households |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 57,251 | 62,874 | 70,078 | 77,296 | 84,213 | 90,057 |
| Under 25 years. | 3,402 | 4,305 | 5,360 | 6,043 | 5,978 | 5,512 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 9,896 | 11,654 | 1.4,968 | 18,258 | 20,546 | 21,307 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 11,970 | 11,687 | 11,640 | 13,145 | 16,296 | 19,402 |
| 45 to 54 years | 11,486 | 12,237 | 12,447 | 11,836 | 11,655 | 13,031 |
| 55 to 64 years | 9,569 | 10,741 | 11.,640 | 12,444 | 12,660 | 12,096 |
| 65 to 74 years. | 7,150 | 7,543 | 8,667 | 9,651 | 10,396 | 11,228 |
| 75 years and over. | 3,778 | 4,709 | 5,356 | 5,918 | 6,682 | 7,481 |
| Primary Families |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 47,720 | 51,110 | 56,100 | 61, 188 | 66,185 | 70,424 |
| Under 25 years. | 2,914 | 3,454 | 4,135 | 4,477 | 4,255 | 3,765 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 9,228 | 10,576 | 13,514 | 16,386 | 18,326 | 18,929 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 11,126 | 10,874 | 10,772 | 12,108 | 14,934 | 17,696 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 10,250 | 10,819 | 10,983 | 10,436 | 10,271 | 11,482 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 7,483 | 8,312 | 8,925 | 9,469 | 9,591 | 9,156 |
| 65 to 74 years. | 4,640 | 4,696 | 5,265 | 5,690 | 5,966 | 6,320 |
| 75 years and over.............. | 2,079 | 2,380 | 2,505 | 2,622 | 2,841 | 3,077 |
| Primary Individuals |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 9,531 | 11,765 | 13,978 | 16,108 | 18,029 | 19,633 |
| Under 25 year | 488 | 851 | 1,225 | 1,566 | 1,723 | 1,748 |
| 25 to 34 years. | 668 | 1,076 | 1,454 | 1,872 | 2,220 | 2,379 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 844 | 813 | 868 | 1,038 | 1,362 | 1,706 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 1,236 | 1,418 | 1,464 | 1,400 | 1,384 | 1,548 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 2,086 | 2,429 | 2,715 | 2,975 | 3,069 | 2,941 |
| 65 to 74 years. | 2,510 | 2,846 | 3,402 | 3,961 | 4,430 | 4,908 |
| 75 years and ovex.. | 1,699 | 2,330 | 2,851 | 3,296 | 3,841 | 4,404 |
| SERIES 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Households |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 57,251 | 62,874 | 69,408 | 76,063 | 82,421 | 87,823 |
| Under 25 years | 3,402 | 4,305 | 5,265 | 5,841 | 5,669 | 5,108 |
| 25 to 34 years | 9,896 | 11,654 | 14,695 | 17,736 | 19,779 | 20,3,77 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 11,970 | 11,687 | 11,607 | 13,095 | 16,215 | 19,278 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 11,486 | 12,237 | 12,493 | 11,928 | 11,789 | 13,222 |
| 55 to 64 years | 9,569 | 10,741 | 11,576 | 12,354 | 12,563 | 12,010 |
| 65 to 74 years. | 7,150 | 7,543 | 8,561 | 9,461 | 10,129 | 10,891 |
| 75 years and over...... | 3,778 | 4,709 | 5,209 | 5,648 | 6,277 | 6,936 |
| Primary Families |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 47,720 | 51,110 | 55,988 | 60,979 | 65,814 | 69,898 |
| Under 25 years | 2,914 | 3,454 | 4,195 | 4,591 | 4,393 | 3,890 |
| 25 to 34 years | 9,228 | 10,576 | 13,299 | 15,962 | 17,683 | 18,123 |
| 35 to 44 years | 11,126 | 10,874 | 10,760 | 12,098 | 14,923 | 17,675 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 10,250 | 10,819 | 11,009 | 10,488 | 10,342 | 11,574 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 7,483 | 8,312 | 8,907 | 9,438 | 9,543 | 9,090 |
| 65 to 74 years. | 4,640 | 4,696 | 5,304 | 5,764 | 6,069 | 6,449 |
| 75 years and over..... | 2,079 | 2,380 | 2,514 | 2,638 | 2,861 | 3,098 |
| Pximary Individuals |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 9,531 | 11,765 | 13,419 | 15,084 | 16,607 | 17,925 |
| Under 25 years | 488 | 851 | 1,070 | 1,250 | 1,276 | 1,218 |
| 25 to 34 years | 668 | 1,076 | 1,396 | 1,774 | 2,096 | 2,254 |
| 35 to 44 years. | 844 | 813 | 848 | 997 | 1,293 | 1,604 |
| 45 to 54 years. | 1,236 | 1,418 | 1,483 | 1,440 | 1,447 | 1,648 |
| 55 to 64 years. | 2,086 | 2,429 | 2,669 | 2,916 | 3,020 | 2,920 |
| 65 to 74 years.. | 2,510 | 2,846 | 3,257 | 3,697 | 4,060 3,416 | 4,442 3,839 |
| 75 years and over............... | 1,699 | 2,330 | 2,695 | 3,010 | 3,416 | 3,839 |

${ }^{1}$ As of March 1. Based on Current Population Survey.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ U.S. Social Security Administration, Division of the Actuary, Illustrative United States population Projections, by T. N. E. Greville, Actuarial. Study No. 46, May 1957. The projections of mortality were revised in 1966, but the high mortality series changed very little. See U. S. Social Security Administration, Division of the Actuary, United States Population Projections for OASDHI Cost Estimates, by Francisco Bayo, Actuarial Study No. 62, Dec. 1966.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ A minus sign ( - ) denotes a deccease.

[^2]:    ${ }^{2}$ This figure is a projection made by the Dem partment of Defense for July 1, 1971 and appeared in the President's Budget for that date. The current figure for July 1, 1971 is 2,797,000.

[^3]:    ${ }^{3}$ U.S. Bureau of the Census, Current Population Reports, "Projections of Educational Attainment: 1970. to $1985^{\prime \prime}$ Series P-25, No. 390, March 29, 1968. This report should be examined for further information regarding the general methodology.

[^4]:    ${ }^{4}$ The percentage changes for the earliex period related, in fact, to the period 1957-59 to 1964-66 and were adopted from tables D and E of Current Population Reports, Series p-25, No. 390.

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ Persons who completed 4 years of high school or beyond.
    ${ }^{2}$ Persons who completed 4 or more years of college.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ As of March 1.
    ${ }^{2}$ Percent increase from 1960 to 1970: Households, 19.1 percent; families, 13.6 percent; and unrelated individuals, 33.7 percent.

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ Tneludes annual net imnigration of 400,000 , not shown separatety.
    ${ }^{2}$ Percent of population at beginning of fisctilyear.
    3Race per 1 , Ooo population at middle of fiscal year.
    ${ }^{4}$ Reported data on the components of change after JuIy 1, 1971, are not available.
    $s_{\text {When this set of population projections was prepared, actual mambers of births and deaths were avallable only through }}$ warch 1971 . Total births for the year 1970-1971 are estimated to be 3,732,000. This number falls between the projection of births for geries $D$ and $J$ for $1970 w 197$. However, a counterbalanctng difference between estimated and projected deaths puts the estimated population at 207,006,000 for July 1, 1971, i.e., between the Series B and $C$ projections. See text of series P-25, No. 470, for additional detail.
    ${ }^{6}$ Data on the components of change aftex July 1, 1990, are not shom.

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes primary families and secondary families (not shown separately).
    ${ }^{2}$ Includes primary individuals and secondary, individuals (not shown separately).

