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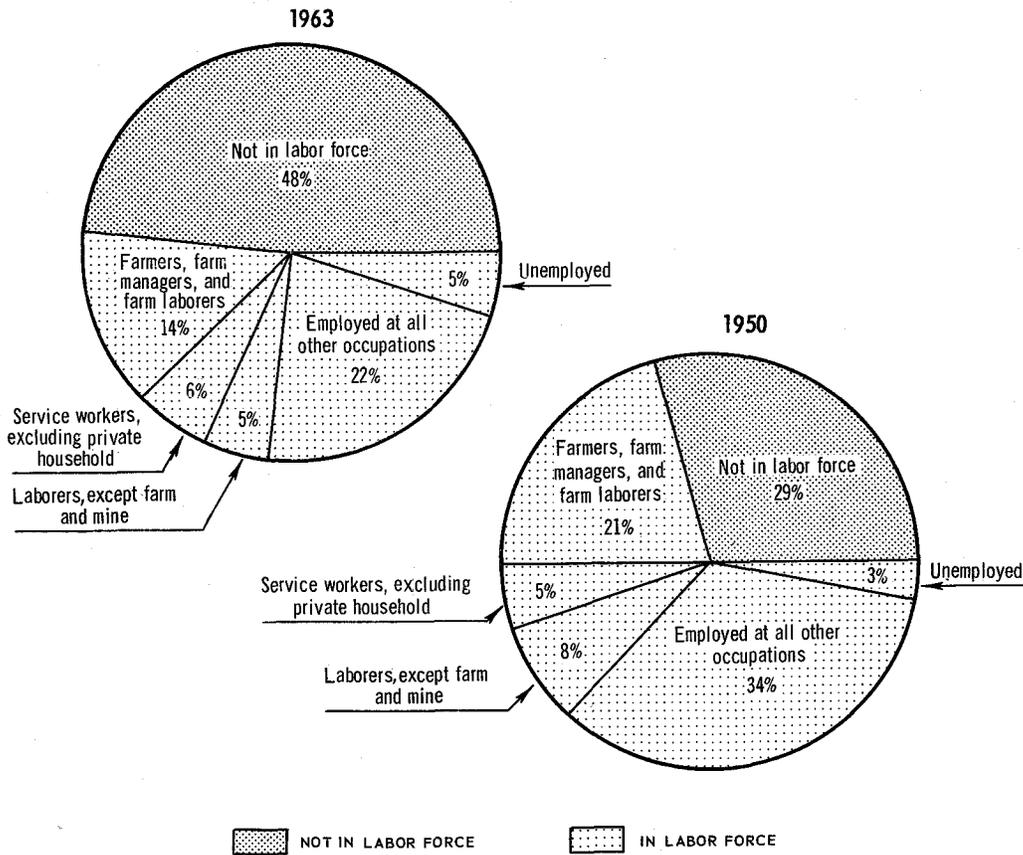
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# Consumer Income

Series P-60, No. 45  
June 18, 1965

## LOW-INCOME FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS IN THE UNITED STATES: 1963

FAMILIES WITH INCOMES IN 1963 AND 1950 BELOW \$3,000 (IN 1963 DOLLARS),  
BY EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION OF HEAD



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## LOW-INCOME FAMILIES AND UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS IN THE UNITED STATES: 1963

(Based on March 1964 survey. Comparable statistics for all families and unrelated individuals appear in Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 43)

Approximately 19 percent of the 47.4 million families in the United States--about one out of every five families--had incomes under \$3,000 in 1963. The median income for all families in 1963 was \$6,200. Forty-four percent of the 11 million unrelated individuals had total money incomes of less than \$1,500 in 1963, whereas 28 percent had an income of less than \$1,000. The median income for all unrelated individuals was \$1,800.

Among those types of families with the highest incidence of low income in 1963 (families with incomes under \$3,000) were the nonwhite family, the family that had a head 65 years of age or older, the family headed by a female, the farm family, the family with no earner, and the family with a head who had completed less than a grade school education. Nearly half of the low-income families lived in the South; half of them had a head who was not in the labor force. Among those with employed heads nearly two-thirds were either semi-skilled workers, service workers, or farmers or farm laborers.

The distribution of the 8.8 million low-income families in 1963 is summarized in table A. Incomes reported by such families were not concentrated just below \$3,000; in fact, one-fifth of the low-income families reported receiving less than \$1,000.

Table A.--LOW-INCOME FAMILIES BY TOTAL MONEY INCOME  
IN 1963, FOR THE UNITED STATES  
(Families as of March 1964)

Total money income	Families
Number.....thousands..	8,833
Percent.....	100.0
Under \$1,000.....	20.3
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	17.2
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	19.6
\$2,000 to \$2,499.....	22.8
\$2,500 to \$2,999.....	20.1

These are some of the highlights from the inquiry on consumer income in 1963 made in March 1964 in connection with the Bureau's Current Population

Survey. Data on consumer income collected by the Bureau of the Census cover money income only, prior to deduction for taxes. The fact that many farm families receive part of their income in the form of rent-free housing and goods produced and consumed on the farm rather than in money should be taken into consideration in comparing the income of farm and nonfarm residents.

It should also be noted that although the income statistics refer to receipts during 1963, the characteristics of the person, such as age, labor force status, etc., and the composition of families refer to March 1964. The income of the family does not include amounts received by persons who were members of the family during all or part of the calendar year 1963 if these persons no longer resided with the family at the time of enumeration. On the other hand, family income includes amounts reported by related persons who did not reside with the family during 1963 but who were members of the family at the time of enumeration.

Since the estimates in this report are based on a sample, they are subject to sampling variability. Particular care should be exercised in the interpretation of figures based on relatively small numbers of cases as well as small differences between figures. Moreover, as in all field surveys of income, the figures are subject to errors of response and nonreporting.

### LOW-INCOME FAMILIES

Although the proportion of low-income families declined from 31 percent to 19 percent between 1947 and 1963, certain groups in the population did not fare as well as the overall group. The nonwhite family, the family with a female head, and the family with an elderly head each constituted a greater proportion of all low-income families in 1963 than in 1947 (table 1).

While the relative number of nonwhite families remained at around 10 percent over the 17 years, the relative number of low-income nonwhite families increased from 18 to 23 percent; or, stated in another way, in 1947 about one in five low-income

families was nonwhite, whereas in 1963 close to one in four low-income families was nonwhite.

Sixteen percent of all low-income families in 1947 had a female head. By 1963, 26 percent of the low-income families were headed by a woman. This increase becomes more significant when measured against the total number of families with a female head, which remained constant at 10 percent from 1947 to 1963.

Since 1947, there has been a slight increase in the proportion of all families whose heads are 65 years of age or over--from 12 percent in 1947 to 14 percent in 1963. At the same time, there has been an increase in the proportion of low-income families with an aged head--from 21 percent to 35 percent.

Farm-nonfarm residence.--There were 3.1 million farm families in the United States in 1963. Two-fifths of these had total money incomes under \$3,000. This was 15 percent of the total number of low-income families, although farm families constituted only 6.5 percent of all families in the United States. The lower income of farm families does not necessarily indicate less economic well-being in the same proportion, because, in addition to money income, many farm families have income "in kind," such as the value of farm products consumed at home and the use of farm dwellings, which is excluded from measurements of money income. Furthermore, the cost of living is generally higher in urban areas, requiring higher income to maintain a similar level of living. In view of this it may be proper to reduce the dollar level which is used to differentiate low-income farm families from other farm families. Thirty-seven percent of all farm families received less than \$2,500 money income and 28 percent received less than \$2,000.

Regional location.--A Southern family's chance of being a low-income family was about double that of a family living in any other region of the country. More than 25 percent of all Southern families had incomes under \$3,000 in 1963. In contrast, 12 percent of all families in the Northeast had incomes below \$3,000, with figures for the North Central Region and the West being slightly higher--16 percent and 14 percent, respectively.

Color of head.--A nonwhite family had a much greater chance of being included in the low-income group than did a white family. More than 40 percent of all nonwhite families had incomes less than \$3,000 in 1963, and as many as 25 percent received less than \$2,000. Comparable figures for

white families were 16 percent under \$3,000 and 9 percent under \$2,000.

A nonwhite family living in the South was more likely to be a low-income family than was a nonwhite family living in any other region. Fifty-eight percent of those living in the South had an income below \$3,000, compared with only 20 percent of those living in the West.

The proportion of low-income families for both the white and nonwhite population varied by residence as well as by region. Nonwhite families living on farms were most likely to have a low income--79 percent receiving less than \$3,000 in 1963. Only 40 percent of all white farm families and 41 percent of nonwhite nonfarm families were in this low-income category.

Table B.--LOW-INCOME FAMILIES WITH SPECIFIED AMOUNTS OF INCOME IN 1963, AS PERCENT OF ALL FAMILIES, BY COLOR OF HEAD, RESIDENCE, AND REGION, FOR THE UNITED STATES

Residence and region, by color of head	Under \$1,000	Under \$1,500	Under \$2,000	Under \$2,500	Under \$3,000
Total.....	3.8	7.0	10.6	14.8	18.5
<b>RESIDENCE</b>					
Nonfarm.....	3.3	6.2	9.5	13.5	17.0
White.....	2.7	5.0	7.8	11.1	14.1
Nonwhite.....	8.6	16.1	23.5	32.9	40.9
Farm.....	11.1	19.2	28.1	36.6	43.4
White.....	10.2	17.0	24.9	32.9	39.6
Nonwhite.....	19.2	39.3	57.5	70.7	78.9
<b>REGIONS</b>					
Northeast.....	2.2	3.9	5.9	9.0	12.0
White.....	2.1	3.7	5.5	8.2	10.8
Nonwhite.....	3.7	6.9	11.2	18.6	25.7
North Central.....	3.0	5.8	8.9	12.9	16.3
White.....	2.8	5.5	8.5	12.2	15.2
Nonwhite.....	6.1	10.7	16.4	25.8	34.9
South.....	6.2	11.7	17.5	23.4	28.3
White.....	4.7	8.7	13.5	18.2	22.3
Nonwhite.....	13.9	27.0	37.8	49.7	58.4
West.....	3.0	4.8	7.8	11.0	14.4
White.....	3.0	4.7	7.5	10.7	14.0
Nonwhite.....	3.1	5.1	11.0	15.0	19.8

Age of head.--Among the social and demographic characteristics examined in this report, the age of the family head was one of those most closely associated with low income. The youngest and the oldest age groups had the largest proportion of low-income families, with low incomes having been found most frequently among families with a head 65 years of age or older. Nearly half of the families with an elderly head had an income of less than \$3,000 in 1963. Almost one-third of all families headed by an individual between the ages of 14 and 24 had an income less than \$3,000.

One explanation for the predominance of low income among families with young or old heads lies

in the labor force status of the heads of these families. Heads 14 to 24 years old, if they are not still in school, are just entering the labor force and have not fully developed their earning capacity. Most of the family heads 65 and over, on the other hand, through voluntary or compulsory retirement, are out of the labor force; their dependency upon the fixed (and reduced) incomes of Social Security or other pensions, and, in many cases, public assistance, is reflected in the abnormally high incidence of low income among elderly families.

Type of family.--A family headed by a woman was three times more likely to be included in the low-income group than was a family headed by a man. In 1963, there were close to 5 million families headed by a female, almost half of which had cash incomes under \$3,000. On the other hand, only 15 percent of families headed by a male were in the low-income category.

Whether the wife was or was not in the paid labor force made a substantial difference in the incidence of low income among husband-wife families. In 1950, about 23 percent of husband-wife families had included a working wife, and 20 percent of families with working wives had incomes of less than \$3,000. By 1963, working wives were found in 32 percent of all husband-wife families, and the incidence of low income among those families had declined to 8 percent (table 2).

An explanation for the high incidence of low income among families headed by females is found in the labor force status of the female heads. Many can accept no work or only part-time employment because of family demands. Many of the positions open to women are in low-paying occupations, and there are often significant differentials in pay rates between men and women doing essentially the same work. Furthermore, many widows who are family heads are simply too old to work and derive all or a large part of their income from Social Security or other insurance payments.

Educational attainment of head.--The relationship between education and low income is striking. Seven million families had heads who had completed fewer than 8 years of school. Of these, 44 percent received total incomes in 1963 of less than \$3,000, and 27 percent received incomes under \$2,000.

Families with heads having more education are less likely to have low incomes, but 5 percent of all families with heads who had completed 4 or more years of college still had total money incomes of less than \$3,000 in 1963. Approximately 50 percent of these families had a head who was 14 to

24 years old or 65 years old or over, ages at which participation in the labor force is minimal. It is likely that many heads of families 14 to 24 were still attending high school or college and many 65 years old and over were living in retirement.

A family faced a double handicap if its head was both elderly and poorly educated. Among families in which the head had less than a grade school education, the proportion with incomes below \$3,000 was substantially higher for those with heads 65 and over (58 percent) than for all families (44 percent).

Table C.--LOW-INCOME FAMILIES WITH SPECIFIED AMOUNTS OF INCOME IN 1963, AS PERCENT OF ALL FAMILIES, BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED AND AGE OF HEAD, FOR THE UNITED STATES

Age and education of head	Under \$1,000	Under \$2,000	Under \$3,000
Total.....	3.8	10.6	18.5
14 to 24 years.....	6.6	17.0	29.9
Elementary: Less than 8 years...	(B)	(B)	(B)
8 years.....	(B)	(B)	(B)
High school: 1 to 3 years.....	10.5	25.3	42.6
4 years.....	3.7	11.1	22.7
College: 1 to 3 years.....	5.0	14.4	22.8
4 years or more.....	2.3	10.4	19.7
25 to 34 years.....	2.9	7.0	12.9
Elementary: Less than 8 years...	7.5	27.9	45.2
8 years.....	5.2	11.2	23.0
High school: 1 to 3 years.....	4.2	10.2	17.8
4 years.....	1.7	4.0	8.8
College: 1 to 3 years.....	3.3	5.3	7.3
4 years or more.....	0.4	1.4	3.5
35 to 44 years.....	2.9	6.2	10.8
Elementary: Less than 8 years...	7.3	18.1	30.2
8 years.....	3.0	9.0	18.5
High school: 1 to 3 years.....	3.6	7.0	11.0
4 years.....	2.0	3.6	6.6
College: 1 to 3 years.....	1.9	3.8	6.3
4 years or more.....	1.5	1.9	2.9
45 to 54 years.....	2.8	6.2	11.9
Elementary: Less than 8 years...	8.9	19.2	33.6
8 years.....	2.8	7.4	15.1
High school: 1 to 3 years.....	1.8	4.6	11.2
4 years.....	1.6	3.2	5.6
College: 1 to 3 years.....	2.0	3.3	5.6
4 years or more.....	0.6	0.6	1.9
55 to 64 years.....	4.5	11.2	18.1
Elementary: Less than 8 years...	9.1	25.6	39.3
8 years.....	5.5	12.2	19.8
High school: 1 to 3 years.....	3.1	6.8	12.2
4 years.....	2.0	4.6	8.6
College: 1 to 3 years.....	0.5	1.7	3.9
4 years or more.....	1.2	2.0	2.6
65 years and over.....	6.0	26.2	45.1
Elementary: Less than 8 years...	8.9	36.3	58.4
8 years.....	5.2	24.7	43.4
High school: 1 to 3 years.....	4.4	20.4	42.0
4 years.....	4.1	17.7	31.7
College: 1 to 3 years.....	4.3	13.7	30.2
4 years or more.....	1.4	10.6	17.4

B Base less than 200,000.

Even among heads with considerable education, there remains a differential between the elderly and the other heads with respect to the proportion with a low family income. Seventeen percent of families with aged heads who completed 4 or more years of college had incomes below \$3,000; of all families with heads having more than 4 years of college, only 5 percent were below \$3,000.

Even when the number of years of school completed is held roughly constant, substantial differences in income between whites and nonwhites persist. Twenty-seven percent of nonwhite families whose head completed 4 years of high school had incomes under \$3,000. Only 9 percent of white family heads with the same education had incomes below \$3,000.

Table D.--LOW-INCOME FAMILIES WITH SPECIFIED AMOUNTS OF INCOME IN 1963, AS PERCENT OF ALL FAMILIES, BY YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED AND COLOR OF HEAD, FOR THE UNITED STATES

Color and education of head	Under \$1,000	Under \$2,000	Under \$3,000
Total.....	3.8	10.6	18.5
White.....	3.2	9.0	15.9
Elementary: Less than 8 years..	7.3	23.7	39.3
8 years.....	4.2	13.1	23.5
High school: 1 to 3 years.....	3.1	7.6	14.5
4 years.....	1.9	4.7	8.9
College: 1 to 3 years.....	2.3	4.9	8.2
4 years or more....	1.0	2.4	4.5
Nonwhite.....	9.2	25.5	43.1
Elementary: Less than 8 years..	13.3	38.7	59.2
8 years.....	8.3	21.4	42.3
High school: 1 to 3 years.....	9.6	25.6	43.0
4 years.....	5.0	12.3	26.6
College: 1 to 3 years.....	6.5	14.7	29.4
4 years or more....	2.2	7.6	10.3

Labor force status and occupation of head.--Of the 37 million families who had employed heads, 11 percent reported incomes of less than \$3,000 during 1963. Approximately 28 percent of the 1.4 million families with unemployed heads had incomes under \$3,000. The greatest incidence of low income was found not among the unemployed, however, but among those families whose heads were not in the civilian labor force, largely the young who are still in school, the retired, and those unable to work because of illness, age, or family responsibilities. Half of the families in this category had an income under \$3,000.

If the family head was in the labor force, his occupation then became an important determinant of his family's total income. No occupational group was free of low-income families, but certain occupations accounted for a disproportionate share of such families.

The greatest incidence of low income was found among families headed by private household workers and farm laborers; 69 percent of the former and 65 percent of the latter families had incomes below \$3,000 in 1963. Forty-eight percent of the families headed by a farmer or farm manager had an income below \$3,000 in 1963.

Families with heads who were professional and technical workers, a group whose median income is fairly high, were not absent from the ranks of the low-income families. About 3 percent of all such families had incomes under \$3,000 in 1963.

The steady decrease in the farm population of the United States since 1947 has been accompanied by a significant decrease in the proportion of families headed by workers in the farm occupations. Since 1950, the proportion of all employed family heads who were farmers or farm laborers was cut in half--from 12 percent to 6 percent. Yet, in 1963, as in 1950, about 30 percent of low-income families with employed heads were headed by farmers or farm laborers (table 1).

Work experience of head.--An important economic factor in determining total family income was whether the family head worked in 1963 and whether he or she worked at a full-time or a part-time job. For some families, even full-time work by the head for 50 to 52 weeks was not sufficient to bring the family income above the \$3,000 level. Seven percent of these still received less than \$3,000 total income in 1963. The income position of families with heads working at part-time jobs was not substantially better than that of families with heads who did not work at all in 1963--54 percent of the latter compared with 49 percent of the former had incomes under \$3,000 in 1963.

Number of earners.--Of all the economic subgroups of families shown in the tables of this report, the one having the greatest incidence of low income was among families without an earner in the preceding year. A number of reasons may be suggested for the absence of an earner. The family member upon whom the family is likely to depend may be too old or too young or may be unable to work because of injury or sickness; the death of the principal earner deprives the family of an earner if the other family members cannot assume this duty; or the reason may be lack of motivation because of heavy unemployment in an area or the lack of certain skills which are necessary for employment.<sup>1</sup> Whatever the reason, families without

<sup>1</sup> W. J. Cohen and E. Sullivan, "Poverty in the United States," Health, Education, and Welfare Indicators, February 1964, p. X.

an earner run a high risk of being low-income families. In 1963, 76 percent of families without any earner had incomes under \$3,000, 51 percent had incomes under \$2,000, and 19 percent, under \$1,000.

Source of income.--Seventy-six percent of all families who had no earnings from employment in 1963, but depended only on other income, received less than \$3,000. This proportion is contrasted with 14 percent both for families who depended entirely on earnings and those who supplemented earnings from employment with income from other sources. Eight percent of all U.S. families depended entirely on income from sources other than earnings, whereas 32 percent of the low-income families were entirely dependent on "other income."

#### UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS WITH LOW INCOME

Low-income unrelated individuals are defined as those whose total money income was under \$1,500 per year. The number of such individuals varied according to certain characteristics, some of which are shown in table 5. These variations are similar, for the most part, to those previously discussed for heads of families.

Half the female unrelated individuals, three-fifths of the elderly individuals, and two-thirds of the unrelated individuals living on farms received less than \$1,500 in 1963.

The white-nonwhite differential was not as great for individuals as it was for families. Half of all nonwhite individuals had incomes below \$1,500, whereas two-fifths of all white individuals were in this category.

Of the unrelated individuals who received no earned income in 1963, three-quarters received less than \$1,500, and half received less than \$1,000.

#### RELATED REPORTS

Similar statistics for all families and unrelated individuals based on the March 1964 survey were presented in Series P-60, No. 43. Statistics on low-income families in 1959, by age, color, and sex of head, for regions and States, are presented in 1960 Census of Population, Supplementary Reports, "Low Income Families: 1960," Series PC(S1)-43.

#### DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

Population coverage.--This report excludes inmates of institutions. It includes only those members of the Armed Forces living off post or with

their families on post; the 1964 survey included about 1,037,000 members, of whom 923,000 were family heads.

Farm-nonfarm residence.--The farm population refers to rural residents living on farms. The method of determining farm-nonfarm residence in the March 1964 survey and in the Current Population Surveys since March 1960 is the same as that used in the 1960 Census but differs from that used in earlier surveys and censuses. Since March 1960 in the Current Population Surveys, farm residence has been determined by the responses to two questions. Owners are asked "Does this place have 10 or more acres?" and renters are asked "Does the place you rent have 10 or more acres?" If the response is "Yes," the respondent is asked "During the past 12 months, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to \$50 or more?" If the acreage response is "No," the inquiry relates to sales of \$250 or more. Rural persons in institutions, motels, and tourist camps, and those living on rented places where no land is used for farming, are not classified as farm population.

The nonfarm population, as the term is used here, comprises persons living in urban areas and rural persons not on farms.

Family.--The term "family," as used in this report, refers to a group of two or more persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption and residing together; all such persons are considered as members of the same family. Thus, if the son of the head of the household and the son's wife are in the household, they are treated as part of the head's family. On the other hand, a lodger and his wife not related to the head of the household or an unrelated servant and his wife are considered as additional families, and not as part of the household head's family.

Unrelated individual.--The term "unrelated individuals," as used in this report, refers to persons (other than inmates of institutions) who are not living with any relatives. An unrelated individual may constitute a one-person household by himself, or he may be part of a household including one or more other families or unrelated individuals, or he may reside in group quarters such as a rooming house. Thus, a widow living by herself or with one or more other persons not related to her, a lodger not related to the head of the household or to anyone else in the household and a servant living in an employer's household with no relatives are examples of unrelated individuals. A head of a household living alone

or with nonrelatives only is a primary individual. An unrelated individual who is not a household head is a secondary individual.

Income--For each person in the sample 14 years old and over, questions were asked on the amount of money income received in 1963 from each of the following sources: (1) Money wages or salary; (2) net income from nonfarm self-employment; (3) net income from farm self-employment; (4) Social Security, veterans' payments, or other government or private pensions; (5) interest (on bonds or savings), dividends, and income from annuities, estates, or trusts; (6) net income from boarders or lodgers, or from renting property to others; (7) all other sources such as unemployment benefits, public assistance, alimony, etc.

The amounts received represent income before deductions for personal taxes, Social Security, bonds, etc.

Money wages or salary--This is defined as the total money earnings received for work performed as an employee during the calendar year 1963. It includes wages, salary, Armed Forces pay, commissions, tips, piece-rate payments, and cash bonuses earned, before deductions were made for taxes, bonds, pensions, union dues, etc.

Net income from nonfarm self-employment--This is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus expenses) from his own business, professional enterprise, or partnership. Gross receipts include the value of all goods sold and services rendered. Expenses include costs of goods purchased, rent, heat, light, power, depreciation charges, wages and salaries paid, business taxes (not personal income taxes), etc.

Net income from farm self-employment--This is defined as net money income (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from the operation of a farm by a person on his own account, as an owner, renter, or sharecropper. Gross receipts include the value of all products sold, government crop loans, money received from the rental of farm equipment to others, and incidental receipts from the sale of wood, sand, gravel, etc. Operating expenses include cost of feed, fertilizer, seed, and other farming supplies, cash wages paid to farmhands, depreciation charges, cash rent, interest on farm mortgages, farm building repairs, farm taxes (not poll taxes or personal income taxes), etc. The value of fuel, food, or other farm products used for family living is not included as part of net income.

Total money earnings--These are defined as the algebraic sum of money wages or salary and net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment.

Income other than earnings--This is defined as the algebraic sum of all sources of money income except wages and salaries and income from self-employment, such as Social Security, veterans' payments, or other government or private pensions; interest, dividends, and income from annuities, estates, or trusts; net income from boarders or lodgers or from renting property to others; and unemployment or sickness benefits, public assistance, alimony, and other kinds of periodic income other than earnings.

Total money income--This is defined as the algebraic sum of money wages and salaries, net income from self-employment, and income other than earnings. The total income of a family is the algebraic sum of the amounts received by all income recipients in the family.

Receipts not counted as income--Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: (1) Money received from the sale of property, such as stocks, bonds, a house, or a car (unless the person was engaged in the business of selling such property, in which case the net proceeds would be counted as income from self-employment); (2) withdrawals of bank deposits; (3) money borrowed; (4) tax refunds; (5) gifts; and (6) lump-sum inheritances or insurance payments.

1963 dollars--The adjustment for price change was made by converting the income distribution for families for each year 1947 through 1962 into 1963 dollars on the basis of the change in the Consumer Price Index. The Consumer Price Index is a measure of changes in prices of the goods and services bought by urban "wage earner and clerical worker families," which represent about two-thirds of all persons living in urban places and about two-fifths of the total U.S. population. The same index was used for all groups of families because separate price indices have not been developed for families in different income class intervals.

Head of family--One person in each family was designated as the head. The head of a family is usually the person regarded as the head by members of the family. Women are not classified as heads if their husbands are resident members of the family at the time of the survey. Married couples related to the head of a family are included in the head's family and are not classified as separate families.

Size of family.--The term "size of family" refers to the number of persons who are living together and who are related to each other by blood, marriage, or adoption.

Number of related children under 18 years of age.--This number refers to all single (never married) persons in the family under 18 years old related to the head of the family by blood, marriage, or adoption.

Number of earners.--This number includes all persons in the family with \$1 or more in wages and salaries, or \$1 or more or a loss in net income from farm or nonfarm self-employment.

Age.--The age classification is based on the age of the person at his last birthday.

Color.--The term "color" refers to the division of the population into two groups, white and nonwhite. The nonwhite group includes Negroes, Indians, Japanese, Chinese, and other nonwhite races.

Years of school completed.--Data on years of school completed in this report were derived from the combination of answers to questions concerning the highest grade of school attended by the person and whether or not that grade was finished. The questions on educational attainment apply only to progress in "regular" schools. Such schools include graded public, private, and parochial elementary and high schools (both junior and senior high), colleges, universities, and professional schools, whether day schools or night schools. Thus, regular schooling is that which may advance a person toward an elementary school certificate or a high school diploma, or a college, university, or professional school degree. Schooling in other than regular schools was counted only if the credits obtained were regarded as transferable to a school in the regular school system.

Employed.--Employed persons comprise those who, during the survey week, were either (1) "at work"--those who did any work for pay or profit, or worked without pay for 15 hours or more on a family farm or business; or (2) "with a job but not at work"--those who did not work and were not looking for work but had a job or business from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, industrial dispute, or bad weather, or because they were taking the week off for various other reasons.

Unemployed.--Unemployed persons include those who did not work at all during the survey week and were looking for work. Also included as unem-

ployed are those who did not work at all during the survey week and (1) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off; or (2) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job scheduled to start within the following 30 days (and were not in school during the survey week); or (3) would have been looking for work except that they were temporarily ill or believed no work was available in their line of work or in the community.

Not in labor force.--All civilians 14 years old and over who are not classified as employed or unemployed are defined as "not in labor force." These persons include those "engaged in own home housework," "in school," "unable to work" because of long-term physical or mental illness, and "other," the latter group including for the most part retired persons, those too old to work, seasonal workers for whom the survey week fell in an "off" season, and the voluntarily idle. Persons doing only incidental unpaid family work (less than 15 hours) are also classified as not in the labor force. In March 1964, persons attending school during the survey week who had new jobs to which they were scheduled to report within 30 days were also included among those not in the labor force.

Occupation.--The data on occupation of employed persons refer to the civilian job held during the survey week. Persons employed at two or more jobs were reported in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours during the week. Persons who were unemployed during the survey week are classified according to their last civilian job.

Two of the major occupation groups are subdivided by class of worker into two groups: Wage or salary workers and self-employed workers. The former refers to persons working for wages, salaries, commissions, tips, pay "in kind," or at piece rates for a private employer, or for any governmental unit. The latter refers to persons working in their own business, profession or trade, for profit or fees. Included in the self-employed groups are unpaid family workers, i.e., persons working without pay in a business operated by a member of the household to whom they are related by blood, marriage, or adoption.

The occupation groupings used here are mainly the major groups used in the 1960 Census of Population. The composition of these groups is shown in Volume I, Characteristics of the Population, Part 1, United States Summary, chapter D. The categories used are either detailed classifications or combinations thereof.

Work experience in 1963.--A person with work experience in 1963 is one who did any civilian work for pay or profit or worked without pay on a family-operated farm or business at any time during the year, on a part-time or full-time basis.

Part-time or full-time jobs.--A person is classified as having worked at part-time jobs during 1963 if he worked at civilian jobs which provided less than 35 hours of work per week in a majority of the weeks in which he worked during the year. He is classified as having worked at full-time jobs if he worked 35 hours or more per week during a majority of the weeks in which he worked.

Nonworker.--A nonworker is one who did not do any civilian work in 1963.

Percentages.--Percentages are shown as calculated; therefore, they do not always add up to exactly 100.0 percent. The totals, however, are always shown as 100.0.

Further definitions.--More extensive definitions of the terms used in this report, explanations of collection and processing procedures, and a statement on sampling variability, may be found in the introduction to Current Population Reports, Series P-60, No. 43, "Income of Families and Persons in the United States: 1963."

Table 1.--FAMILIES WITH INCOMES IN 1947, 1950, AND 1952 TO 1963 UNDER \$3,000 (IN 1963 DOLLARS), BY SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Families as of the following year. This report excludes inmates of institutions. It includes only those members of the Armed Forces living off post or with their families on post; the 1964 survey included about 1,037,000 members)

Subject	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959	1958	1957	1956	1955	1954	1953	1952	1950	1947
Number.....thousands..	8,833	9,147	9,623	9,444	9,558	9,941	9,760	9,667	10,447	11,324	10,497	11,197	12,357	11,701
REGIONS														
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Northeast.....	16.2	16.1	17.5	16.8	17.9	17.3	17.3	17.0	17.2	17.8	16.9	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
North Central.....	24.5	24.3	26.1	26.2	25.2	25.3	25.3	24.0	26.3	25.9	24.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
South.....	46.7	47.5	44.7	46.0	46.0	45.9	46.8	48.2	45.0	43.4	46.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
West.....	12.7	12.2	11.7	11.0	10.8	11.4	10.7	10.8	11.5	12.9	11.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
COLOR														
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
White.....	76.6	78.2	78.6	78.8	78.4	79.0	78.9	79.0	80.4	82.0	81.6	78.0	83.0	81.6
Nonwhite.....	23.4	21.8	21.4	21.2	21.6	21.0	21.1	21.0	19.6	18.0	18.4	22.0	17.0	18.4
AGE OF HEAD														
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
14 to 24 years.....	9.4	8.4	8.0	8.0	7.7	8.0	6.4	6.3	6.9	6.9	6.6	7.4	6.9	7.0
25 to 34 years.....	13.4	13.4	13.9	13.8	14.5	15.1	13.6	15.2	16.4	17.0	16.2	16.7	19.1	21.0
35 to 44 years.....	13.9	14.7	14.7	14.2	14.8	15.0	14.7	15.2	15.4	17.7	17.7	17.0	18.0	19.0
45 to 54 years.....	13.3	14.1	14.1	16.0	16.0	17.1	17.6	17.2	16.3	14.9	14.6	16.1	17.0	16.5
55 to 64 years.....	15.2	14.9	15.8	16.7	15.3	14.4	16.4	16.4	16.2	16.5	16.6	16.8	16.8	15.8
65 years and over.....	34.8	34.4	33.5	31.3	31.7	30.3	31.2	29.7	28.9	27.0	28.3	26.0	22.2	20.7
TYPE OF FAMILY														
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male head.....	74.0	75.1	76.7	76.4	76.7	78.2	79.1	78.9	78.7	79.7	80.7	80.9	81.1	84.1
Married, wife present.....	70.7	71.5	73.0	72.9	73.2	73.9	75.5	75.4	75.0	76.4	77.3	77.2	77.7	80.3
Wife in paid labor force.....	12.2	12.4	12.8	13.1	12.2	13.0	12.7	12.3	11.4	10.8	10.7	15.0	12.9	(NA)
Wife not in paid labor force.....	58.5	59.1	60.2	59.8	61.0	60.9	62.9	63.1	63.6	65.6	66.6	62.2	64.8	(NA)
Other marital status.....	3.3	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.5	4.3	3.6	3.5	3.7	3.3	3.4	3.7	3.4	3.7
Female head.....	26.0	24.9	23.3	23.6	23.3	21.8	20.9	21.1	21.2	20.3	19.3	19.1	18.9	15.9
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION GROUP OF HEAD														
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(NA)
Employed.....	46.6	48.6	49.8	51.9	50.1	53.3	53.3	57.1	59.4	59.1	61.2	64.2	68.1	(NA)
Unemployed.....	4.5	6.2	5.7	6.8	5.8	6.4	7.1	4.3	4.6	4.6	5.1	3.8	2.6	(NA)
Not in labor force.....	48.9	45.2	44.6	41.3	44.0	40.3	39.6	38.6	36.0	36.3	33.7	35.8	29.3	(NA)
Employed.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(NA)
Professional, technical, & kind. wkrs.	3.5	2.6	3.3	3.1	2.8	2.3	3.0	2.4	2.1	2.1	1.9	2.3	2.2	(NA)
Self-employed.....	0.8	0.5	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.3	(NA)
Salaryed.....	2.7	2.1	2.3	2.1	2.1	1.8	2.3	1.9	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.8	(NA)
Farmers and farm managers.....	21.2	20.2	22.8	25.4	27.3	26.8	29.5	30.5	31.4	31.3	34.1	25.1	24.4	(NA)
Mgrs., off'ls, & propr's, exc. farm...	8.5	9.2	11.3	10.0	8.0	7.9	8.6	8.7	8.4	9.1	7.5	7.5	8.7	(NA)
Self-employed.....	6.9	7.8	9.6	8.9	6.2	6.2	7.0	7.1	7.2	8.0	6.1	6.4	7.1	(NA)
Salaryed.....	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.1	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.2	1.0	1.4	1.1	1.5	(NA)
Clerical and kindred workers.....	3.5	4.0	3.4	3.9	3.0	2.8	3.4	3.0	3.3	3.3	2.5	2.9	3.3	(NA)
Sales workers.....	2.6	4.2	3.8	3.2	2.9	3.0	2.7	2.3	2.6	3.3	3.3	2.5	2.9	(NA)
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred wkrs.	8.4	7.2	8.2	9.0	8.6	8.4	9.8	8.8	6.8	9.3	8.0	11.4	12.3	(NA)
Operatives and kindred workers.....	17.1	17.6	15.8	14.4	17.0	16.7	14.9	15.6	16.7	15.7	15.1	17.2	18.2	(NA)
Private household workers.....	4.6	5.6	4.5	4.4	3.4	3.6	3.7	3.5	3.2	3.1	2.7	2.5	2.3	(NA)
Service workers, exc. private hshld.	11.7	13.1	11.2	9.8	12.0	9.8	8.8	8.0	7.2	8.1	9.2	9.4	7.8	(NA)
Farm laborers and foremen.....	7.8	6.7	6.4	7.2	6.1	6.7	5.7	5.9	6.3	4.5	4.6	6.5	5.8	(NA)
Laborers, exc. farm and mine.....	11.1	9.6	9.3	9.5	9.1	12.1	9.8	11.1	11.9	10.1	11.1	12.6	12.1	(NA)
NUMBER OF EARNERS														
Percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No earners.....	31.6	30.8	29.3	27.1	27.6	25.6	23.4	22.9	21.2	22.6	21.9	19.9	17.8	16.0
1 earner.....	44.5	45.9	46.8	46.6	47.1	48.6	51.0	52.6	55.7	53.5	55.7	56.6	56.6	64.9
2 earners.....	20.2	18.8	20.1	21.0	20.0	20.3	20.2	21.1	21.4	18.8	20.5	20.4	21.3	16.4
3 earners or more.....	3.7	4.5	3.8	5.2	5.2	5.5	5.5	4.9	4.8	2.9	4.1	4.0	4.3	2.7

NA Not available.

<sup>1</sup> Includes members of the Armed Forces.

Table 2.--ALL FAMILIES AND THOSE WITH INCOMES UNDER \$3,000 (IN 1963 DOLLARS), BY SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FOR SELECTED YEARS, 1947 TO 1963

(Numbers in thousands. Families as of the following year)

Subject	1963			1962			1960			1956			1950			1947		
	All fami- lies	With incomes under \$3,000		All fami- lies	With incomes under \$3,000		All fami- lies	With incomes under \$3,000		All fami- lies	With incomes under \$3,000		All fami- lies	With incomes under \$3,000		All fami- lies	With incomes under \$3,000	
		Number	Percent of all fami- lies															
Total.....	47,436	8,833	18.5	46,998	9,147	19.5	45,435	9,444	20.8	43,445	9,667	22.3	39,929	12,357	30.9	37,237	11,701	31.4
RESIDENCE																		
Nonfarm.....	44,343	7,498	17.0	43,792	7,779	17.8	41,945	7,659	18.3	38,537	6,963	18.1	34,184	9,138	26.7	30,759	8,193	26.6
Farm.....	3,093	1,335	43.4	3,206	1,368	42.7	3,490	1,785	51.1	4,908	2,704	55.1	5,638	3,219	57.1	6,520	3,508	53.8
COLOR OF HEAD																		
White.....	42,663	6,776	15.9	42,437	7,141	16.8	41,104	7,499	18.2	39,451	7,646	19.4	36,522	10,357	28.4	34,158	9,688	28.4
Nonwhite.....	4,773	2,057	43.1	4,561	2,006	44.0	4,331	1,945	44.9	3,994	2,021	50.6	3,300	2,000	60.6	3,121	2,013	64.5
AGE OF HEAD																		
14 to 24 years.....	2,744	822	29.9	2,549	765	30.0	2,322	706	30.4	2,144	585	27.3	1,852	780	42.1	1,828	812	44.4
25 to 34 years.....	9,128	1,182	12.9	9,116	1,185	13.0	9,057	1,295	14.3	9,175	1,395	15.2	9,002	2,196	24.4	8,138	2,399	29.5
35 to 44 years.....	11,437	1,242	10.8	11,383	1,366	12.0	10,852	1,245	11.5	10,470	1,497	14.3	9,514	2,280	24.0	8,864	2,108	23.8
45 to 54 years.....	9,986	1,194	11.9	9,895	1,286	13.0	9,806	1,500	15.3	9,139	1,608	17.6	8,322	2,205	26.5	7,965	2,008	25.2
55 to 64 years.....	7,382	1,341	18.1	7,291	1,404	19.3	7,198	1,598	22.2	6,776	1,592	23.5	6,334	2,109	33.3	6,117	1,902	31.1
65 years and over.....	6,759	3,052	45.1	6,764	3,141	46.4	6,200	3,100	50.0	5,741	2,990	52.1	4,798	2,787	58.1	4,369	2,472	56.6
TYPE OF FAMILY																		
Husband-wife.....	41,311	6,248	15.1	40,923	6,584	16.1	39,624	6,815	17.2	37,849	7,205	19.0	34,556	9,525	27.6	32,288	9,363	29.0
Wife in paid labor force.....	13,398	1,098	8.2	13,028	1,173	9.0	12,007	1,201	10.0	10,266	1,098	10.7	7,880	1,599	20.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Wife not in paid labor force.....	27,913	5,150	18.5	27,895	5,411	19.4	27,617	5,614	20.3	27,583	6,107	22.1	26,676	7,926	29.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Other male head.....	1,243	286	23.0	1,334	334	25.0	1,202	324	27.0	1,230	364	29.6	1,226	408	33.3	1,234	411	33.3
Female head.....	4,882	2,299	47.1	4,741	2,229	47.0	4,609	2,305	50.0	4,366	2,098	48.1	4,040	2,424	60.0	3,757	1,927	51.3
SIZE OF FAMILY																		
2 persons.....	15,287	4,628	30.2	15,031	4,771	31.7	14,860	5,120	34.5	14,239	4,795	33.7	13,084	5,452	41.7	11,679	4,971	42.6
3 persons.....	9,808	1,530	15.6	9,777	1,545	15.8	9,505	1,502	15.8	9,527	1,895	19.9	9,984	2,684	26.9	9,596	2,804	29.3
4 persons.....	9,435	953	10.1	9,368	1,011	10.8	9,288	1,003	10.8	8,997	1,286	14.3	8,228	1,802	21.9	7,393	1,795	24.3
5 persons.....	6,269	708	11.3	6,143	721	11.7	5,922	705	11.9	5,387	690	12.8	4,434	1,108	25.0	4,157	909	21.9
6 persons.....	3,324	408	12.3	3,416	446	13.1	3,005	400	13.3	2,778	397	14.3	2,136	611	28.6	2,162	514	23.8
7 persons or more.....	3,313	606	18.3	3,263	653	20.0	2,855	714	25.0	2,517	604	24.0	1,956	700	35.8	2,332	708	30.4
NUMBER OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS																		
No children.....	19,119	4,727	24.7	18,824	4,736	25.2	18,333	5,038	27.5	17,784	4,964	27.9	16,968	5,865	34.6	16,237	5,598	34.5
1 child.....	8,682	1,354	15.6	8,697	1,488	17.1	8,809	1,401	15.9	8,647	1,712	19.8	9,298	2,594	27.9	8,920	2,698	30.2
2 children.....	8,579	952	11.1	8,547	1,099	12.9	8,405	1,101	13.1	8,242	1,104	13.4	7,208	1,802	25.0	6,416	1,707	26.6
3 children.....	5,554	761	13.7	5,468	722	13.2	5,159	794	15.4	4,690	797	17.0	3,528	1,009	28.6	3,014	702	23.3
4 children.....	2,863	421	14.7	2,886	462	16.0	2,514	402	16.0	2,249	511	22.7	1,532	510	33.3	1,210	359	29.7
5 children.....	1,429	259	18.1	1,343	295	22.0	1,081	295	27.3	952	286	30.0	650	278	42.8	2,693	996	37.0
6 children or more.....	1,210	359	29.7	1,233	345	28.0	1,134	413	36.4	881	293	33.3	638	299	46.9			

NA Not available.

<sup>1</sup> The minor differences between the total of all families and the sum of the component categories are the result of revisions made in the total but not carried through to the detailed figures.

Table 2.--ALL FAMILIES AND THOSE WITH INCOMES UNDER \$3,000 (IN 1963 DOLLARS), BY SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS, FOR THE UNITED STATES, FOR SELECTED YEARS, 1947 TO 1963--Con.

(Numbers in thousands. Families as of the following year)

Subject	1963			1962			1960			1956			1950			1947		
	All fami- lies	With incomes under \$3,000		All fami- lies	With incomes under \$3,000		All fami- lies	With incomes under \$3,000		All fami- lies	With incomes under \$3,000		All fami- lies	With incomes under \$3,000		All fami- lies	With incomes under \$3,000	
		Number	Percent of all fami- lies															
<b>EDUCATION OF HEAD</b>																		
Elementary: Less than 8 years.....	7,111	3,127	43.9	17,688	13,500	45.5	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	9,600	4,179	43.5	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
8 years.....	8,411	2,116	25.1	18,591	12,397	27.9	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	7,972	2,191	27.5	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
High school: 1 to 3 years.....	8,787	1,576	17.9	18,575	11,508	17.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	8,185	1,497	18.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
4 years.....	13,386	1,352	10.1	12,184	11,499	12.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	10,474	1,209	11.5	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
College: 1 to 3 years.....	4,455	414	9.3	14,305	1,499	11.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	3,289	393	11.9	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
4 years or more.....	5,286	248	4.7	14,998	1,220	4.4	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	3,925	198	5.0	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
<b>EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION OF HEAD</b>																		
Not in labor force <sup>2</sup> .....	8,757	4,268	48.8	8,352	4,076	48.8	7,667	3,879	50.6	6,687	3,591	53.7	5,970	3,683	61.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Unemployed.....	1,427	398	27.9	1,713	605	35.3	2,283	639	28.0	1,094	398	36.4	568	300	52.8	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Employed.....	37,252	4,167	11.2	36,933	4,466	12.1	35,485	4,926	13.9	35,664	5,678	15.9	33,284	8,374	25.2	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Professional, techn'l, & kind. wkrs..	4,688	150	3.2	4,538	118	2.6	4,351	149	3.4	3,533	141	4.0	2,502	195	7.8	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Self-employed.....	666	31	4.6	625	20	3.2	666	49	7.4	562	46	8.2	531	37	7.0	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Salaried.....	4,022	119	2.8	3,913	98	2.5	3,685	100	2.7	2,971	95	3.2	1,971	158	8.0	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Farmers and farm managers.....	1,846	885	47.7	2,026	912	45.0	1,212	52.2	2,746	1,628	59.3	3,451	2,029	58.8	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Mgrs., off'ls, & propr's, exc. farm.	5,980	353	5.9	5,807	401	6.9	5,662	532	9.4	5,264	595	11.3	4,735	804	17.0	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Self-employed.....	2,505	290	11.4	2,511	301	12.0	2,765	489	17.7	2,774	494	17.8	2,754	650	23.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Salaried.....	3,475	63	1.8	3,296	99	3.0	2,897	43	1.5	2,490	100	4.0	1,981	154	7.8	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Clerical and kindred workers.....	2,881	147	5.1	2,773	197	7.1	2,761	204	7.4	2,562	197	7.7	2,139	306	14.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Sales workers.....	1,984	107	5.4	2,041	204	10.0	2,095	199	9.5	1,960	104	5.3	1,722	303	17.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Craftsmen, foremen, & kindred wkrs..	7,102	361	5.0	7,192	386	5.4	6,863	419	6.1	7,251	500	6.9	6,812	1,001	14.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Operatives and kindred workers.....	7,430	711	9.5	7,124	705	9.9	6,477	702	10.8	7,174	895	12.5	6,872	1,487	21.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Private household workers.....	285	197	69.0	337	246	73.0	287	218	76.0	278	194	69.8	256	200	78.1	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Service workers, exc. private hshld.	2,712	483	17.8	2,701	588	21.8	2,286	496	21.7	2,163	411	19.0	1,911	604	31.6	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Farm laborers and foremen.....	494	320	64.8	523	288	55.1	590	330	55.9	490	300	61.2	613	459	74.9	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Laborers, exc. farm and mine.....	1,850	453	24.4	1,871	421	22.5	1,791	465	26.0	2,243	713	31.8	2,271	986	43.4	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
<b>NUMBER OF EARNERS</b>																		
No earners.....	3,687	2,791	75.7	3,761	2,832	75.3	3,306	2,704	81.8	2,614	2,211	84.6	2,619	2,315	88.4	2,236	1,829	81.8
1 earner.....	20,838	3,917	18.8	21,094	4,209	20.0	21,077	4,441	21.1	21,091	4,874	23.1	21,645	6,854	31.7	21,889	7,562	34.5
2 earners.....	17,308	1,800	10.4	17,001	1,700	10.0	16,224	1,898	11.7	15,384	2,077	13.5	12,122	2,683	22.1	9,855	2,010	20.4
3 earners or more.....	5,603	325	5.8	5,142	406	7.9	4,828	401	8.3	4,356	505	11.6	3,436	505	14.7	3,300	300	9.1
<b>WORK EXPERIENCE OF HEAD<sup>3</sup></b>																		
Worked.....	39,933	5,051	12.6	39,690	5,398	13.6	38,820	5,668	14.6	37,667	6,392	17.0	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Worked at full-time jobs.....	37,163	3,699	10.0	36,763	4,031	11.0	35,912	4,165	11.6	35,295	5,009	14.2	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
50 to 52 weeks.....	30,027	2,072	6.9	29,232	2,572	8.8	28,033	2,523	9.0	28,232	3,444	12.2	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Worked at part-time jobs.....	2,770	1,353	48.9	2,927	1,367	46.7	2,908	1,503	51.7	2,372	1,383	58.3	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Did not work.....	6,580	3,566	54.2	6,368	3,528	55.4	5,607	3,291	58.7	4,996	3,132	62.7	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)

NA Not available.

<sup>1</sup> 1961 income data.

<sup>2</sup> Includes members of the Armed Forces.

<sup>3</sup> Excludes members of the Armed Forces.

Table 3.--SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS OF ALL FAMILIES AND THOSE WITH INCOMES UNDER \$3,000 IN 1963, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Families as of March 1964)

12

Subject	All families (thousands)	Percent with incomes--					Percent distribution					
		Under \$1,000	Under \$1,500	Under \$2,000	Under \$2,500	Under \$3,000	All families	Families with incomes--				
								Under \$1,000	Under \$1,500	Under \$2,000	Under \$2,500	Under \$3,000
Total.....	47,436	3.8	7.0	10.6	14.8	18.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
RESIDENCE												
Nonfarm.....	44,343	3.3	6.2	9.5	13.5	17.0	93.5	80.9	82.1	82.8	84.0	84.8
Farm.....	3,093	11.1	19.2	28.1	36.6	43.4	6.5	19.1	17.9	17.2	16.0	15.2
REGIONS												
Northeast.....	(NA)	2.2	3.9	5.9	9.0	12.0	25.1	14.8	14.2	14.1	15.2	16.2
North Central.....	(NA)	3.0	5.8	8.9	12.9	16.3	28.2	21.8	23.0	23.4	24.3	24.5
South.....	(NA)	6.2	11.7	17.5	23.4	28.3	30.3	50.5	51.6	50.5	48.3	46.7
West.....	(NA)	3.0	4.8	7.8	11.0	14.4	16.4	13.1	11.2	12.0	12.1	12.7
COLOR OF HEAD												
White.....	42,663	3.2	5.8	9.0	12.6	15.9	89.9	75.3	74.6	75.7	76.1	76.6
Nonwhite.....	4,773	9.2	17.5	25.5	35.1	43.1	10.1	24.7	25.4	24.3	23.9	23.4
AGE OF HEAD												
14 to 24 years.....	2,744	6.6	11.5	17.0	24.4	29.9	5.8	10.3	9.7	9.4	9.6	9.4
25 to 34 years.....	9,128	2.9	4.9	7.0	10.0	12.9	19.2	14.4	13.4	12.6	13.0	13.4
35 to 44 years.....	11,437	2.9	4.3	6.2	8.5	10.8	24.1	18.4	14.9	14.0	13.7	13.9
45 to 54 years.....	9,986	2.8	4.4	6.2	9.1	11.9	21.1	15.4	13.2	12.1	12.7	13.3
55 to 64 years.....	7,382	4.5	7.9	11.2	15.1	18.1	15.6	18.7	17.7	16.5	15.9	15.5
65 years and over.....	6,759	6.0	15.2	26.2	36.5	45.1	14.2	22.8	31.2	35.3	35.2	34.8
TYPE OF FAMILY												
Male head.....	42,554	2.4	5.0	8.2	11.9	15.3	89.6	58.4	65.7	69.9	72.0	74.1
Married, wife present.....	41,311	2.4	5.0	8.1	11.7	15.1	87.0	54.8	62.1	66.3	68.5	70.8
Wife in paid labor force.....	13,398	1.1	2.3	3.8	5.9	8.2	28.2	8.3	9.2	9.9	11.0	12.2
Wife not in paid labor force.....	27,913	3.0	6.3	10.2	14.5	18.5	58.8	46.5	52.9	56.4	57.5	58.6
Other marital status.....	1,243	5.0	9.3	14.1	19.5	23.0	2.6	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.5	3.3
Female head.....	4,882	15.3	23.4	31.2	40.6	47.1	10.3	41.7	34.5	30.1	28.0	26.0
SIZE OF FAMILY												
2 persons.....	15,287	6.0	12.0	18.3	24.8	30.2	32.2	51.4	55.5	55.8	54.1	52.6
3 persons.....	9,808	3.2	5.5	8.7	12.3	15.6	20.7	17.2	16.1	16.7	16.9	17.2
4 persons.....	9,435	2.1	3.4	5.1	7.8	10.1	19.9	10.6	9.5	9.3	10.3	10.6
5 persons.....	6,269	2.6	4.1	6.1	8.7	11.3	13.2	9.1	7.8	7.6	7.7	8.0
6 persons.....	3,324	2.6	4.5	6.4	9.4	12.3	7.0	4.9	4.5	4.2	4.5	4.7
7 persons or more.....	3,313	3.7	6.6	9.7	13.8	18.3	7.0	6.9	6.6	6.3	6.4	6.8
NUMBER OF RELATED CHILDREN UNDER 18 YEARS												
No children.....	19,119	4.1	9.0	14.3	19.8	24.7	40.3	43.7	51.7	54.1	53.6	53.3
1 child.....	8,682	4.1	6.2	8.9	12.7	15.6	18.3	20.3	16.6	15.6	15.8	15.5
2 children.....	8,579	2.3	3.8	5.9	8.6	11.1	18.1	11.1	9.8	10.0	10.4	10.7
3 children.....	5,554	3.6	5.7	7.8	11.0	13.7	11.7	11.1	9.6	8.6	8.7	8.6
4 children.....	2,863	3.3	5.3	7.2	11.0	14.7	6.0	5.4	4.7	4.2	4.6	4.9
5 children.....	1,429	4.6	7.3	10.8	13.6	18.1	3.0	3.7	3.2	3.1	2.8	2.9
6 children or more.....	1,210	7.3	12.0	18.0	24.4	29.7	2.6	4.9	4.4	4.3	4.2	4.0
EDUCATION OF HEAD												
Elementary: Less than 8 years.....	7,111	8.6	(NA)	27.1	(NA)	43.9	15.0	34.4	(NA)	38.5	(NA)	35.6
8 years.....	8,411	4.6	(NA)	13.9	(NA)	25.1	17.7	21.2	(NA)	22.8	(NA)	23.5
High school: 1 to 3 years.....	8,787	3.9	(NA)	9.8	(NA)	17.9	18.5	19.3	(NA)	17.3	(NA)	18.1
4 years.....	13,386	2.1	(NA)	5.2	(NA)	10.1	28.2	15.8	(NA)	13.9	(NA)	15.3
College: 1 to 3 years.....	4,455	2.5	(NA)	5.4	(NA)	9.3	9.4	6.3	(NA)	4.8	(NA)	4.7
4 years or more.....	5,286	1.0	(NA)	2.6	(NA)	4.7	11.1	3.0	(NA)	2.7	(NA)	2.8

NA Not available.

Table 4.—ECONOMIC CHARACTERISTICS OF ALL FAMILIES AND THOSE WITH INCOMES UNDER \$3,000 IN 1963, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Families as of March 1964)

Subject	All families (thousands)	Percent with incomes--					Percent distribution					
		Under \$1,000	Under \$1,500	Under \$2,000	Under \$2,500	Under \$3,000	All families	Families with incomes--				
								Under \$1,000	Under \$1,500	Under \$2,000	Under \$2,500	Under \$3,000
Total.....	47,436	3.8	7.0	10.6	14.8	18.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
EMPLOYMENT STATUS AND OCCUPATION OF HEAD												
Employed.....	37,252	2.2	3.8	5.9	8.5	11.2	78.5	45.0	42.4	43.0	44.3	46.6
Unemployed.....	1,427	5.6	10.0	15.2	23.1	27.9	3.0	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.7	4.5
Not in labor force <sup>1</sup> .....	8,757	10.2	19.9	30.0	40.7	48.8	18.5	50.6	53.3	52.7	51.0	48.9
Employed.....	37,252	2.2	3.8	5.9	8.5	11.2	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Professional, technical, and kindred workers.....	4,688	0.5	0.9	1.6	2.5	3.2	12.6	2.6	2.8	3.3	3.5	3.5
Self-employed.....	666	0.4	0.8	2.5	4.2	4.6	1.8	0.3	0.4	0.8	0.9	0.8
Salaried.....	4,022	0.5	0.9	1.4	2.1	2.8	10.8	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7
Farmers and farm managers.....	1,846	15.0	23.9	33.5	41.9	47.7	5.0	34.2	31.2	28.2	24.6	21.2
Managers, officials, and proprietors, exc. farm.....	5,980	1.7	2.3	3.2	4.3	5.9	16.0	12.4	9.5	8.6	8.1	8.5
Self-employed.....	2,505	3.5	4.7	6.6	8.5	11.4	6.7	11.1	8.5	7.7	6.8	6.9
Salaried.....	3,475	0.3	0.4	0.5	1.1	1.8	9.3	1.3	1.0	0.9	1.3	1.6
Clerical and kindred workers.....	2,881	0.7	1.2	2.4	3.6	5.1	7.7	2.6	2.5	3.1	3.2	3.5
Sales workers.....	1,984	0.9	1.5	2.4	3.5	5.4	5.3	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.6
Craftsmen, foremen, and kindred workers.....	7,102	0.6	1.1	2.0	3.3	5.0	19.1	5.1	5.2	6.2	7.1	8.4
Operatives and kindred workers.....	7,430	1.0	2.1	3.8	6.4	9.5	19.9	8.9	10.9	12.8	15.2	17.1
Private household workers.....	285	19.7	36.4	49.3	61.3	69.0	0.8	6.8	7.2	6.3	5.4	4.7
Service workers, exc. private household.....	2,712	3.6	5.1	7.9	12.8	17.8	7.3	11.9	9.8	9.8	11.1	11.7
Farm laborers and foremen.....	494	10.9	24.9	42.1	53.0	64.8	1.3	6.8	8.8	9.6	8.4	7.8
Laborers, exc. farm and mine.....	1,850	2.8	7.6	11.6	18.6	24.4	5.0	6.6	10.1	10.0	11.1	11.1
NUMBER OF EARNERS												
No earners.....	3,687	18.6	33.9	50.9	65.8	75.7	7.8	38.3	37.8	37.2	34.4	31.6
1 earner.....	20,838	3.8	6.8	10.2	14.7	18.8	43.9	44.2	42.8	42.4	43.6	44.5
2 earners.....	17,308	1.6	3.3	5.2	7.7	10.4	36.5	15.1	16.8	17.4	18.7	20.2
3 earners or more.....	5,603	0.8	1.6	2.8	4.3	5.8	11.8	2.4	2.6	3.0	3.4	3.7
SOURCE OF INCOME												
Earnings only.....	20,830	3.3	5.4	7.6	10.8	14.1	43.9	38.2	33.7	31.2	31.8	33.2
Earnings and income other than earnings.....	22,919	1.8	4.1	6.9	10.4	13.5	48.3	23.5	28.5	31.5	33.9	35.2
Other income only or no income.....	3,687	18.6	33.9	50.9	65.8	75.7	7.8	38.3	37.8	37.2	34.4	31.6
WORK EXPERIENCE OF HEAD <sup>2</sup>												
Worked.....	39,933	2.4	4.4	6.8	9.8	12.6	85.9	56.1	55.1	55.1	56.8	58.5
Worked at full-time jobs.....	37,163	1.8	3.2	5.1	7.6	10.0	79.9	38.1	36.1	37.6	40.3	42.7
50 to 52 weeks.....	30,027	1.2	2.2	3.4	5.1	6.9	64.7	22.0	20.6	21.0	22.7	24.4
Worked at part-time jobs.....	2,770	11.0	21.9	31.0	40.7	48.9	6.0	18.0	19.0	17.5	16.5	15.8
Did not work.....	6,500	11.4	21.9	33.6	45.2	54.2	14.1	44.0	44.9	44.9	43.2	41.4

<sup>1</sup> Includes members of the Armed Forces.<sup>2</sup> Excludes members of the Armed Forces.

Table 5.--ALL UNRELATED INDIVIDUALS AND THOSE WITH INCOMES UNDER \$3,000 IN 1963, BY SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS, FOR THE UNITED STATES

(Unrelated individuals as of March 1964)

14

Subject	All unrelated individuals (thousands)	Percent with incomes--					Percent distribution					
		Under \$1,000	Under \$1,500	Under \$2,000	Under \$2,500	Under \$3,000	All unrelated individuals	Unrelated individuals with incomes--				
								Under \$1,000	Under \$1,500	Under \$2,000	Under \$2,500	Under \$3,000
Total.....	11,182	28.2	44.1	53.9	61.1	65.8	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
RESIDENCE												
Nonfarm.....	10,817	27.7	43.4	53.2	60.5	65.3	96.7	94.9	95.1	95.4	95.7	95.8
Farm.....	365	44.4	67.0	76.3	81.5	84.8	3.3	5.1	4.9	4.6	4.3	4.2
REGIONS												
Northeast.....	(NA)	26.1	41.3	50.4	57.8	62.5	28.5	25.9	26.2	26.1	26.4	26.5
North Central.....	(NA)	28.3	46.6	57.1	63.9	67.9	26.4	26.6	28.0	28.1	27.7	27.3
South.....	(NA)	37.6	53.0	62.2	68.8	74.4	25.6	33.7	30.4	29.2	28.5	28.6
West.....	(NA)	19.2	33.4	44.2	52.4	57.0	19.6	13.8	15.3	16.6	17.4	17.5
COLOR												
White.....	9,725	26.2	42.2	52.2	59.4	63.9	87.0	80.9	83.2	84.2	84.5	84.4
Nonwhite.....	1,457	41.1	56.3	65.2	72.5	78.6	13.0	19.1	16.8	15.8	15.5	15.6
AGE												
14 to 24 years.....	1,032	39.5	46.9	52.4	59.4	66.4	9.2	12.4	9.4	8.6	8.6	9.0
25 to 34 years.....	999	16.1	23.9	29.1	31.8	34.9	8.9	5.1	4.8	4.8	4.7	4.7
35 to 44 years.....	982	14.0	22.2	27.3	33.2	38.6	8.8	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.8	5.2
45 to 54 years.....	1,521	20.5	29.4	36.4	43.0	48.3	13.6	10.3	9.4	9.5	9.9	10.3
55 to 64 years.....	2,373	27.0	38.0	45.4	53.0	59.3	21.2	19.9	18.0	17.6	18.1	18.8
65 years and over.....	4,275	35.2	62.0	77.4	86.0	89.3	38.2	47.8	53.8	54.9	53.9	51.9
SEX												
Male.....	4,275	20.1	33.4	42.9	51.2	56.3	38.2	27.5	29.2	30.7	32.4	33.0
Female.....	6,907	33.3	50.8	60.8	67.3	71.8	61.8	72.5	70.8	69.3	67.6	67.0
TYPE OF INDIVIDUAL												
Primary.....	8,718	26.3	43.0	53.3	60.6	65.1	78.0	73.1	76.5	77.6	77.9	77.6
Secondary.....	2,464	35.2	48.2	56.2	62.9	68.5	22.0	26.9	23.5	22.4	22.1	22.4
EARNER STATUS												
Earners.....	6,986	15.9	25.7	34.1	42.1	48.8	62.5	35.2	36.4	39.5	43.1	46.3
Nonearners.....	4,196	48.7	74.7	86.9	92.7	94.1	37.5	64.8	63.6	60.5	56.9	53.7

NA Not available.

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